- 1 [The R.M.C. 803 session was called to order at 0910, 17 April
- 2 2018.1
- **3** MJ [Col RUBIN]: The commission is called to order. All
- 4 parties present when the commission last recessed are again
- 5 present with the exception of Captain Fischer. The accused is
- **6** present.
- 7 Trial Counsel, who is here to represent the
- **8** government?
- 9 TC [CDR SHORT]: Good morning, Your Honor. All those
- 10 present that were here when the commission recessed are
- 11 present. As you recall, we -- three members of our team were
- 12 not present when we recessed, and they are present here today;
- 13 that is Lieutenant Commander David Lincoln, United States
- 14 Navy; and Captains Eric Depue and Johnathan Rudy, United
- 15 States Marine Corps, Your Honor.
- 16 Also present is Sergeant First Class Dale Oe, United
- 17 States Army; and Ms. Lindsey Spitler.
- 18 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you. Trial Counsel, would you just
- 19 please announce where the proceedings are being transmitted to
- **20** by closed-circuit television?
- 21 TC [CDR SHORT]: Yes, sir. These proceedings are being
- 22 transmitted stateside via CCTV to remote viewing sites at Fort
- 23 Meade, Maryland and Fort Devens, Massachusetts, pursuant to

- 1 the commission's order, Appellate Exhibit 005I.
- 2 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you. And who is here to represent
- 3 Mr. Hadi?
- **4** DC [CDR COOPER]: Good morning, Your Honor.
- 5 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Good morning.
- **6** DC [CDR COOPER]: All members of the defense team that
- 7 were present when the commission closed on February 13, 2018
- 8 are again present with the exception, as you noted, of Captain
- 9 Jeffrey Fischer. Mr. Al-Tamir has waived his presence and you
- 10 have granted his absence.
- 11 Also in addition we have a new member of the defense
- 12 team, Major Kenitra Fewell from the United States Air Force,
- 13 Your Honor, and she has the requisite security clearances.
- 14 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you. Captain Fischer requested to
- 15 be absent from this session in AE 115A. That request was
- 16 granted by the commission in AE 115B. Thank you, Commander.
- 17 Major Fewell, good morning. Please step forward and
- 18 for the record please state your full name, your detailing
- 19 information, legal qualifications and status as to oath and
- 20 whether you have acted in any disqualifying manner in this
- **21** case.
- 22 DC [Maj FEWELL]: Good morning, Your Honor.
- 23 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Good morning.

- 1 DC [Maj FEWELL]: I am Major Kenitra Fewell. I have been
- 2 detailed to this military commission by the Chief Defense
- 3 Counsel in accordance with R.M.C. 503. I am qualified under
- 4 R.M.C. 502 and I have previously been sworn in accordance with
- **5** R.C.M. 807 [sic].
- I have not acted in any manner that might tend to
- 7 disqualify me in this proceeding and the document detailing me
- 8 is in Appellate Exhibit 007T.
- **9** MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you, Major. Welcome aboard.
- 10 I will now advise the accused of his right to be
- 11 present and his right to waive his presence.
- 12 Mr. Hadi, good morning, sir. You have the right to
- 13 be present during all sessions of the commission. If you
- 14 request to be absent from any session, your absence must be
- 15 voluntary and of your own free will.
- 16 Your voluntary absence from any session of the
- 17 commission is an unequivocal waiver of your right to be
- 18 present during that session. Your absence from any session
- 19 may negatively affect the presentation of the defense in your
- 20 case. Your failure to meet with and cooperate with your
- 21 defense counsel may also negatively affect the presentation of
- **22** your case.
- Under certain circumstances, your attendance at a

- 1 session can be compelled regardless of your personal desire
- 2 not to be present.
- 3 Regardless of your voluntary waiver to attend a
- 4 particular session of the commission, you have the right at
- 5 any time to decide to attend any subsequent session. For
- 6 example, if you decide not to attend the morning session of
- 7 the commission, but wish to attend the afternoon session, you
- 8 must notify the guard force of your desires.
- **9** Assuming there is enough time to arrange
- 10 transportation, you will then be allowed to attend the
- 11 afternoon session. You will be informed of the time and date
- 12 of each commission session to afford you the opportunity to
- 13 decide whether you wish to attend that session.
- 14 Sir, do you understand the advisement I just
- 15 provided?
- ACC [MR. HADI]: Yes, Your Honor, I understood very well.
- **17** MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you.
- A Rule for Military Commission 802 conference was
- 19 held at 1710 on 16 April 2018 in AV-34. The military judge
- 20 and the parties were present. The accused was not present.
- 21 Counsel and I discussed whether it was preferable to
- 22 conduct half-day sessions or full-day sessions this week. The
- 23 parties and I agreed that that decision could be made as we go

- 1 along. The court is amenable to half-day sessions to
- 2 accommodate the medical needs of the accused, if necessary.
- 3 We discussed the start time and prayer schedule for
- 4 today. I do note the next prayer time today is at 1301. I
- 5 noted we have new defense counsel detailed in this case,
- 6 Major Fewell, who placed her detailing information and legal
- 7 qualifications on the record.
- 8 The parties informed me they were ready to argue
- 9 AE 014C. That motion has been added to the docket.
- 10 The defense noted that Captain Fischer was excused
- 11 for this week's hearing.
- 12 And finally we discussed the order of motions for
- 13 this session.
- 14 Counsel, are there any corrections or additions to
- 15 the commission's recitation of our 802 conference?
- TC [CDR SHORT]: Nothing from the government, Your Honor.
- 17 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: Judge, I would only add that as we
- 18 discussed, we would like to proceed in terms of the schedule
- 19 for today on a kind of see-how-it-goes basis with
- 20 Mr. Al-Tamir. He is -- he is willing to go forward if he is
- 21 up to it beyond the half day we had discussed, but I would
- 22 like to revisit that later.
- 23 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Absolutely. Mr. Thurschwell, Defense, if

- 1 Mr. Hadi needs a 15-minute break to get up and walk around, if
- 2 that will assist, please let me know and discuss that matter
- 3 with the guard force, and I believe it can be accommodated.
- **4** DC [CDR COOPER]: Yes, Your Honor.
- 5 MJ [Col RUBIN]: AE 115 is the docketing order. It lists
- 6 four motions for the commission to hear argument and receive
- 7 evidence on as required. More specifically, AE 111, that is a
- 8 defense motion to abate the proceedings; AE 112, a defense
- 9 motion to compel production of discovery requested in the
- 10 defense's discovery request dated 11 June 2014; AE 113, a
- 11 defense motion to compel extension of the current magnetic
- 12 resonance image contract; AE 114, which is a defense motion to
- 13 compel government adjudication of documents marked "Pending
- 14 Classification Review."
- 15 The commission will also hear argument and receive
- 16 evidence on AE 014C, a defense motion to reconsider
- 17 Protective Order #3.
- 18 Counsel, let's start with AE 111. In AE 111, the
- 19 defense requests the commission abate the proceedings until
- 20 such time as adequate resources are afforded to facilitate the
- 21 competent legal representation of the accused. The government
- 22 opposes the defense motion as set forth in AE 111C. The
- 23 defense replied in AE 111D.

1 Does the defense wish to present oral argument on 2 AE 111? 3 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: We do, Your Honor. 4 Judge Rubin, as you discussed, this request is a 5 request to abate the proceedings until there are adequate 6 resources provided. I want to address the factors in the 7 Cronic case, but there's -- I need to go through some of the 8 history and the current status to explain this, and there is 9 really -- the deep background that everyone needs to 10 understand is that it is in Mr. Al-Tamir's interest to go to 11 trial as soon as feasible, and that is what he wants to do. 12 This request is actually intended to facilitate that endpoint. 13 I want to emphasize that the people who have gotten 14 out of Guantanamo are people who have been convicted, served 15 their time, and/or made a plea deal and served their time. 16 This is not a capital case. So that is our goal, his goal, is 17 to go to trial. But not just any trial; I mean, it has to be 18 a constitutionally fair trial. That's what "as soon as 19 feasible" means. 20 And I need also to emphasize that the current defense 21 team -- and I will come back to the word "current" -- has been 22 working extremely diligently to make that happen, since it 23 took shape in its current form in really October, November --

- 1 November, really, of 2016. And I'll come back to that. So on
- 2 one hand Mr. Al-Tamir -- it's in his interest to go to trial,
- 3 and that is exactly what we are trying to do.
- 4 On the other hand -- this is not a capital case --
- 5 the government's interest is in keeping Mr. Al-Tamir
- 6 imprisoned in Guantanamo Bay for as long as possible. That is
- 7 where he is right now. He is imprisoned in Guantanamo Bay.
- 8 And while there may be other residual interests they have,
- 9 those are de minimis, given that this is not a capital case
- 10 and their interest is not in ending his life, but keeping him
- 11 where he happens to be right now for a little bit longer.
- 12 If it takes a little bit longer to get to trial, the
- 13 government has lost nothing except -- except an opportunity to
- 14 exploit tactically the problems that the defense has had with
- 15 resourcing and other matters that I am going to come back to,
- 16 but that we describe in the motion. And so that's the deep
- 17 background, right, of this.
- And what this request really amounts to is a request
- 19 to abate -- and I'll come back to that, the specific need for
- 20 an abatement now, but also to rescind the litigation order,
- 21 AE 110, either -- and/or amend it to a timeline that actually
- 22 is consistent with the interests that I just described, and
- 23 that above all allowing Mr. Al-Tamir to get the fair trial

- 1 that he is entitled to under the MCA and under the
- 2 Constitution.
- 3 So let me -- let me characterize this current
- 4 situation in this way. There is a short-term crisis in the
- 5 defense right now, and there is a long-term crisis. And the
- 6 short-term crisis, which I'll come to in a second, is what
- 7 really mandates -- it mandates or requires abatement as the
- 8 most practical solution to get past it and be able to move
- 9 forward, and that concerns the security clearance problem.
- 10 The long-term crisis is what really mandates the
- 11 rescission or amendment of AE 110, an adjustment to a timeline
- 12 that allows for the defense that, again, Mr. Al-Tamir is
- 13 entitled to.
- 14 So the short-term crisis. As we explain in our
- 15 motion, as of June of 2018, according to current staffing
- 16 plans and personnel movements and assignments, Mr. Al-Tamir
- 17 will only have two counsel who are cleared to meet with him
- 18 and to review a great deal of the discovery, who have been
- 19 both -- have their full TS//SCI and have been read on. One of
- 20 those two was only detailed and met with him for the first
- 21 time within the past month, and we are delighted that they are
- 22 on the team and they are arguing today, and they are excellent
- 23 lawyers, but they are both 0-4s; Major Miller was an 0-3 when

- 1 she joined the team. And we are losing the two senior people,
- 2 who really are -- and I will come back to this -- who took the
- 3 lead initially when they first joined the team and started
- 4 making the defense actually happen, and who have by far the
- 5 closest relationship with the client, and so on.
- **6** So the situation will be that although we now have --
- 7 and have two cleared -- we will have two cleared counsel. And
- 8 we currently have a civilian counsel who will be -- is on the
- 9 team, has been on the team for a long period of time, but --
- 10 Susan Hensler, but because she doesn't have her clearance yet,
- 11 despite having fulfilled all of the requirements to get one
- 12 by, you know, last August, she can't review much of the
- 13 discovery; she cannot meet with the client; she has not formed
- 14 an attorney-client relationship; and the -- she cannot, as I
- 15 was reminded this morning, I mean she can't work in our
- **16** workspaces here at the ELC unaccompanied.
- So, you know -- and so even in sort of the limited
- 18 support role, even though she is a senior attorney who is
- 19 going to be the person who takes over, she can't -- she can't
- 20 effectively operate as counsel without the clearance.
- You know -- and so all of that -- that goes to the
- 22 fact -- and I will return to this when we talk about the
- 23 resourcing issue generally -- is that it is -- this short-term

- 1 crisis is compounded by the fact that the chief defense
- 2 counsel and the convening authority, who are the individuals
- 3 who are tasked by statute and regulation with determining the
- 4 appropriate staffing for the defense, have determined that
- **5** Mr. Al-Tamir is entitled to three civilian counsel. He will
- 6 have no cleared civilian counsel at the current -- if the
- 7 current situation holds.
- 8 And so although -- and we have one more. We have one
- 9 who has been finally -- after a delayed hiring period has been
- 10 made, given an offer, and we are hoping and hearing rumors
- 11 that he will start within the next couple of months, but
- 12 that's contingent on even getting an interim SECRET clearance.
- You know, at the current rate at which these
- 14 clearances are happening, Mr. Al-Tamir is going to be deprived
- 15 of the resource -- just at the level, and there is more
- 16 resources to talk about -- but at the most important level of
- 17 the counsel who have been determined to be required to
- 18 represent him adequately, he will not have them. He will not
- 19 be able to meet with the ones who are actually arguably the
- 20 people who should be in the lead position, approve them to
- 21 form an attorney-client relationship.
- 22 So that is the short-term crisis we are facing, and
- 23 it has become -- it has been a rolling crisis. We have been

- 1 talking about it. The commission is aware of it and has
- 2 acknowledged that there is an issue that he is -- that you are
- 3 aware of, Judge. It has become a crisis essentially because
- 4 of the scheduling order, because now -- I mean, we have been
- 5 extremely patient, although we have been raising it, but the
- 6 current scheduling order makes this into a significant crisis,
- 7 because he will -- under the litigation order, he will have
- 8 barely -- the client will have barely met his -- you know, his
- 9 lead counsel. And one of them won't even be effectively
- 10 operating, probably, by the time of trial under this schedule.
- 11 And he will have met them hopefully, you know, within a few
- 12 months, at most, of trial.
- So why do we ask for abatement? And it is a very
- 14 practical reason, Judge. I mean, this -- the government
- 15 argues correctly that you cannot order the OCA to issue
- 16 security clearances. You do not have that power; we
- 17 acknowledge that. But you do have the power, as the
- 18 government has acknowledged in other cases, to address the
- 19 effects of things that are out of your control legally, but
- 20 that impact the defense's ability to operate by abating the
- **21** case.
- 22 And as a very practical matter, as a historical
- 23 matter in this case and in other commission cases, nothing has

- 1 focused the OCA's attention on the need for a timely
- 2 adjudication of security clearances like the reality or the
- 3 threat of an abatement. And I will not give you the examples,
- 4 but I think they have been discussed on the record before and
- 5 it's happened in this case I believe at least once, and it has
- 6 happened in many other cases at other times.
- 7 So abatement, frankly, is really requested because we
- 8 anticipate, A, it's needed. I mean, it's not just tactical on
- 9 our side. I mean, this case cannot proceed constitutionally
- 10 and adequately with the level of counsel staffing that
- 11 Mr. Al-Tamir anticipates having in June right now, so it's a
- 12 legitimate request. But also, frankly, we anticipate that an
- 13 abatement order will expedite this short-term crisis so that
- 14 at least Ms. Hensler and Lieutenant Martinez's longstanding
- 15 security clearance applications will be adjudicated and he can
- 16 begin developing the attorney-client relationship he needs
- 17 especially with Ms. Hensler.
- 18 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Mr. Thurschwell, abate until what or when
- **19** physically?
- 20 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: Abate -- I would say abate until
- 21 the lieutenant -- and I want to say -- may pick a reasonable
- 22 and arbitrary number, until counsel whose security clearance,
- 23 security clearance applications have been finalized, the

- 1 application for -- pending for four or more months are
- 2 resolved.
- 3 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Does that include the recently, I'll say,
- 4 hired civilian counsel or an offer has been made?
- 5 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: He has -- he -- I think he would
- 6 not fall within the scope of that time period, but in the next
- 7 couple of months he would. And I would say then at that
- 8 point, you know, this would be something that we could revisit
- 9 depending on the -- on the situation. I mean, this is a
- 10 context that there may be changes and so on.
- 11 But I think -- I think that an order abating on those
- 12 grounds -- and let me just say, Judge, an abatement -- this is
- 13 an abatement of proceedings, further proceedings in the
- 14 session.
- 15 The defense is not going to sit -- I will come back
- 16 to this -- has not been sitting on their hands, and by all
- 17 means we will not be sitting on our hands. In fact, an
- 18 abatement would in many ways give us a chance to catch up on
- 19 stuff that should have happened a long time ago. So this is
- 20 not a request to stop things so we can go on vacation, quite
- 21 the opposite, and I can represent that absolutely clearly.
- 22 Okay. That -- so that is the abatement request
- 23 that's based on this short-term problem, critical short-term

1 problem. 2 The long-term crisis that I referred to has many 3 factors. A major one is under-resourcing. The other one 4 which, you know, has been there but we have not discussed, 5 because, you know, I talk about it with some regret, but the 6 litigation order forces us to raise this, is that really the 7 constitutionally adequate defense of Mr. Al-Tamir began in 8 November 2016. So this is not -- you know, not in 2014 when 9 he was charged. And I don't -- I will come back to that. 10 But let me just -- first the under-resourcing, you 11 know, the facts are in the motion and in the Filbert 12 declaration and its attachments. The chief defense counsel 13 and the convening authority, after a back and forth, and this 14 was a back and forth evolving understanding of what the 15 requirements were in all of the cases, but in particular in 16 the noncapital case -- cases, but really we have been the one 17 noncapital case -- evolving understanding of what the needs 18 are for an adequate defense. 19 And I would say that this really has evolved over 20 time for good reason. It's evolved over the course of a 21 couple or three convening authorities. It's not just one. 22 And it's evolved because these are absolutely unique cases, 23 and it was not understood by anyone, I think, originally that

1 even the noncapital cases are so enormous and complex and 2 unlike anything that you've ever come across in a 3 courts-martial and really hardly ever come across in federal 4 court, that issues like continuity of counsel, issues 5 like just the sheer complexity of the legal issues that are 6 some -- you know, like federal defenders and people like that 7 address who have dealt with capital cases and with 8 international cases deal with, but very little, few military. 9 And the continuity of counsel in particular, just 10 take these cases, takes too long. It has grown to understand 11 that even the noncapital cases really require civilian 12 in-house GS civilian attorneys for continuity of counsel and 13 for the kind of experience with the side of the military 14 commissions, because the military commissions are military 15 courts, but they are -- also have enormous federal court-like 16 aspects too, both the cases and the procedures. You need 17 civilians. 18 That's why there are civilians -- you know, the 19 Department of Justice staffs the 9/11 case. There are 20 civilians on the prosecution side. There are civilians on 21 this -- you know, on the prosecution team here. It has 22 gradually become -- and so the resolution has been and the

approved number is three GS attorneys for Mr. Al-Tamir's case.

23

1 We currently have two. I am -- you know, I was 2 detailed, basically detailed -- you know, frankly the chief 3 defense counsel detailed his general counsel because it became 4 understood that this was a requirement, and there was no 5 in-house civilian on the case, and I will come back to this. 6 But we now have -- so I was the only one, and it was done on a 7 temporary basis. I am scheduled -- I was -- it was understood 8 it would be temporary, and this summer was really my 9 understanding of when the shift back would happen. 10 We have hired one who has been on the case for a long 11 time, doesn't have a security clearance, and it is for all the 12 problems that I have mentioned before; we've hired another, 13 but that still leaves us, you know, one short of where we are 14 supposed to be. And then there are -- we are supposed to be 15 staffed with three intelligence analysts; we have one. We are 16 supposed to have two investigators; we have one. 17 And this will get me into the next -- well, there is 18 a big difference between GS attorneys and pro bono attorneys, 19 and that was part of the evolving understanding that this 20 case, I think, revealed. And I'll come back to that. The pro 21 bono civilian attorney model did not work in this case, 22 frankly, and I will give you the facts shortly. But it didn't 23 work, and that's why we need these civilians who are cleared

1 who can be operating as counsel. Okay. 2 The under-resourcing has been compounded by the 3 discovery issue related to audio discovery. We mention it. 4 The government filed AE 116 notice as a classified document, 5 and we are going to respond to that, and I don't -- because I 6 don't want to talk about it here, let me just say the -- as we 7 said in our reply brief, the government's -- the raw quantity 8 estimate that we had was incorrect. The government's is 9 closer to that, closer to correct on our thing. And I can 10 explain that. I have an unclassified exhibit if you need to 11 see it. I think that it would be easier to address. 12 But suffice it to say we agree that the quantity --13 but the bottom line is it actually doesn't matter. 14 estimate of the work hours required, which we obtained not 15 through -- through a different methodology than just looking 16 at the size, is actually very much in the ballpark of the 17 government's work hours estimate, and so without getting into 18 more detail, that's still an enormous number of hours. 19 So the under-resourcing, particularly on the 20 intelligence analyst and investigator side, and even more than 21 that, on the linguist side, where we are -- have not had the 22 linguist support that we require to handle this quantity of 23 discovery, has also -- makes it -- you know, the AE 110

- 1 unrealistic, that schedule.
- 2 And finally, and I want to address this -- I hope I
- 3 can address this in more detail under AE -- when I argue
- 4 AE 114, but we also raise the issue of the -- I don't even
- 5 know what the word to call it, but the problems with the
- **6** government's marking of documents and their handling of
- 7 classified discovery, which on the one hand is -- it's not
- 8 just that it's inconsistent with -- as we will argue in other
- 9 motions today -- inconsistent with all of the, with the
- 10 executive order and with the DoD Manual and so on, but it
- 11 creates like enormous amounts of completely unnecessary work
- 12 for us when we try to sort it out. And so let me address that
- 13 later. That's not the main point of this.
- 14 And then -- but finally, I mean, the last unfortunate
- 15 fact is, as I mentioned, that this really -- it was only when
- 16 Commander Cooper and Captain Fischer joined the defense
- 17 team -- and not as lead counsel; they didn't come in as lead
- 18 counsel -- in October or November of 2016 that this case began
- 19 to actually move.
- 20 And I just -- I can submit -- we can submit, if the
- 21 commission wishes, a detailed declaration. I don't, I don't
- 22 like even saying this, and I don't -- I mean in public. I
- 23 would ask to submit an exparte declaration because it will

- 1 discuss internal defense matters. But suffice it to say, as
- 2 of November 2016, there was -- had been essentially no
- 3 investigation of the charges. There was not even an
- 4 investigation plan.
- Nothing had been -- related to torture or the black
- 6 sites had been looked at at all. There was no analysis, proof
- 7 analysis, of what the government's evidence was, how it
- 8 related to the charges, no systematic attempt to analyze
- **9** discovery from that point of view. There was really no theory
- 10 of the defense at all.
- 11 Discovery had -- was indexed in an Excel spreadsheet
- 12 in one attorney's files. There was no systematic attempt at
- 13 analysis. Concordance, which was available as a software that
- 14 would greatly facilitate the kind of analysis that wasn't
- 15 being done -- it was available. It wasn't being used. No one
- 16 had sought training for anyone to do it, with one exception,
- 17 who was really the wrong person and ended up leaving the case,
- 18 but at least they were in the right subject matter.
- 19 The only experts that had been sought or discussed
- 20 being sought were constitutional law experts, in terms of
- 21 seeking expert assistance. And that despite, you know, the
- 22 fact that there is DNA evidence, there is fingerprint
- 23 evidence, there is handwriting evidence, there was a general

- 1 failure to analyze the resourcing needs or seek appropriate2 resources.
- 3 Client communications were inadequate, and there
- 4 was -- there was effectively not a team structure, no
- 5 day-to-day work plan for personnel and so on. You know, and I
- 6 don't -- I can -- I could say more. I think, you know, I
- 7 would prefer not to. I mean, I don't like doing this, but
- 8 it's in the -- you need to be aware that that's the reality of
- 9 this case.
- That is no longer the case. I mean, really beginning
- 11 with the arrival of our two senior military at the end of
- 12 2016, they -- even though they weren't lead counsel, they took
- 13 charge and made things happen. And so -- and I think you are
- 14 aware. I mean, you have seen what we have been doing. We
- 15 have been working extremely, extremely diligently, to the
- 16 extent we can, to get all of these things up and running.
- 17 Given the limitations of our resources, you know, the
- 18 one investigator and especially -- and I want to come back to
- 19 this a little bit. But, I mean we -- virtually as soon as
- 20 this began to actually operate effectively we were -- the team
- 21 was slammed with two things. First was the Darbi deposition,
- 22 which resulted in, you know, thousands of additional pages of
- 23 discovery being delivered that had to be analyzed on a very

- 1 short-term basis; diverted enormous resources, legal,
- 2 investigative, all of that, into that. And, you know,
- 3 immediately following that the health crisis, which we were
- 4 unable to meet with the client. That again diverted all kinds
- 5 of resources into that issue.
- **6** And so I -- without belaboring it, I just -- that is
- 7 the actual situation. And so when thinking about the
- 8 litigation schedule, I think that's the timeline that it has
- 9 to be understood.
- Now, I want to -- against that background, I can now
- 11 talk about the Cronic factors, and the government -- I mean, I
- 12 can talk about Cronic as well. I don't think I need to, if
- 13 the government wants to try to compare it. Our case is almost
- 14 point by point the counterpoint to the reasons that the court
- 15 recognized that these factors apply, but then found in Cronic
- 16 that it didn't apply, they didn't justify Cronic. Point by
- 17 point they justify us, if you go back. And I won't do that
- 18 now. If the government wants to argue in detail I will, but I
- 19 have gone on for too long.
- But the first Cronic factor is the time afforded for
- 21 investigation and preparation. And then I mean that really
- 22 goes to what I was just talking about.
- This is really a -- the time afforded -- he was

- 1 charged -- Mr. Al-Tamir was charged in 2014, but nothing2 happened until the beginning of 2017. And we have been
- 3 working hard on that, sidetracked by these two other big
- 4 issues, working hard anyway. All of the issues that I said
- 5 were not happening when we arrived, they are happening now.
- **6** The experience of counsel is the second factor.
- 7 Again, I won't repeat what I said about the short-term crisis
- 8 with cleared counsel. The most experienced counsel, the
- 9 counsel who, you know, have been determined by the two people
- 10 who are assigned by the statute and by the regulation for
- 11 determining the needs of the defense, those experienced
- 12 counsel are unavailable now. One of them is just in the
- 13 process of hiring, and one of them still hasn't -- can't meet
- 14 with the client or look at discovery.
- 15 The gravity of the charge. The government -- this is
- 16 a potential life sentence. We assume that that's what the
- 17 government is seeking. It couldn't be more significant.
- The complexity of possible defenses. This is an --
- 19 this is an -- I don't really need to belabor this, but it is
- 20 an enormously complex case. The legal issues have only really
- 21 just begun. And I mean, by legal issues I mean the legal
- 22 factual issues. And I will just give you -- I will mention
- 23 three that are highly significant that we anticipate will

- 1 require substantial hearing, fact hearings, discovery
- 2 investigation prep that hasn't been able to happen yet.
- 3 The first is a suppression hearing. And the
- 4 government -- whether the government intends to use
- 5 Mr. Al-Tamir's statements against him or not, we are entitled
- 6 to attempt to show that the evidence -- that evidence they do
- 7 intend to use was derived from his illegally obtained
- 8 statements. And this -- you know, he was in a black site.
- 9 Torture is on the table. And I don't need to go into that
- 10 now. This was one of the things that was just not looked at,
- 11 but he -- he was, at a minimum, by the relevant government
- 12 people's own admission in their books, he was threatened with
- 13 torture, and if he spoke, that's the reason he spoke.
- 14 And so we are entitled to investigate, get additional
- 15 discovery, if that's appropriate. Those are -- projects are
- 16 underway. That needs to happen. So all -- like all of the
- 17 evidence is subject to challenge.
- 18 Jurisdiction is an enormous issue. It was raised
- 19 early and then withdrawn, appropriately withdrawn. There was
- 20 no -- there was no, you know, investigation in what you need
- 21 to do, I mean, to raise that issue here. It's a significant
- 22 fact question about his status and whether he is eligible for
- 23 trial by military commission. That's a factual issue that

- 1 needs discovery.
- 2 There is -- I'll just throw this out. There are an
- 3 enormous number of statements out there in discovery that are
- 4 potential hearsay admissibility issues if the government
- 5 intends to use them. We have asked what they intend to use;
- 6 we have not heard back what they intend to introduce. There
- 7 will be complex constitutional factual challenges to those.
- 8 There is a lot of work to be done. This is not a
- 9 check-kiting scheme, which is what was at issue in Cronic.
- **10** Let's put it that way.
- 11 And finally, the accessibility of witnesses to
- 12 counsel, you know, I mean, they are in Afghanistan, many of
- 13 them, and/or they were in the custody of the United States and
- 14 were released and they are now in various other Middle Eastern
- 15 countries under controls of governments that may or may not be
- **16** cooperative.
- I mean, the obstacles of assembling an adequate
- 18 defense are enormous. That job has -- did begin. It got
- 19 sidetracked. It is underway. It is in Mr. Al-Tamir's
- 20 interests to make it happen. We are attempting to make it
- 21 happen. We cannot make it happen under the current litigation
- 22 schedule.
- And so we would ask that that order be rescinded and

- 1 allow us to proceed, you know, as we have been attempting to.
- 2 We are not delaying. And, again, there is essentially no
- 3 prejudice to the government given that they are not seeking to
- 4 execute him, they are seeking to keep him where he is anyway.
- 5 All right, Judge, thank you. That's all I have.
- **6** MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you, Mr. Thurschwell.
- 7 Trial Counsel, who will be speaking for the
- **8** government?
- **9** ATC [MR. SPENCER]: I will be, Your Honor. Good morning,
- 10 Your Honor, Mr. Spencer for the government. I will note for
- 11 the record that I am recently a civilian attorney assigned to
- 12 the case. I was on the case as an 0-4 for many years. We do
- 13 not have any other civilian attorney and have not had a
- 14 civilian attorney, a DoJ civilian attorney, for example, for
- **15** several years.
- 16 Your Honor, I previously in previous oral argument
- 17 referenced the abatement yo-yo that the defense was attempting
- 18 to employ. It appears we are now in an abatement
- 19 merry-go-ground back with the abatement arguments. For
- 20 reasons I will explain, Your Honor, abatement is still not
- 21 appropriate, as it wasn't multiple times before.
- The defense is seeking to punish the government for
- 23 problems that are largely of the defense's own creation or the

- 1 accused's own creation. As the commission is no doubt aware,
- 2 the previous military judge on this case very clearly went
- 3 into a long colloquy with the accused in September of 2015
- 4 when the accused chose to voluntarily release his two counsel,
- 5 Lieutenant Colonel Jasper and Major Stirk.
- **6** During that colloquy, the military judge asked the
- 7 accused and the accused consented and acceded that the
- 8 delay -- "the significant delay" was the exact phrase used,
- 9 that might result with the judge granting his release of
- 10 counsel, the accused accepted that.
- 11 Now, that did cause delay. That delay took a
- 12 several-month time period, Your Honor, at which point he then
- 13 had three counsel that were detailed. I believe the current
- 14 count is roughly a dozen counsel that the accused has had over
- 15 the years. Some of that -- some of those counsel transfers
- 16 were not of the accused's doing. Certainly, at least with
- 17 Major Stirk and Lieutenant Colonel Jasper, those were his
- 18 choice.
- 19 With respect to the three individuals that came in to
- 20 replace Colonel Jasper and Major Stirk, I don't know. The
- 21 government is not privy to those discussions or how those
- 22 individuals were transferred off the team. I do know that two
- 23 of those individuals are still within the Military Commissions

- 1 Defense Organization on other cases.
- 2 So the internal movements of counsel by the chief
- 3 defense counsel, to include Mr. Thurschwell, apparently the
- 4 pending internal movement of him back to his position as
- 5 general counsel, those are choices by the chief defense
- 6 counsel. It's not the government's place to assert whether
- 7 those choices are wise or unwise.
- 8 The chief defense counsel is certainly within his
- 9 discretion to manage his counsel under the Regulation for
- 10 Trial by Military Commission. If the chief defense counsel
- 11 chooses to reassign multiple counsel, as Mr. Thurschwell has
- 12 indicated will likely be happening, that is his choice.
- The accused is entitled to representation by military
- 14 counsel. The accused is entitled to representation by
- 15 civilian counsel at no expense to the United States.
- 16 Mr. Thurschwell in his argument referred multiple times to the
- 17 accused is entitled, the accused is entitled, the accused is
- 18 entitled. He is talking about GS civilian counsel,
- **19** Your Honor. The accused is not entitled to
- 20 government-employed civilian counsel, period. He is entitled,
- 21 just as every accused in a military court-martial is entitled,
- 22 to civilian counsel at no expense to the United States.
- The fact that that model apparently has not worked, I

- 1 believe is the language that Mr. Thurschwell used in this
- 2 case, again, the government is not aware of why that is. We
- 3 are not privy to those discussions. It's unfortunate
- 4 potentially. But that is what the accused is entitled to. He
- 5 is entitled to military counsel. He is entitled to civilian
- 6 counsel at no expense to the United States.
- 7 He has all of that still. As far as the government
- 8 is aware, Your Honor, Mr. Rushforth, excuse me, is still
- 9 detailed to the case. Now, I understand there were some
- 10 health issues there. He has not been participating. There
- 11 are some other civilian counsel that have been detailed. The
- 12 government is not aware of their detailing status either.
- 13 They were cleared. Other pro bono counsel were cleared with
- 14 the assistance of the government -- with the assistance of the
- 15 prosecution, once the prosecution was made aware of it,
- **16** Your Honor.
- 17 The defense wants to penalize the government for not
- 18 clearing all of these extra counsel that they are -- asked
- 19 for. Number one, they are not entitled to. Number two, with
- 20 respect to Ms. Hensler and the new Navy lieutenant, the
- 21 government wasn't even aware that those security clearances,
- 22 the government, as in the prosecution team, was not even aware
- 23 that those security clearance applications were pending until

- 1 the very last session of court, Your Honor.
- 2 So the defense seeks to now penalize the government
- 3 for some sort of alleged dereliction or feet-dragging in the
- 4 security clearance process. This is the same bell that the
- 5 defense has attempted to ring multiple times in this case,
- **6** Your Honor, both before you as a military judge as well as
- 7 before Judge Waits.
- 8 The security clearance process takes time. Does it
- 9 take longer than some of us would like? Of course it does.
- 10 But the commission does not have the ability to control that,
- 11 and in this case where -- where the ongoing need for security
- 12 clearance is the result of the accused's choices and the chief
- 13 defense counsel's choices, the government should not be
- 14 penalized for those choices.
- 15 They were voluntary choices, voluntary at least on
- 16 the accused's part as is clear on the record from September of
- 17 2015. With respect to the other multiple internal
- 18 assignments, again, that's within the chief defense counsel's
- 19 discretion under the Regulation for Trial by Military
- 20 Commission.
- Now, essentially, Your Honor, what the defense has
- 22 alleged, which is somewhat remarkable by -- presumably by
- 23 Mr. Thurschwell's own admission -- is ineffective assistance

- 1 of counsel by -- or potential ineffective assistance of
- 2 counsel by every counsel prior to the time that Captain
- 3 Fischer and Commander Cooper were assigned. That is a
- 4 remarkable claim, Your Honor. Some of the representation I
- 5 believe was during your time here.
- **6** Certainly with respect to Captain Waits, Captain
- 7 Waits found -- did not make a good-cause finding upon the
- 8 release of Lieutenant Colonel Jasper or Major Stirk because he
- 9 didn't need to, but he referenced, I believe, not being aware
- 10 of any good cause for their release. There was no indication
- 11 at the time, at least, from anyone, including the accused,
- 12 that there was ineffective assistance of counsel, and that's
- 13 certainly true for his attorneys prior to Colonel Jasper and
- **14** Major Stirk.
- 15 The suggestion that all other attorneys prior to
- 16 Commander Cooper and Captain Fischer coming on in November
- 17 of '16 being ineffective is one that -- the facts aren't
- 18 before the commission. It's a remarkable claim, a concerning
- 19 claim on a variety of levels, especially when, again, at least
- 20 two of those attorneys -- I won't say their names for this
- 21 purpose, but at least two of those attorneys are still within
- 22 MCDO, and Mr. Thurschwell has been a longstanding attorney
- 23 within MCDO at least in a general counsel capacity.

1 The government is not aware of what general counsel 2 capacity would involve in terms of supervisory counsel, but, 3 you know, chief defense counsel -- multiple chief defense 4 counsels have been in a supervisory role. So for the defense 5 to say that there was a history of IAC on this case without 6 more and substantial evidence supporting the Strickland 7 analysis is a remarkable one, Your Honor, and I would 8 respectfully suggest that the commission should not consider 9 that in determining whether an abatement is appropriate in 10 this case. 11 In terms of the Cronic factors, Your Honor, the 12 government does detail that. We address that in our brief, 13 Your Honor. I won't go into extensive detail on that. 14 defense has had a significant amount of time to prepare. 15 have been on this case for nearly five years and have 16 witnessed a very aggressive and zealous representation by 17 multiple sets of counsel. 18 Contrary to Mr. Thurschwell's claim, there have been 19 multiple experts assigned to this case, at least two, Brian 20 Glyn Williams and Professor Chemerinsky. The defense sought 21 at least one other, a con law -- a constitutional law expert 22 that was denied -- I believe that was denied by Judge Waits. 23 So there have been ongoing litigation, complex litigation done

1 by highly qualified counsel well prior to Commander Fischer 2 or Captain -- I'm sorry, Captain Fischer or Commander Cooper 3 or Mr. Thurschwell being detailed to the case. The suggestion 4 that that is otherwise is just simply inaccurate, Your Honor. 5 With respect to the resourcing issue kind of in a 6 more global sense, again, the government is not going to 7 assert what the chief defense counsel should or should not be 8 doing or could or could not be doing. That is not the 9 government's place to do. The chief defense counsel is 10 responsible for resourcing his personnel. Now, whether that 11 could be done more efficiently with WHS or other entities that 12 are referenced in the defense's memo, the government is not 13 aware of how those procedures have broken down or not broken 14 down. The government obviously is not privy -- the 15 prosecution side is obviously not privy to that process, nor 16 should we be. 17 Your Honor, I would like to highlight the fact that in previous instances where the defense has needed resourcing, 18 19 for example, expert assistance, the defense has requested that 20 of the convening authority. And if that was denied, the 21 defense then could seek and did, at least on a couple of 22 occasions, to compel the employment of that assistance, right? 23 The same as the defense would do in any context, whether it be

- 1 federal court, military court.
- 2 As defense counsel, defense counsel in the military
- 3 frequently seek expert investigative assistance. Convening
- 4 authorities rarely grant that. Defense counsel would then
- 5 attempt to compel the employment of expert investigative
- 6 assistance, and then the military judge would make the ruling
- 7 whether it was necessary or not under the rule.
- 8 The defense has not done that in this case. The
- 9 defense has -- none of the resources about which the defense
- 10 currently complains and wants to penalize the government for
- 11 not providing them for it with an abatement, has the defense
- 12 sought the commission to compel the employment of. They want
- 13 to essentially say, well, we didn't get what we want,
- 14 Your Honor, from these other people in the government, so
- 15 penalize the prosecution.
- 16 That seems to be a less than ideal way to litigate
- 17 the case, Your Honor. Certainly if they can show that these
- 18 individuals are necessary, that they are -- that in
- 19 Mr. Thurschwell's term, they are entitled to them from a due
- 20 process standpoint presumably, then they can make that showing
- 21 or attempt to make that showing to the military judge. They
- 22 haven't done any of that, Your Honor.
- With respect to the analysts, for example -- with

1 respect to the analysts, previously I know there has been an 2 indication that only one of their three GS billets are filled. 3 Again, those are determinations made by the chief defense 4 counsel as to billeting. Previously, certainly in my time on 5 this case, the MCDO had a contract with a private company for 6 intelligence analysts, just like we do, Your Honor. We have 7 few, if any, GS intelligence analysts. They are contracted. 8 MCDO had a contract with that same company, possibly as 9 recently as one or two years ago, Your Honor. The fact that 10 they have not continued that contract, again we are not privy 11 to why that is. These are all resourcing decisions that are 12 within the purview of the chief defense counsel. 13 Presumably Mr. Thurschwell is not claiming 14 dereliction on the part of chief defense counsel, and the 15 government certainly isn't either. What discussions happened 16 at his level with respect to resourcing are not before this 17 commission and, frankly, are not within the government's 18 purview or knowledge. The government meaning the prosecution. 19 But that's the basis for the requested continuance, 20 Your Honor -- or the requested abatement, excuse me, is these 21 resourcing issues that are completely separate from the 22 court-martial process, that the defense has made no showing or 23 demonstration, have impacted the court-martial process in any

- 1 way. That's what the defense wants this commission to rely on
- 2 in granting an abatement, and that's simply not appropriate,
- 3 Your Honor.
- 4 Now, with respect to the ongoing work that the
- 5 defense needs to complete to be prepared for trial, the
- 6 government obviously seeks to assist the defense in any way we
- 7 can with those issues, just like we did with the security
- 8 clearances, just like we will continue to do with the security
- 9 clearances.
- We're not -- we don't have a trial date, Your Honor.
- 11 There is not a set date that the defense says, well, we have
- 12 to be prepared by X date. We have to do -- accomplish these
- 13 tasks by X date because there is no trial date, Your Honor.
- 14 The defense has some amount of time. The government is not
- 15 privy to the military judge's thoughts on when an appropriate
- 16 trial date might be, if the military judge has any.
- 17 The appropriate mechanism for doing that, for
- 18 altering those dates, when those dates are set, or even the
- 19 dates as outlined in Appellate Exhibit 110, are -- would be a
- 20 continuance. That's the appropriate remedy if the defense can
- 21 articulate why a continuance is necessary. They haven't done
- 22 that either, Your Honor. They haven't articulated why a
- 23 continuance is necessary from particular dates.

1 The so-called short-term crisis from the defense 2 won't start until after May. I would note for the 3 commission's awareness, as I am sure the commission is aware, 4 but the defense is as well, the May deadline set by Appellate 5 Exhibit 110 is a fairly significant one of law motions. Law 6 motions are certainly important. If they need additional time 7 to litigate a particular law motion, then certainly they could 8 request that, but they -- their apparent dream team is in 9 place at least until after that time. They are certainly 10 capable -- more than capable of litigating those issues. And 11 the attorneys that are left over are certainly more than 12 capable of continuing to litigate those issues once their team 13 is internally readjusted. 14 There is no indication, there is no evidence before 15 the commission that the defense has been unable to or will be 16 unable to effectively represent their client, Your Honor. Is 17 the accused entitled to the dream team? No, he is not. 18 the accused is entitled to is, as I have said, military 19 counsel. The accused is entitled to civilian counsel at no 20 expense to the United States. He has far more counsel 21 currently and historically than he is entitled to. And he has 22 had excellent representation throughout multiple shifts in 23 counsel for at least the five years that I have been here,

- 1 almost five years. The defense has made no showing as to why
- 2 they can't continue on an as needed basis. If they need a
- 3 continuance, they can request a continuance and articulate why
- 4 that continuance is needed.
- **5** With respect to suppression, Your Honor, that motion
- 6 was filed. That motion was filed and withdrawn by this
- 7 current -- it was withdrawn by this current defense team, as I
- 8 recall. Now, why they chose to withdraw it, because maybe it
- 9 wasn't articulated as well as they would have liked, maybe it
- 10 wasn't as investigated as much as they would have liked. But
- 11 that was done quite some time ago, Your Honor. The defense
- 12 has had ample opportunity. They've had ample opportunity to
- 13 review discovery.
- 14 Eighty percent of the discovery -- I'm sorry,
- 15 approximately 75 percent of the discovery that's in their
- 16 possession is unclassified, so even the people that do not
- 17 have TS//SCIs can review the overwhelming majority of
- 18 discovery in this case.
- They've had a large defense team for several years.
- 20 Now what they have been doing, and how they have been
- 21 organized and whether they have been using, you know, one
- 22 software or another software or not using software, that's not
- 23 for the prosecution to say well they should have been doing

- 1 this, they should have been doing that. That's internal
- 2 defense counsel management by supervisory defense counsel.
- 3 Those are not -- that's not a basis for abating the
- 4 proceedings or even continuing the proceedings.
- 5 Your Honor, subject to your questions, I have
- 6 nothing -- nothing else to add.
- 7 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you, Mr. Spencer. No questions.
- **8** Mr. Thurschwell?
- **9** ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: Judge, the issue with the
- 10 Jasper/Stirk issue is really something that I would have to
- 11 address in an ex parte declaration. Would you like an
- 12 ex parte declaration? I mean, would that be helpful?
- 13 MJ [Col RUBIN]: You may certainly file one if desired.
- **14** ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: Okay, we will do that.
- 15 The government's notion that we are trying to
- 16 penalize it is one that I don't understand. As I pointed out
- 17 in the initial argument, the government is entitled to a fair
- 18 trial, just as is Mr. Al-Tamir. That is what we are
- **19** attempting to do.
- Now, how they are being penalized, I must have missed
- 21 that, how they are being penalized. If the trial takes --
- 22 doesn't -- occurs in six months or a year or two years,
- 23 whenever it is, later than the current schedule suggests, it

1 would be -- and I am not suggesting that as a schedule; I am 2 just throwing that out -- the fact of the matter is 3 Mr. Al-Tamir is suffering the same punishment, de facto 4 punishment, that he would be after a conviction right now. 5 And so it's unclear to me how they are being penalized. 6 I did not say that there was ineffective assistance 7 of counsel prior to November 2016, because ineffective 8 assistance of counsel may or may not be argued at the 9 appropriate procedural moment. I don't know. That's an 10 argument you make after a conviction. He's not convicted. 11 All I am trying to do and all we are trying to do is 12 allow Mr. Al-Tamir to get a fair trial on a reasonable 13 schedule so that, frankly, in the government's own interests 14 also, it has a better chance of standing up on appeal. 15 all we are doing here right now. There's no -- there's no 16 penalty that I am seeking. There is no ineffective assistance 17 of counsel that I am arguing because it's -- that's not the The issue is actually making the process work; that's 18 issue. 19 what we are trying to do with this motion, as I said before. 20 The government places a lot of weight on the 21 statutory language saying that the accused in military 22 commissions are entitled only to a military counsel and a 23 civilian counsel at no expense to the government. That is

1 true that is what the statute says. That's a baseline. 2 The statute also, and amplified by the Regulation for 3 Trial by Military Commission and the rules, delegates the 4 decision about staffing and personnel and resourcing of the 5 defense to the chief defense counsel in the first instance, 6 and the convening authority ultimately. And I -- by that I am 7 not just talking about request for experts, but also under 8 R.T.M.C. 9-4, when the chief defense counsel believes he needs 9 additional resources assigned to the office, new GS slots, for 10 example, he requests it from the convening authority, who then 11 is the keeper of the fisc, and who is in the role of making 12 those decisions. 13 Whatever the baseline statutory requirement, I think 14 it would be highly appropriate for the commission to defer to 15 the individuals who are assigned by statute and regulation 16 with the determination of what is required for an adequate 17 defense when determining how to resolve this motion. And it's 18 unequivocal, I mean, what they together agreed on and what we 19 currently have. And so whatever the baseline requirement is, 20 I think deference to those officials is appropriate. 21 And finally -- I mean, I know this is hardly worth 22 mentioning, Professor -- counsel mentioned experts and 23 confirmed what I said. I mean, he mentioned Professor Brian

- 1 Williams, who I'm not -- was the expert who basically didn't
- 2 work out, but was -- at least was an expert in an area that
- 3 was related to the needs of the case. Professor Chemerinsky
- 4 was the dean of a law school and a constitutional law
- 5 professor, and then there was another con law professor who
- **6** was requested.
- 7 I mean, we are behind the curve in catching up. We
- 8 are catching up as fast as we can. I mean, that's the message
- 9 I want to bring you. We can't catch up in time to do what --
- 10 operate on the kind of schedule that the AE 110 suggests we
- 11 need to, but that doesn't mean we are in any way being
- **12** dilatory.
- 13 That's all I have, Judge.
- 14 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you, sir.
- **15** Mr. Spencer, anything further?
- **16** ATC [MR. SPENCER]: No, Your Honor.
- 17 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Anything further from either party on
- **18** AE 111? Mr. Thurschwell?
- 19 Counsel, would you like to take a recess or press on
- **20** to AE 112?
- 21 All right. Let's take a 15-minute recess. The
- 22 commission is in recess.
- [END OF PAGE]

- 1 [The R.M.C. 803 session recessed at 1014, 17 April 2018.]
- 2 [The R.M.C. 803 session was called to order at 1034, 17 April
- 3 2018.1
- 4 MJ [Col RUBIN]: The commission is called to order. All
- 5 parties present when the commission recessed are again
- **6** present. The accused is present.
- 7 In AE 112 the defense requests that the commission
- 8 compel production of discovery requested by the defense on
- 9 11 June 2014. The government opposes the defense motion as
- 10 set forth in AE 112A. The defense replied in AE 112B.
- 11 Does the defense wish to present oral argument?
- **12** ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: Yes, Your Honor.
- 13 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Major Miller, good morning.
- 14 ADDC [Maj MILLER]: Good morning, Your Honor. The defense
- 15 respectfully requests that this commission compel the
- 16 government to turn over underlying documents related to the
- 17 interrogation of Mr. Al-Tamir, specifically handwritten agent
- 18 notes; typewritten agent notes; IIRs; IIR evaluations; HCRs,
- 19 which are HUMINT collection requirements; SDRs, source
- 20 directed requirements, as well as other documents including
- 21 interrogation plans or intelligence plans, depending upon how
- 22 they are named by the government.
- 23 And as Your Honor knows, we originally requested this

- 1 information on 11 June in 2014. The government responded to
- 2 that request by saying they would turn over discoverable
- 3 information, and then almost a year later we were forced to
- 4 file a motion to compel in April of 2015.
- In response to that motion to compel the government
- 6 specifically argued that the motion was premature because they
- 7 had not yet had the opportunity to scorch through all the
- 8 documents to know what was and was not discoverable.
- 9 And now here I stand, Your Honor, almost three years
- 10 later, forced to again submit a motion to compel because
- 11 almost three years later we still have no IIR evaluations.
- 12 Almost three years later we still have no HCRs, no SDRs
- 13 related to the interrogations of Mr. Al-Tamir. We have no
- 14 debriefing logs related to the interrogation of Mr. Al-Tamir.
- 15 We have no interrogation plans related to the interrogation of
- 16 Mr. Al-Tamir. And I believe I already said that we have no
- 17 HCRs and SDRs, Your Honor.
- We have argued many motions to compel, so at this
- 19 point the standard should be well ingrained in everyone's
- 20 head, Your Honor, but I feel the need to just briefly
- 21 reiterate it again, because it's very clear that the
- 22 government is not applying the correct standard for what is
- 23 and is not discoverable.

1 Specifically, Mr. Al-Tamir is entitled to documents 2 and other tangible items that are material to the preparation 3 of defense or reasonably tend to negate his guilt during 4 findings, or reduce the sentence during sentencing. And this 5 comes straight from R.M.C. 701 as well as from Brady. 6 Now, Yunis, which the government often relies on when 7 it comes down to providing discovery of classified 8 information, says that information is material to the 9 preparation of the defense if it is helpful to the defense of 10 the accused. 11 And so, Your Honor, demonstrating materiality is not 12 supposed to be a heavy burden. As stated by the D.C. Circuit 13 in Lloyd, there must simply be some indication that the 14 pretrial disclosure, as long as there is -- excuse me. 15 must be just a strong indication that it will play an 16 important role in uncovering admissible evidence, aiding in 17 witness preparation, corroborating testimony, or assisting in 18 the impeachment or rebuttal. 19 Your Honor, it's very clear that the government is 20 not applying this standard. They are applying some sort of 21 higher level of discoverability than what is applied by either 22 the D.C. Circuit or the United States Supreme Court in Brady. 23 For example, Your Honor, if I can direct your

- 1 attention to the defense's reply, 112B, specifically
- 2 Attachment B. Attachment B, Your Honor, represents the one
- 3 IIR that the government has provided to the defense in
- 4 discovery. And, Your Honor, we are not going to discuss the
- 5 specifics here, but we ask that you review that document
- 6 because you have also reviewed all the statements provided by
- 7 Mr. Al-Tamir.
- 8 And in the grand scheme of things, under the
- 9 government's understanding of what's discoverable, that is the
- 10 one IIR that they have determined is helpful and material
- 11 and/or exculpatory to the defense. And one could reasonably
- 12 argue why did we even get this document? And so this is just
- 13 one of the reasons why I feel compelled to actually reiterate
- 14 the standard, Your Honor.
- 15 Out of all the IIRs that were generated by
- 16 Mr. Al-Tamir's interrogations, this is the only one that we
- 17 have received in discovery and it doesn't -- I won't say
- 18 anything more, Your Honor, on that point.
- 19 However, I would like to illustrate the second reason
- 20 why we believe the defense -- excuse me, the government is not
- 21 applying the correct standard, given that this is the only IIR
- 22 that they have come to the decision is discoverable. However,
- 23 it is very clear that the government relies on Mr. Al-Tamir's

- 1 supposed statements for many of the charges in this case,
- 2 sometimes substantially relies on those statements,
- 3 specifically with regards to the German VBIED attack,
- 4 Your Honor. The government's case relies substantially on
- 5 statements that Mr. Al-Tamir made to interrogators.
- **6** However, the government has not provided the defense
- 7 with any IIRs related to even that interrogation, no HCRs, no
- 8 SDRs, no interrogation plans. And all of this information is
- 9 helpful and material to the defense, because they would not
- 10 only assist the defense in arguing against the motion -- for a
- 11 motion to suppress, but also in highlighting to the commission
- 12 when the government has used derivative evidence from
- 13 illegally obtained statements.
- 14 Specifically with regards to the German VBIED attack,
- 15 Your Honor, without the statements of Mr. Al-Tamir, what would
- 16 the government have? Circumstantial evidence derived from
- 17 other detainees who were tortured could very well be their
- 18 answer, Your Honor. But that is why Mr. Al-Tamir's statements
- 19 and the underlying documents surrounding those statements are
- 20 so material to the preparation of his defense. And to have
- 21 the government simply provide Attachment B to the
- 22 government's -- I mean to the defense's reply, and that's the
- 23 only IIR that they deem material, is absurd.

- 1 Your Honor, this underlying information would
- 2 drastically alter the quantum of proof in Mr. Al-Tamir's
- 3 favor. What requirements in the form of HCRs and SDRs were
- 4 levied against Mr. Al-Tamir? What was the interrogation plan
- 5 going in? What was the tactic? How did they intend to lure
- 6 him, elicit, and get him to make these statements? What were
- 7 the specific threats that were made to Mr. Al-Tamir,
- **8** Your Honor?
- **9** And I just briefly want to say that it's come to my
- 10 attention this morning that I am not permitted to discuss or
- 11 display certain documents that have been marked
- 12 UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO in this hearing. And so therefore my
- 13 argument is going to be somewhat watered down because I cannot
- 14 go into detail, even though those documents are
- 15 UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO. And so I would respectfully request the
- 16 opportunity to potentially supplement, since I won't be able
- 17 to display the documents in this hearing.
- 18 MJ [Col RUBIN]: You may.
- 19 ADDC [Maj MILLER]: Your Honor, the government says that
- 20 it has no intent to use any of the IIRs or anything related to
- 21 the statements of Mr. Al-Tamir. Even if that is in fact the
- 22 case and they don't change their mind later, that does not
- 23 absolve them of their discovery obligation.

1 If the discovery rules only required them to turn 2 over information that they intended to use at trial and the 3 defense is so hamstrung on how much investigation it can and 4 cannot do separate from the government, the defense would 5 never have any helpful information, because the government 6 would never present helpful information in their case in 7 chief. It runs contrary to what they are trying to do. And 8 so the government seems to believe that just by making the 9 statement that they don't intend to use it, that therefore we 10 are not entitled to it, and that can't be further from the 11 truth, Your Honor. 12 Your Honor, briefly, I believe in our reply we very 13 specifically identified documents for the commission's 14 attention that are helpful and material to the defense. 15 Again, I am forced not to be able to elaborate on those 16 arguments in this oral presentation; however, we do request 17 that you consider the written motion for that. 18 But, Your Honor, not only do -- is Mr. Al-Tamir 19 entitled to information and discovery that is helpful and 20 material, which is a low burden, he is also entitled to 21 information and discovery that is exculpatory in nature. 22 the case law is very clear that helpful and material is lower 23 than exculpatory. But in this case, not only do we meet the

- 1 lower materiality standard, but we also have direct evidence
- 2 of exculpatory nature that makes the underlying documents
- 3 related to his interrogation that much more crucial and which
- 4 the government has yet to turn over.
- 5 Given that there is evidence out there that
- 6 inculpates him and exculpates him and then his statement is
- 7 somewhere in between, knowing exactly how they interrogated
- 8 him, the threats, the coercive nature of the interrogation
- 9 would alter the quantity of the proof in favor of
- 10 Mr. Al-Tamir.
- 11 Your Honor, also in the reply, which is -- some of it
- 12 is marked classified or what have you, it also explains the
- 13 intelligence-gathering cycle, which is pretty important for
- 14 Your Honor's consideration, especially in light of what's
- 15 material. Because the D.C. Circuit and other circuits have
- 16 made it very clear that materiality is not determined in a
- 17 vacuum; it is determined in relation to the other information
- 18 in the case.
- So the reason why the defense is asking for an IIR
- 20 and then also asking for the HCR and the SDR and the
- 21 interrogation plan, which the government would probably argue
- 22 is cumulative, is to basically provide a context surrounding
- 23 the entirety of the interrogation. Because each and every

- 1 phase matters within an interrogation cycle, and some
- 2 information in one document might not be present in another
- 3 document, Your Honor. And this is why it's very crucial that
- 4 we get all of this information. And, Your Honor, as indicated
- 5 in the reply, we know that this information exists as it
- **6** relates to Mr. Al-Tamir.
- 7 Your Honor, with respect to a motion to suppress, the
- 8 prosecution argued on the last motion that the defense could
- 9 have been investigating, you know, and developing its motion
- 10 to suppress argument for a long time now; however, many of the
- 11 statements that the defense has received have come of late and
- 12 they're summaries that do not contain any information to allow
- 13 the defense to actually go out there and investigate.
- 14 Basically these summaries would require the defense to trust
- 15 the information that the government has provided and not do
- 16 any other investigation.
- 17 And, Your Honor, even if Mr. Al-Tamir is not
- 18 successful in winning a motion to suppress his statements or
- 19 in highlighting fruit of the poisonous tree, Mr. Al-Tamir
- 20 still has the right to present that information to the jury.
- 21 When it comes down to whether or not they will believe that he
- 22 actually voluntarily provided these statements or whether they
- 23 were coerced or anything of the sort, that's something that

- 1 they should be considering.
- 2 They should have the information to know exactly how
- 3 the government stalked Mr. Al-Tamir, their process for
- 4 coercing the statements out of him, the threats that they made
- 5 to him, Your Honor. And we do have some summaries related to
- 6 his conditions of confinement, but these summaries don't go
- 7 into depth about exactly what was said, the threats that were
- 8 made. And again, Your Honor, since I have been told that I
- 9 cannot discuss some UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO stuff, I will just
- 10 reserve that for a supplement.
- 11 The members, Your Honor, essentially need to know how
- 12 deliberate the government was in pulling this information out
- 13 of Mr. Al-Tamir. Typically statements against interest are
- 14 reliable under the hearsay exception, but not when torture and
- 15 coercion are involved, Your Honor. And the members need to
- 16 know that, so that they can weigh the credibility of that
- 17 statement in light of the information that actually exculpates
- 18 him from some of these offenses on the charge sheet. We
- 19 cannot do this, we cannot do our part as his defense counsel,
- 20 his representatives without having this underlying
- 21 information.
- Your Honor, and I will just point your attention back
- 23 to <u>Ritchie</u>, which is what the government cites to. They cite

- 1 to <u>Ritchie</u> to basically -- for the proposition that when they
- 2 say something is not discoverable, their word is the law; and
- 3 obviously that is absurd. We would never need a motion to
- 4 compel if their word was actually the law.
- 5 What <u>Ritchie</u> says is that when the defense has
- 6 presented general information about exculpatory documents,
- 7 then the government can say nope, it's not discoverable and
- 8 their word is the law, quote/unquote. However, when specific
- 9 documents are identified by the defense, their word is no
- 10 longer the law, Your Honor. You make the determination.
- 11 You make the determination as to whether or not that
- 12 information is helpful, material and/or exculpatory and should
- 13 be provided to the defense.
- Now, I'm sure the government will probably argue that
- 15 you are not permitted to make de novo determinations as
- 16 regarding classification. That is not what the defense is
- 17 asking Your Honor to do. It is well within the scope of
- 18 Your Honor's responsibilities to ensure that Mr. Al-Tamir has
- 19 the exculpatory information or the discovery that is helpful
- 20 and material to his case.
- 21 Should the government say no, that's classified, you
- 22 don't get that, then Your Honor can make a determination from
- 23 that point as to whether or not they get to use other

- 1 evidence, whether or not the case goes forward, and the
- 2 government then has to make decisions. This is not a de novo
- 3 review of the classification; this is simply Your Honor saying
- 4 this information he is entitled to have, so, Government, make
- 5 a decision.
- **6** Your Honor, the defense is also not arguing the
- 7 sufficiency of the substitutions in this motion. If the
- 8 government is saying this is the UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO version
- 9 that you get to display in court, fine. However, Your Honor,
- 10 helpful and material includes whether or not the information
- 11 would lead to additional admissibility -- admissible evidence.
- 12 The defense counsel in this room all have the
- 13 necessary requisite security clearances. Whether or not the
- 14 substitutions are UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO and that's all you can
- 15 display in court is one thing. Whether or not the defense,
- 16 through Mr. Al-Tamir's rights, should get the underlying
- 17 documents even if they are classified, is another.
- 18 Again, Your Honor, the defense has the requisite
- 19 security clearances, and we would argue the need to know. And
- 20 not only that, but Mr. Al-Tamir has a right to an effective
- 21 defense in this case, Your Honor.
- 22 And pending any questions from you, that concludes my
- 23 argument.

- 1 MJ [Col RUBIN]: No additional questions. Thank you,
- **2** Major.
- 3 ADDC [Maj MILLER]: Thank you, sir.
- 4 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Trial Counsel, does the government wish
- 5 to present oral argument?
- **6** ATC [Capt RUDY]: Yes, Your Honor. Good afternoon,
- 7 Your Honor. Captain Rudy for the government.
- **8** Your Honor, as Major Miller has already stated, this
- 9 is far into a long line of motions to compel discovery. We've
- 10 adequately briefed the discovery standard in multiple motions
- 11 to compel. Government filings, we're well aware of our
- 12 discovery obligation under both 701, Brady, Giglio, Yunis and
- 13 the like. The government, over a course of many years, has
- 14 applied that discovery standard to review and produce what we
- 15 have determined to be the relevant and helpful/material
- 16 information to the defense.
- 17 Specifically to the categories that the defense is
- 18 now seeking this commission to compel, we have reviewed
- 19 information that would fall squarely within some of those and
- 20 arguably within others, but it seems like the defense is
- 21 mostly focused at this point on statements made by their
- 22 client, the accused.
- Unequivocally, the government has produced

- 1 information corresponding to every one of the statements made
- 2 by the accused while in government custody. As Your Honor is
- 3 well aware, a majority of those have been produced via the 505
- 4 summary process, and that process has actually offered the
- 5 defense a greater degree of, say, reliability or perhaps
- 6 comfort level because there has been such a high level of
- 7 military judge review and approval of the ultimate summaries
- 8 that have been produced to the defense.
- **9** And again, as the commission, Your Honor, and the
- 10 defense are aware, those summaries are in the hundreds that
- 11 have been produced. And those summaries span statements made
- 12 by the accused, and they also cover the corresponding
- 13 conditions of confinement that he was under while he made
- 14 those statements.
- 15 We have also produced, as it pertains to those
- 16 statements, a chart in classified format that you, Your Honor,
- 17 and the defense can use to link up those two time periods, so
- 18 they will be able to link a particular statement with whatever
- 19 conditions he was under when he made those.
- Now, all of those statements, as we briefed -- we
- 21 have stated before, but definitively stated in AE 112A that we
- 22 don't intend -- the government does not intend to rely on any
- 23 of those statements in its case in chief. So that's kind of

- 1 one block of statements, and that was mostly what Major Miller
- 2 seemed to be focused on.
- **3** What we are going to rely on are the other
- 4 statements, the statements made by the accused to the FBI, and
- 5 we have produced those in four letterhead memoranda from the
- 6 FBI. All of those are dated 2007, and they were all produced
- 7 in 2014 to the defense with the referral binder.
- 8 They can also rely as it pertains to those on things
- 9 like the DIMS records, which track kind of chronologically
- 10 what -- like a day-to-day log or something like that of the
- 11 accused's time while in DoD custody.
- 12 And, Your Honor, I guess I will pause there. If you
- 13 have any questions on the specific summary process or would
- 14 like more information, I can provide that now, and then I will
- 15 move on to the IIRs which seemed to be the second part.
- 16 MJ [Col RUBIN]: I have no questions. Move on.
- 17 ATC [Capt RUDY]: For the IIRs, Your Honor, we -- and the
- 18 like IIRs, IIR evals, all the DoD material that was cited in
- 19 the defense motion, that is basically kind of a recycled
- 20 argument from Darbi, or the litigation to Mr. al Darbi for the
- 21 same kind of material. And unlike Mr. al Darbi, where much of
- 22 the discoverable information, the actual information they are
- 23 entitled to that was inside of that kind of document.

1 In this case, all of those -- all of those types of 2 documents are cumulative, wholly cumulative with the 3 underlying information that was summarized and produced. 4 Again, they are classified under Yunis. The government does 5 not have a discovery obligation for cumulative material. And 6 the information that is contained in IIRs, IIR evals, HCRs, 7 SDRs, that information has been reviewed by the government and 8 has been determined to be cumulative with the underlying 9 material and the summarized information that was produced to 10 the defense. The defense is not missing any information 11 because the government has not produced any of that category. 12 Furthermore, some of those documents in that 13 category, for example, IIR evals, HCRs, SDRs, those just as a 14 category are not discoverable. What the defense is entitled 15 to under 701(c)(3) are the statements of the accused, not what 16 other individuals in the government may have been discussing 17 leading up to whatever he said. 18 What matters is what the accused said. The defense 19 has that information. They have the corresponding information 20 that they may rely on for a future motion to suppress. The 21 defense has what they are owed, Your Honor. 22 There's some other specific information that the 23 defense requested in their motion. They didn't address it in

- 1 oral argument. If you like, I can go through those as well,
- 2 but essentially, Your Honor, the government's position ----
- **3** MJ [Col RUBIN]: As you deem appropriate, Captain Rudy.
- 4 If you want to, you can, yes.
- 5 ATC [Capt RUDY]: No, Your Honor. Unless you have
- 6 questions I don't intend to. We've laid it out in our motion.
- 7 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Very well. It's your decision.
- **8** ATC [Capt RUDY]: Okay. Your Honor, that is essentially
- 9 the government's position. We have looked for the information
- 10 they have requested, we have analyzed it, and we have produced
- 11 it in either redacted format, a unclassified format, a
- 12 summary, whatever way, but they have that information.
- And, Your Honor, that concludes my argument. If I
- 14 may confer with counsel.
- 15 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Yes, you may, Captain Rudy.
- 16 [ATC Capt Rudy conferred with co-counsel.]
- 17 ATC [Capt RUDY]: That concludes my argument then,
- **18** Your Honor.
- 19 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Major Miller, I will give the defense the
- 20 final word.
- 21 ADDC [Maj MILLER]: Your Honor, I'll just start my
- 22 rebuttal with what the government ended with: We've produced
- 23 everything they asked for in whatever way. I would hope that

- 1 they would know exactly the way in which they provided us such
- 2 crucial information, Your Honor. The government has been
- 3 known to be flippant regarding the information that the
- 4 defense is requesting, and this is just one example of it.
- 5 The government also said that IIR evaluations -- I
- 6 believe they said IIR evaluations as a category are
- 7 nondiscoverable. And so, Your Honor, that statement in and of
- 8 itself tells you that it is the government's position that no
- 9 matter what is within an IIR evaluation, as a category, those
- 10 are nondiscoverable, categorically excluded from their
- 11 consideration of what is and is not discoverable, Your Honor.
- 12 Your Honor, the government also said that
- 13 Mr. Al-Tamir is not entitled to any record of discussions that
- 14 anybody had leading up to his interrogation. Your Honor, the
- 15 interrogation tactics and strategy would all be a part of
- 16 discussions that were had leading up to his interrogation.
- 17 Whether or not EITs were approved would be a conversation that
- 18 happened up into his interrogation, Your Honor.
- Regarding a motion to suppress, that is very crucial
- 20 to whether or not he was tortured and/or coerced or threatened
- 21 with torture in providing these statements that the government
- 22 substantially relies on, at least with regards to the German
- 23 VBIED attack.

1 Your Honor, the government also highlighted that this 2 is an issue that we, quote/unquote, recycled from the 3 litigation involving Mr. al Darbi. However, the one thing 4 Your Honor probably remembers is that we received several IIRs 5 for Mr. al Darbi's interrogations. We've also received 6 interrogation plans for Mr. al Darbi's interrogations. 7 So again, Your Honor, when I emphasize that the 8 government seems to think that if they are not intending to 9 use information that they then don't have to provide it, this 10 is just an example. Mr. al Darbi was a witness that they 11 wanted to use; therefore, they provided all this information 12 that they knew was discoverable. Because they don't intend to 13 use the statements Mr. Al-Tamir made, they seem to think that 14 the defense isn't entitled to that same information. 15 And not only that, Your Honor, the defense did in 16 fact receive summaries, 505 substitutions regarding 17 Mr. al Darbi's interrogations, and yet still received the 18 underlying documents for those interrogations. So that is a 19 very important point to note. 20 Another point, Your Honor, is the government seems to 21 always believe that the argument that they provided us a whole 22 lot of information means that we are not entitled to the

actual information we should have as justification.

23

1 So, for example, the government mentioned that they 2 provided DIMS, which is a chronology of Mr. Al-Tamir's 3 confinement. That does not document his interrogations. That 4 does not document exactly what he said. That does not 5 document the tactics. That does not document what the 6 requirements were or the plan. So the fact that they provided 7 the DIMS we do appreciate and we do think are discoverable, 8 but that does not negate the fact that other information is 9 also discoverable. 10 And, Your Honor, we do note that we have several 11 summaries that the government states that you have reviewed 12 and approved. However, the question would be whether or not 13 the government provided you with the HCRs. Did the government 14 provide you the SDRs? Did the government provide you the 15 interrogation plans? Did the government provide you the IIR 16 evaluations, so that when you approved the summary you 17 actually had the surrounding relational circumstances to be 18 able to adequately determine whether or not that substitution 19 was sufficient? 20 The defense believes what the government did was say, 21 oh, those HCRs aren't discoverable so the judge doesn't need 22 to see those. We are just going to give him this; or the SDRs 23 aren't discoverable. We are just going to give him this; or

- 1 the plans aren't discoverable so we are just going to give him
 2 this.
- 3 Again, the defense has no way of knowing if that was
- 4 the case because these are ex parte filings. We get notice
- 5 that it was filed, but we don't even know exactly what was
- 6 filed. However, that would be a question that I would ask to
- 7 the government on that point.
- 8 And as a final point, Your Honor, the government's
- 9 right. We have been in to -- and we have argued various
- 10 motions to compel. It is the defense's position that we
- 11 shouldn't have to do this like this. When we submit a
- 12 discovery request, they should answer that discovery request.
- 13 When they say they are going to provide material, they should
- 14 then provide it, or provide an additional response saying
- 15 we've reviewed this information and it is not discoverable.
- 16 I'm not saying that that would stop us from going and
- 17 filing a motion to compel, Your Honor. But what's happening
- 18 in this case is that we have asked them for information, they
- 19 don't really go check and look, but then we have to file a
- 20 motion to compel. And then within the 14 days that they have
- 21 to respond, they go look, and then they come make a conclusory
- 22 statement to you that they have reviewed everything and either
- 23 it's categorically excluded, like IIR evaluations, or nothing

- 1 in there is relevant and material and shouldn't be produced.
- 2 And, Your Honor, the defense has more than met its
- 3 burden with respect of showing specific instances where we
- 4 have not received helpful material information and/or
- 5 exculpatory information to at least warrant -- one, we believe
- **6** we should be provided these documents outright, Your Honor,
- 7 but to at least warrant in camera consideration, because the
- 8 government is clearly not providing the correct standard. And
- 9 even in Ritchie, the government -- the court did not rely on
- 10 the government's assertions.
- 11 Thank you, Your Honor.
- 12 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Anything further from counsel on AE 112?
- **13** Captain Rudy?
- 14 ATC [Capt RUDY]: Yes, Your Honor, if I may.
- 15 MJ [Col RUBIN]: You may.
- 16 ATC [Capt RUDY]: Your Honor, when the government says
- 17 that we will do something, that is not -- those are not empty
- 18 words. When we said that we would provide the discoverable
- 19 information back in 2014 when they originally filed this
- 20 discovery request, that was the truth, and ultimately we have
- 21 produced it.
- When the defense files a discovery request requesting
- 23 specific information or, as they generally do, categories of

- 1 potentially relevant information, we go look for it. That's
- 2 our job. That's our duty. That's what we have been saying in
- 3 every discovery motion and motion to compel for the past two,
- 4 three years now.
- 5 As it pertains directly to the IIRs, IIR evals, HCRs
- 6 and SDRs, we have looked at every single one of those and
- 7 determined them to be cumulative. In fact, I personally just
- 8 reviewed the IIR evals, HCRs, and SDRs and have personally
- **9** determined them to be cumulative with the summaries already
- 10 produced. So while they may categorically, as our position
- 11 is, not be discoverable because they are just other people's
- 12 plans for future questions, that doesn't mean that we are
- 13 shirking our responsibility and just excluding them from our
- 14 thought. We go find them, review them, and then make the same
- 15 discoverability determination that we would for any other
- 16 documents.
- 17 Furthermore, in the rebuttal argument, it seems like
- 18 again this is just another complaint or not being satisfied
- 19 with the way that the 505 process works for the government
- 20 asserting its national security privilege for information
- 21 deemed to be discoverable yet classified, and that we are
- 22 unable or unwilling to turn over in just like a redacted
- 23 format, for example, Your Honor.

- 1 And that's the core of what -- that's, I would say,
- 2 the bulk of the information that we are discussing here that
- 3 falls under that rubric of the government asserting its
- 4 privilege, giving that source material to the military judge,
- 5 and then the end result being a summary. That is not
- 6 something that is, I guess, open for defense review, but
- 7 again, Your Honor, you are well aware of the -- of that
- 8 process and how meticulous it is.
- **9** So again, Your Honor, we have reviewed the
- 10 information within the categories requested by the defense.
- 11 We have made discoverability determinations, and they have all
- 12 that they are entitled to, Your Honor.
- And if you have any questions.
- **14** MJ [Col RUBIN]: No questions.
- 15 Major, I am going to give you the final say this
- **16** time.
- 17 ADDC [Maj MILLER]: I will keep it brief, Your Honor. The
- 18 government hammers home and relies on a conclusory, "we
- 19 reviewed this information and it's cumulative, period. Prove
- **20** it.
- 21 The defense has met its burden of showing how this
- 22 information is not cumulative, i.e., there is an intelligence
- 23 cycle. Some information does not make it to another document.

- 1 When the government says that this information is cumulative,
- 2 Your Honor, the question is what is their definition of
- 3 cumulative. Is it verbatim? Are there subtle differences
- 4 that the defense could then use in its case in chief or in
- 5 rebuttal or in sentencing?
- **6** It is absurd to think that every single IIR, HCR,
- 7 eval is cumulative to what was provided in the summary. We
- 8 know this is absurd because an HCR is a requirement. It
- 9 discusses what are you trying to get from this individual.
- 10 None of our summaries say we were trying to get this
- 11 information from Mr. Al-Tamir.
- We know that an interrogation plan would go through
- 13 explicit details about the interrogation strategy. We do not
- 14 have a "we know all" or anything like that within these
- 15 summaries, Your Honor, so it is absurd for them to stand up
- 16 here and argue cumulativeness. They must actually prove that
- 17 these documents are identical, verbatim, that there are no
- 18 subtleties, and otherwise contradict the SOP that the
- 19 government relies on when discussing that some information
- 20 that might make it into an IIR, wouldn't make it into an SDR,
- 21 that wouldn't make it into the interrogation plan.
- The defense has more than met their burden with
- 23 showing that this isn't cumulative. Your Honor, we

- 1 respectfully request that the government not just get up here
- 2 and make a conclusory statement that it is cumulative. And we
- 3 ask that the commission actually direct them on what is the
- 4 standard for cumulativeness and require them to actually show
- **5** it, Your Honor.
- 6 Pending any questions.
- 7 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you, Major. No questions.
- 8 ADDC [Maj MILLER]: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 9 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Counsel, let's move on to AE 113. In
- 10 AE 113 the defense requests that the commission compel funding
- 11 for the continuation of the magnetic resonance image, MRI,
- 12 capability at U.S. Naval Base Guantanamo Bay. The government
- 13 opposes the defense motion as set forth in the government's
- 14 response, which is AE 113A. The defense replied in AE 113B.
- 15 Does the defense wish to present oral argument on
- **16** AE 113?
- **17** DC [Maj FEWELL]: Good morning, Your Honor.
- 18 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Good morning.
- 19 DC [Maj FEWELL]: I would like to start with a quote from
- 20 Brennan v. Farmer. "It is society's responsibility to protect
- 21 the life and health of its prisoners. When a sheriff or
- 22 marshal takes a man from the courthouse in a prison van and
- 23 transports him to confinement for two or three or ten years,

- 1 this is our act. We have tolled the bell for him. And
- 2 whether we like it or not, we have made him our collective
- 3 responsibility. We are free to do something about him. He is
- 4 not."
- 5 I'm not going to go through each and every detail
- 6 concerning Mr. Al-Tamir's medical issues, because they have
- 7 been thoroughly briefed in Appellate Exhibits 099, 102, and
- 8 103, but it is important to note that Mr. Al-Tamir has
- 9 significant medical issues. He has had complaints of back
- 10 pain for years, and last fall he had a serious degradation in
- 11 his health and decline which led to an urgent medical
- 12 situation and ultimately four spinal surgeries.
- 13 The defense is requesting this motion to compel
- 14 funding based off of two inextricably intertwined reasons, and
- 15 that is to provide adequate medical care and also to ensure
- 16 the just and efficient continuation of the proceedings.
- 17 Adequate medical care -- adequate medical care is
- 18 guaranteed by the Eighth Amendment and includes not just
- 19 diagnosis, but also treatment. Mr. Al-Tamir, in his
- 20 particular case, that includes the magnetic resonance imaging,
- 21 which I will refer to as an MRI from here on out, because of
- 22 his specific issues.
- 23 An MRI was brought to Guantanamo Bay by the convening

- 1 authority. It was paid for by the convening authority. And
- 2 the contract would need to be extended by the convening
- 3 authority, not JTF-GTMO.
- 4 The proceedings as discussed under R.M.C. 801 are to
- 5 be fair and orderly, without unnecessary delay or waste of
- 6 time and resources, and this can only happen if that's
- 7 coordinated with Mr. Al-Tamir's medical issues and that the
- 8 commission is aware of those medical issues.
- 9 Now, the government's argument solely centers around
- 10 trying to make JTF-GTMO take some required action, but there
- 11 are two factors in Mr. Al-Tamir getting an MRI, funding and
- 12 then the application or the use of an MRI. The MRI must be
- 13 paid for, for it to even be available for its use. The
- 14 application of it is whether it will be used or how it will be
- 15 used by JTF-GTMO.
- 16 The government chose not to even address the funding
- 17 issue in this case and instead chose to focus on the
- 18 application of the MRI, us asking JTF-GTMO to do something in
- 19 particular. However, in this commission or all of these
- 20 commissions, this situation, the funding came from the
- 21 convening authority, and the convening authority should be
- 22 compelled to continue the funding to ensure not just the
- 23 application or the use of the MRI, but to also effectuate the

- 1 fair and just continued processing of these proceedings.
- 2 If not funded, the MRI machine leaves; then let's
- 3 talk about a delay. The government actually noted in their
- 4 response that the MRI was ordered in 2015, but it took over
- 5 two years before it was ever even brought to Guantanamo Bay;
- 6 and after its arrival, it initially was not even operational.
- 7 So let's return back to the adequate medical care
- 8 concern. We have a collective responsibility for providing
- 9 for the needs of Mr. Al-Tamir, who the government has detained
- 10 for years, who cannot act for himself, and therefore we must
- 11 act for him and take care of him. It is totally disingenuous
- 12 to act as though adequate medical care does not include an MRI
- 13 as it relates to Mr. Al-Tamir.
- 14 How do we know this? Because of the actions of the
- 15 United States Government. The government, through JTF-GTMO,
- 16 through medical providers, already showed us it is necessary
- 17 for Mr. Al-Tamir's adequate medical care. They used an MRI on
- 18 him in late January 2018. Now, granted, this was after four
- 19 surgeries. But the government's own neurosurgeon reviewed it
- 20 before he testified on 4 February in front of this military
- 21 commission.
- 22 Ostensibly a medical professional ordered the imaging
- 23 be done. It was not completed to provide some type of

- 1 extraordinary care for Mr. Al-Tamir. That clearly has not
- 2 been the case, as it has taken four surgeries to ensure that
- 3 Mr. Al-Tamir is here today and not paralyzed, but it was to
- 4 provide him with adequate medical care.
- 5 For the government to now argue that the MRI is not
- 6 needed for adequate medical care for someone who has undergone
- 7 multiple surgeries on their spine is nonsensical. The history
- 8 of this case flies in the face of such an assertion. It is
- 9 needed because the government-provided neurosurgeon testified,
- 10 and I quote, The MRI has -- could indicate that he, speaking
- 11 of Mr. Al-Tamir, needs surgery. That same neurosurgeon agreed
- 12 he bases his expert opinions on, I quote, medical records and
- 13 medical tests like MRI, x-rays, and other medical testing
- **14** information.
- I want to wrap up with another quote from <u>Brennan v.</u>
- 16 Farmer. Justice Blackmun in his concurring opinion explained,
- 17 "Our Constitution sets minimal standards governing the
- 18 administration of punishment in this country, and thus it is
- 19 no answer to the complaints of the brutalized inmate that the
- 20 resources are unavailable to protect him from what, in
- 21 reality, is nothing less than torture."
- This request is about resources, ensuring the
- 23 efficient processing of these proceedings, including

- 1 scheduling around medical appointments, scheduling around
- 2 procedures, and scheduling for the recovery is clearly
- 3 intertwined with Mr. Al-Tamir receiving adequate medical care.
- 4 Mr. Al-Tamir should not be deprived of resources
- 5 necessary to ensure he receives medical care as required by
- 6 the Eighth Amendment, and the resources necessary to continue
- 7 towards the fair and just administration of these proceedings.
- 8 To ensure necessary resources are funded and continue
- 9 to be provided, we ask that you grant the defense's motion to
- 10 compel extension of the MRI contract.
- 11 Do you have any questions, Your Honor?
- 12 MJ [Col RUBIN]: No questions, Major. Thank you.
- 13 DC [Maj FEWELL]: Thank you.
- 14 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Trial Counsel, does the government wish
- 15 to be heard? Commander.
- 16 DTC [CDR FLYNN]: Good morning, Your Honor. Commander
- 17 Kevin Flynn for the government.
- 18 Your Honor, this motion marks at least the fourth
- 19 time that the defense has requested that this commission
- 20 intervene into detention operations by JTF-GTMO. I won't get
- 21 into the other three motions that requested that the
- 22 commission do this. I'm sure you are aware of what those
- 23 three were.

- 1 This motion, Your Honor, specifically requests that 2 you intervene into an area where case law makes absolutely 3 clear that you should not intervene into, and that is in the 4 area of medical care and treatment of detainees/prisoners. 5 And because the defense has failed to carry its burden of 6 establishing why this commission should interfere into the 7 medical care and treatment of detainees here at 8 Guantanamo Bay, the government requests that you deny this 9 motion. 10 Now, you just heard the defense argue that this issue 11 with respect to the MRI machine is mainly a funding issue. 12 Your Honor, that argument is a little too simplistic, I would 13 submit to you, because it ignores the big picture. Now, does 14 the keeping of the MRI machine involve a funding component? 15 Of course it does. I mean, the government can't get up here 16 and say it doesn't. 17 However, the overriding issue, Your Honor, is that 18 this motion is a medical issue. And because it is a medical 19 issue, the defense has the burden. They have the burden of 20 establishing how the removal of the MRI machine constitutes 21 deliberate indifference to the medical needs of the accused,
 - UNOFFICIAL/UNAUTHENTICATED TRANSCRIPT

It's the government's position that this commission

and they have utterly failed to do that, Your Honor.

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- 1 should continue to give substantial deference to JTF-GTMO
- 2 decisions regarding detention operations which unquestionably
- 3 includes decisions on the medical diagnosis and treatment of
- 4 detainees.
- Now, Your Honor, I would respectfully suggest that in
- 6 resolving this motion, you can ask yourself a few really basic
- 7 questions:
- **8** First, what is the defense requesting here? And no
- 9 matter how they spin it, Your Honor, they are asking that you
- 10 again interfere and issue an order preventing the MRI machine
- 11 from leaving Guantanamo Bay.
- 12 The second question is obvious: What is an MRI
- 13 machine? Well, it's a piece of medical equipment.
- 14 And the third question, Your Honor: What is the
- 15 specific purpose of the MRI machine at issue here? The MRI
- 16 machine at issue here, Your Honor, is used for the diagnosis
- 17 of medical conditions and medical treatment of detainees down
- 18 at GTMO. And I would point out, Your Honor, this MRI machine
- 19 was ordered to come here in another -- in another commission
- 20 case, in the Nashiri case.
- In other words, the defense was requesting, quote,
- 22 that you extend the MRI contract, end quote. And it is the
- 23 government's position that is absolutely a medical decision.

- 1 And the law is absolutely clear, Your Honor, on this issue.
- 2 Every case found by the government on this issue indicates,
- 3 without question, that the medical care of prisoners and
- 4 detainees is entrusted to the detaining authority, which
- **5** obviously in this case is JTF-GTMO. In other words,
- 6 Your Honor, the decisions regarding medical care and treatment
- 7 falls under the umbrella of managing general detention
- 8 operations.
- **9** We have argued in the past in this case and in other
- 10 cases that detention operations are entitled to judicial
- 11 deference. This principle has been accepted by this military
- 12 commission and the three -- the two other military commissions
- 13 on a time -- time after time, sir.
- 14 So the defense has failed to cite a single case.
- 15 There is not one case that they cite to support the
- 16 proposition that a military tribunal or federal civilian court
- 17 in a criminal case should inject itself into the management of
- 18 daily detainee operations, which includes decisions on medical
- 19 care and treatment of the prisoners and detainees.
- Now, defense counsel was very passionate about the
- 21 MRI, and she did, quite frankly, a very good job.
- 22 Unfortunately, passion doesn't carry the day. Where is the
- 23 evidence? There is absolutely no testimony by anyone,

- 1 Your Honor, that removing the MRI machine constitutes
- 2 deliberate indifference to the medical needs of the accused.
- 3 We have heard no testimony. We have seen no evidence. We
- 4 have heard a good argument, a passionate argument about an MRI
- 5 machine. No evidence. No testimony.
- **6** Now, Your Honor, I would like to spend my last few
- 7 minutes just making a few comments on the motion -- defense
- 8 motion and their reply. To be blunt, the original defense
- 9 motion on this issue is extremely light on law and analysis.
- 10 Under the law and argument section of the motion it cites to
- 11 R.M.C. 801, which quite frankly, in the government's opinion,
- 12 has very little to do with the specific issue here.
- 13 They also cite to the Eighth Amendment, and defense
- 14 counsel mentioned that a little bit in her argument. In their
- 15 brief they quote -- or they state that the Eighth Amendment
- 16 imposes duties on prison officials to ensure inmates receive
- 17 adequate food, clothing, shelter, and medical care, and must
- 18 take reasonable measures to guarantee safety of the inmates.
- 19 Your Honor, I would submit that the accused in this
- 20 case has received more than adequate medical care. He has had
- 21 surgeries performed by emergency medical teams that have been
- 22 flown down here.
- 23 What they conveniently fail to discuss with you,

- 1 Your Honor, is that to constitute inadequate medical care
- 2 under the Eighth Amendment, they have to show unnecessary and
- 3 wanton infliction of pain. Now, not surprisingly, in light of
- 4 this incredibly high standard, the defense never comes out in
- 5 their motion and actually says that removing this machine,
- 6 this MRI machine, would be a violation of the Eighth
- 7 Amendment, and, Your Honor, is obviously why they don't make
- 8 that argument. I think it would be very hard to argue with a
- 9 straight face that removing the MRI machine from Guantanamo
- 10 would constitute the infliction of unnecessary and wanton
- **11** pain.
- 12 Finally, Your Honor, with respect to the defense's
- 13 reply, they raised for the first time this curious argument
- 14 with respect to, you know, that removing the MRI machine is a
- 15 funding issue. And kudos for the defense for being creative,
- 16 but that argument doesn't hold water. Again, we are dealing
- 17 with a piece of medical equipment used for the medical
- 18 diagnosis and medical treatment of detainees here at GTMO.
- And finally, Your Honor, in their reply the defense
- 20 states, quote, Removal of the MRI would negatively impact the
- 21 accused, and there is a couple of problems with this
- 22 statement. First, it is a conclusory statement. I mean,
- 23 that's fine, but again, there is no evidence, Your Honor, to

- 1 support that. They don't -- there is nothing that shows
- 2 otherwise.
- **3** More importantly, this isn't the test to apply in
- 4 this situation. In other words, the fact that the removal of
- 5 the MRI machine would, quote, negatively impact the accused,
- 6 that's not the standard. That's not the standard to use when
- 7 you are looking at the Eighth Amendment, and that's what they
- 8 are arguing.
- **9** The standard that they have to meet, they have to
- 10 show, is that the removal of the MRI machine is -- constitutes
- 11 deliberate indifference rising to the level of unnecessary and
- 12 wanton infliction of pain, and, Your Honor, they have not come
- 13 close to that standard.
- 14 To conclude, Your Honor, the defense has utterly
- 15 failed to carry its burden of establishing why this commission
- 16 should interfere, intervene into the medical care and
- 17 treatment of detainees under the control of JTF-GTMO. And in
- 18 light of that, Your Honor, the government requests that the
- 19 defense's motion be denied. Thank you.
- 20 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Commander, I do have a question.
- 21 DTC [CDR FLYNN]: Okay.
- 22 MJ [Col RUBIN]: The government's response makes a mention
- 23 that JTF-GTMO may take permanent possession of the MRI from

- 1 Navy Medical Logistics Command. Is there an update, a
- 2 timeline, any further information you may have?
- 3 DTC [CDR FLYNN]: Nothing officially, Your Honor. I can
- 4 definitely check on that. The last the prosecution was aware
- 5 of it was that there was negotiations ongoing between JTF-GTMO
- 6 and the medical command that owned the MRI machine. To my
- 7 knowledge officially that has not concluded. There is no
- 8 official word on whether JTF is going to do that or not.
- 9 Again, Your Honor, our position is that's really -- I
- 10 mean, I guess it's relevant because it would be moot if they
- 11 were going to do it, but our position is that this commission
- 12 should not be getting involved in those determinations. Thank
- **13** you.
- 14 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you, Commander.
- Major, you've got the final word.
- 16 DC [Maj FEWELL]: Your Honor, it's important to note that
- 17 our client, Mr. Al-Tamir, is sitting in an orthopedic chair
- 18 right now, months after surgery, unable to walk independently
- 19 without a walker.
- Now, government counsel quoted from <u>Estelle v.</u>
- 21 Gamble, a 1976 U.S. Supreme Court case saying that deliberate
- 22 indifference to serious medical needs of prisoners
- 23 constituting the unnecessary and wanton infliction of pain was

- 1 what was needed to establish a challenge in regards to the
- 2 Eighth Amendment.
- 3 However, Brennan v. Farmer is from 1994 and the
- 4 Supreme Court said, Hey, we need to look at what is deliberate
- 5 indifference, because courts have been trying to -- I need to
- 6 slow down -- have been trying to determine how we are going to
- 7 decide if -- if prison officials have been showing or being
- 8 deliberately indifferent. And what they said was, we hold
- 9 that a prison official may be liable under the Eighth
- 10 Amendment for denying humane conditions of confinement only if
- 11 he knows the inmates face a substantial risk of serious harm
- 12 and disregards that risk by failing to take reasonable
- 13 measures to abate it.
- 14 That's what's happened in this case. Our client
- 15 complained of back pain for years and the government decided,
- 16 as Attachment B to their response, to include defense
- 17 counsel's request to the convening authority for the contract
- 18 extension in there, and we even talk about what they could
- 19 have done to abate the need for essentially an emergency
- 20 surgery in September of last year.
- 21 It is standard care for spinal surgeries and people
- 22 complaining of back pain to have an MRI prior to surgery, and
- 23 then if they're having problems after surgery to have an MRI.

- 1 And then even after that, it is standard practice to receive
- 2 post-operative care for up to one year following spinal
- 3 surgery. That is specifically why the defense requested that
- 4 this MRI funding be extended to September of 2018. The
- 5 initial surgery was in September of 2017. So this is a
- 6 funding issue.
- 7 However, if we want to go over to the adequate
- 8 medical care Eighth Amendment argument, we all know there is a
- 9 substantial risk of serious harm to Mr. Al-Tamir. He actually
- 10 almost fell victim to it because he actually had to require
- 11 multiple surgeries to even be in the position now to be able
- **12** to walk.
- Not ensuring that he continues to receive adequate
- 14 medical care for his spinal conditions is disregarding that
- 15 very specific risk in this case. That includes not just
- 16 physical therapy and pain relievers but access to a
- 17 neurosurgeon, to a neurologist, an orthopedic specialist, and
- 18 for the post-operative care that he needs, which includes an
- 19 MRI that their own neurosurgeon testified that he uses to
- 20 evaluate and base his expert opinions on.
- 21 The government cited to multiple, multiple cases
- 22 about courts or the judicial deference to prison officials,
- 23 but almost all of them were about prison regulations.

- 1 Turner v. Safley was about inmate correspondence in opening up
- 2 mail; Bell v. Wolfish was about double-bunking, hardback
- 3 books, body cavity searches, people not being able to receive
- 4 packages except during Christmas. Thorn v. Abbott [sic] was
- 5 about rejecting incoming publications that prison security
- **6** thought might be inflammatory; <u>Florence v. Board of Chosen</u>
- 7 Freeholders allowing strip search of inmates without
- 8 reasonable suspicion.
- **9** I mean, I could go on and on. But prison
- 10 regulations, that is not the same issue -- not even be
- 11 considered to be equal to adequate medical care when it comes
- 12 to the fact that Mr. Al-Tamir could be at the point right now
- 13 where he might not be able to walk.
- 14 Thank God after four surgeries he is able to walk
- 15 with a walker, but even the government's own neurosurgeon
- 16 said, Hey, I saw that MRI and I thought he is going to need
- 17 more surgery within a couple of weeks. Luckily after talking
- 18 to our client he said, Hey, I'm going to have to check again;
- 19 see how he progresses; look at the symptoms. But we all know
- **20** he, Mr. Al-Tamir, is going to need additional post-operative
- **21** care.
- 22 JTF-GTMO pretty much is already saying he needs
- 23 additional post-operative care. They are the ones that

- 1 allowed the MRI in January 2018. They are the ones allowing
- 2 him to go to physical therapy. The problem isn't JTF-GTMO
- 3 allowing him to have an MRI or allowing him to have access to
- 4 medical providers. The problem is an MRI machine was only
- 5 funded through a specific time period by the convening
- **6** authority.
- 7 We're not asking you to force JTF-GTMO to give an MRI
- 8 on a specific date or to take some kind of specific action.
- 9 We are asking for funding so that JTF-GTMO is in the position
- 10 to provide that adequate medical care and to ensure that this
- 11 case can continue to proceed, because if there is another
- 12 additional issue, much like in fall of last year, it's going
- 13 to lead to an extensive delay because we did not take the
- 14 adequate preventive medical care to ensure that Mr. Al-Tamir
- 15 can continue on in these proceedings.
- Again, it's our society's responsibility, since we
- 17 decided to detain Mr. Al-Tamir, to protect his life and
- 18 health, and we must make the resources available; therefore,
- 19 we are asking that you grant our motion to compel continued
- 20 funding of the MRI machine by the convening authority.
- 21 Do you have any questions, Your Honor?
- 22 MJ [Col RUBIN]: No questions. Thank you, Major.
- 23 DC [Maj FEWELL]: Thank you.

- **1** MJ [Col RUBIN]: Counsel, it is approximately 11:35. If
- 2 you'd just discuss amongst yourselves how you would like to
- 3 proceed.
- 4 [Pause.]
- 5 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Mr. Thurschwell?
- 6 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: Judge, I think if we could take a
- 7 bathroom break now, Mr. Al-Tamir says he thinks he can make it
- 8 to prayer time, and I think we can almost certainly finish
- **9** possibly well before that.
- 10 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Very well. Prayer time is 1301, which I
- 11 think we would have to recess approximately 1245. Is that a
- **12** fair assumption?
- DC [CDR COOPER]: Yes, Your Honor.
- 14 MJ [Col RUBIN]: All right. Very well. Let's take 15
- 15 minutes and then we will press on. The commission is in
- 16 recess.
- 17 [The R.M.C. 803 session recessed at 1140, 17 April 2018.]
- 18 [The R.M.C. 803 session was called to order at 1203, 17 April
- 19 2018.]
- 20 MJ [Col RUBIN]: The commission is called to order. All
- 21 parties present when the commission recessed are again
- 22 present. The accused is present.
- In AE 114 the defense requests that the commission

- 1 direct the government to submit all documents currently
- 2 pending classification review to the original classification
- 3 authority for adjudicated classification. The government
- 4 opposes the defense motion as set forth in AE 114A. The
- 5 defense replied in AE 114B.
- **6** Does the defense request oral argument?
- 7 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: We do, Your Honor.
- 8 MJ [Col RUBIN]: You may proceed, Mr. Thurschwell.
- **9** ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: Judge, the government provided us
- **10** with 4,163, I believe is the number, documents in discovery
- 11 marked Pending Classification Review that I will say what we
- 12 said in our motion. There is no marking, official marking, if
- 13 you look at E013526, Pending Classification Review. It is the
- 14 government has an obligation or the originator of documents --
- 15 in this case the OCA itself has an obligation to do a
- 16 classification review for documents that may be classified and
- 17 mark them according to the executive order.
- The government, under both the MCA and the R.T.M.C.,
- 19 has the obligation to work with the OCA to declassify
- 20 documents, which I take it means, among other things, that to
- 21 get the classification marking right that may be used for
- 22 trial, that it would include discovery production, all of
- 23 which is potentially useful for trial in one way or another.

- 1 And I could argue that at length, and I can respond to their
- 2 argument about <u>Bismullah</u> and whatnot.
- 3 But I think the short argument is that actions speak
- 4 louder than words. And in the government's response they
- 5 inform us that having filed this motion -- once we filed this
- 6 motion they have now submitted all 4,163 documents for
- 7 classification review. And so that is what we sought as
- 8 relief.
- **9** We think that some kind of either schedule for when
- 10 these documents were produced will facilitate the earlier
- 11 rather than later production of those documents in legal form;
- 12 that is in appropriately marked form. And so we would ask for
- 13 either a schedule -- it could be tied to -- I don't want -- I
- 14 mean, I hate to use the abatement word because I know the
- 15 government hates that. But apropos of the argument in AE 111,
- 16 this is another example of how the potential of -- or the
- 17 imminence of judicial action, which I think the government
- 18 recognized once we filed this motion, is something that gets
- 19 this process kick-started.
- We are delighted that the government has actually
- 21 given us the relief we moved for. We disagree with their
- 22 legal reasoning, and I can respond to that if you want. But I
- 23 think the key -- the key issue is whether and when this

1 happens. 2 And I will say one -- one thing about the 3 government's response, the suggestion, which is contrary to 4 all the law and it's directly contrary to Bismullah, that it 5 is somehow having -- the OCA having marked its own documents 6 as Pending Classification Review without actually going 7 through a classification review, that it's the obligation of 8 the defense to request that, apart from the fact that it's 9 directly contrary to all the authorities, it's no way to get 10 this stuff done. 11 And I will simply refer you, Judge, to the 12 Attachment F of AE 111, which is the Anderson declaration, 13 paragraphs 6 and 7, in which, you know, we give an example. 14 Again, this is part of the problem that we've had going 15 forward in moving this case, in which we did submit documents 16 for classification review in December of 2016. And in 17 February of 2018 I believe is the date, we -- after multiple 18 inquiries that were not responded to: What's the status? We 19 were told that the OCA had no record of our requests for 20 classification review. And so this is -- it's the 21 government's job by law, and it's the government's job as a 22 pragmatic matter of getting it done, and I'm glad they finally

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did it.

- 1 I will be happy to speak to <u>Bismullah</u>. And if the
- 2 government argues it, I will respond. I think what I would
- 3 like to do, though, in lieu of that, since we have been given
- 4 by the government what -- the relief we requested, is submit
- 5 to the commission and publish an exhibit that is an
- 6 illustration of the problems for the defense that the
- 7 government's -- the mess that the government makes of their
- 8 classification -- classification review, clearance, et cetera,
- **9** process. It's a small example.
- 10 It actually relates to our difficulties with getting
- 11 AE 014, now C, filed. I decided to show it as part of this
- 12 because it relates to both AE 111 and this general problem
- 13 we're discussing today of the problems with classification
- 14 issues that the government can't get right. And so this will
- 15 in some way be a lead-in to AE 014C. But with your permission
- 16 I will hand it up and publish, if I may.
- 17 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Yes. And trial counsel has seen a copy
- 18 of this?
- 19 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: They have seen a copy. And it's
- 20 been marked, I should say, AE 014C for identification.
- 21 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you. The commission has received
- 22 that exhibit.
- 23 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: And with the judge's permission,

- 1 when you have reviewed it, I would like to publish it.
- 2 MJ [Col RUBIN]: You may, Mr. Thurschwell.
- 3 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: Thank you. Apparently my fingers
- 4 marked it -- thank you.
- 5 Judge, I'm going to show you the life cycle and then,
- 6 I would say, the afterlife of a discovery document that we
- 7 received marked UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO from the government in
- 8 discovery. We attached it initially as an attachment to what
- 9 was then AE 014B, and I'm going to explain what happened next.
- 10 But this is the initial leading up to of the filing. The
- 11 reason I am going to show you this is that ultimately this was
- 12 rejected because of -- it was considered a spill, our
- 13 attaching to it, marked in an unclassified pleading.
- 14 The document in question was created, according to
- 15 its date, at Guantanamo on 8 January 2016. Steps 1, 2, 3, and
- 16 4, I should say, and I will explain them, are somewhat
- 17 speculative for us. They are internal government processes,
- 18 but logically something like this had to have happened. And
- 19 so this document, when we received it, it was marked U//FOUO.
- 20 When it was rejected by trial judiciary and treated as a
- 21 spill, it was considered SECRET. And the question that this
- 22 slide asks is why -- how that happened, how something that we
- 23 received marked U//FOUO could have ended up being -- being

1 ultimately rejected. 2 And so it's created at Guantanamo; it's evaluated for 3 delivery in some form to the chief prosecutor's office, 4 probably in response to a discovery request and passed on 5 down; it's received by OCP; it's reviewed to be sure in some 6 form along the way that it really is discoverable, I assume; 7 and then it is eventually burned to CD for delivery to the 8 defense. And we have circa 22 March 2017. That's the first 9 date that we are fairly certain of because that is the file 10 properties date on that file, so that's presumably when it was 11 burned. 12 Now, at every step along the way, this document had 13 to be considered -- the classification status of it had to be 14 considered, if only for handling purposes. And so steps 1, 2, 15 3, and 4, somebody within OCP or JTF initially had to make a 16 decision about this document. And so they marked it 17 apparently incorrectly at some point U//FOUO. 18 We receive it marked incorrectly -- and this 19 generally applies to all of these mismarked documents we've 20 got, whether they are supposed to be SECRET but they have been 21 marked U//FOUO, if they are marked as Pending Classification

are not allowed to change the marking that's been put on it by

Review. When we receive it and we review it by our DISO, we

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- 1 the OCA. And the document review we do is to make sure that,
- 2 okay, that's the status, are there paragraph markings, is
- 3 there -- I mean, to make sure it conforms to the form of the
- 4 requirements under the EO and the DoD Manual. So we did that.
- **5** We attached it to the motion and filed it on 19 March 2018,
- 6 marked and filed as it was marked by the OCA as we received it
- 7 by the government.
- 8 This now is the afterlife of that document,
- 9 attachment. Again, it's filed on 19 March 2018. Four days
- 10 later the filing is revoked. It's initially received and
- 11 filed. It's revoked. And we were told that it was -- it was
- 12 -- there was some kind of -- there was a problem with it, a
- 13 classification problem.
- 14 We then spent the next week trying to figure out what
- 15 was wrong. We were -- we repeatedly -- our DISO sent repeated
- 16 e-mails to WHS seeking to confirm, is this a spill or is this
- 17 not a spill? We weren't sure at that point. We received no
- 18 notice. Repeatedly -- we got an initial acknowledgment: We
- 19 received your e-mail. We're thinking about it. We heard
- 20 nothing.
- In the meantime, I can't even, I mean, tell you like
- 22 how much time it takes. We are trying to figure out are we
- 23 going to be able to get this thing filed, what's the problem,

- 1 what was the potential problem with this? We don't know. We
- 2 start looking. We have -- there is consultations with the
- 3 attorneys. There's like all the complications with new
- 4 filings and figuring out: Can we file this now without that?
- 5 Should we file it classified? All of this takes ridiculous
- 6 amounts of time. I mean, it's hard to describe, but these are
- 7 the logistical difficulties that are created.
- **8** We repeatedly -- 27 March again, we seek a
- 9 confirmation of a spill. We don't get that confirmation, but
- 10 on that date our IT people apparently learned that there was a
- 11 spill, and they began wiping our computers. More time taken
- 12 out from our -- we can't use the computers while they are
- 13 cleaning them up.
- 14 Finally, two days after that we get the formal
- 15 notification of the spill and we receive the redacted
- 16 discovery document from WHS cleaned up and are told you can
- 17 file this. We finally -- it's filed as AE 014C, which we are
- **18** about to argue.
- 19 Two more consequences that are not on this slide.
- 20 One is we didn't file a reply because it wasn't filed formally
- 21 until 30 March 2018. We really didn't have time to get it
- 22 together before we were able to respond to the government's
- 23 response. So it cut down our reply time by a week, and we are

- 1 now in the position where we haven't filed a reply, a direct
- 2 consequence of a problem created by the government and the
- **3** OCA.
- 4 The second is we still don't know -- we filed a spill
- 5 report, our DISO did, as he is required to do. We haven't
- **6** heard anything. The consequences of this may be far broader.
- 7 I mean, this was a document that was mismarked. It's on
- 8 government servers. It's on -- who knows where it is at this
- **9** point. And so there may be major spill cleanups to follow.
- 10 We don't know. We have not heard back.
- 11 So I'm going to leave it at that, but I think it's at
- 12 least to give the commission a taste of what we're talking
- 13 about when we talk about the consequences of the government's
- 14 failure to abide by its own requirements on the classification
- **15** side.
- And unless you have questions, Judge, I'm done.
- 17 MJ [Col RUBIN]: No questions, Mr. Thurschwell.
- 18 Trial Counsel, does the government wish to present
- **19** argument? Captain?
- 20 ATC [Capt DEPUE]: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Captain
- **21** Depue for the government.
- 22 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Good afternoon, Captain Depue.
- 23 ATC [Capt DEPUE]: As outlined in the government's

- 1 response in AE 114A, there seems to be a misunderstanding,
- 2 albeit a reasonable one, on the intent of the Pending
- 3 Classification Review banner, and despite the original
- 4 classification authority originally classifying the documents
- 5 at issue, the defense has requested relief in three forms in
- 6 the AE 114 series.
- 7 The defense has requested that the -- an order from
- 8 the military commission to put the documents with the Pending
- 9 Classification Review banner into classification review, not
- 10 in the body of 114, but in just one small section in the
- 11 proposed trial conduct order. It requested in AE 114 a
- 12 timeline from the military commission for putting these
- 13 documents through classification review, and the defense also
- 14 talked about it more in its reply.
- 15 And then also in its reply the defense requested a
- 16 standing order as far as the Pending Classification Review
- 17 from the military commission.
- As far as the defense's first requested relief and
- 19 the order from the military commission to put documents with
- 20 Pending Classification Review banners into classification
- 21 review, the defense in its oral argument conceded that that
- 22 issue is moot at this point, and the charts that the defense
- 23 put up had nothing to do with 114. It may touch on 014C, and

1 Lieutenant Commander Lincoln will address that after I am 2 finished. 3 As far as the standing order, as far as Pending 4 Classification Review banners, the issue is not ripe and it's 5 unnecessary and it would be inappropriate. The defense's 6 request is based upon contingent events that may or may not 7 occur in the future. There is no indication that any 8 documents in the future will have the Pending Classification 9 Review banner or what type of documents they would be or how 10 many documents there would be. There's no indication of who 11 the person or the party would be that would be classifying 12 them or whether they would be derivatively classified, 13 tentatively classified or originally classified. So there 14 would be no basis for a proper standing order at this point, 15 but if the issue comes up in the future, the defense would be 16 free to file a motion at that point addressing the issue. 17 And as far as the proposed timeline that the defense 18 put forth in its proposed trial conduct order, the defense put 19 forth a 1 May 2018 date, and that date is just -- it's simply 20 not reasonable nor is it possible, quite frankly. 21 government would propose if the military judge is inclined to 22 impose a date or a deadline for these documents to get through 23 classification review, the government would request a date of

- **1** 31 May.
- 2 And barring any questions from Your Honor, that's all
- 3 the government has.
- 4 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you, Captain Depue. You answered
- 5 the one question I did have. Thank you.
- **6** Mr. Thurschwell?
- 7 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: Nothing further, Judge.
- **8** MJ [Col RUBIN]: Counsel, let's move on to AE 014C. The
- 9 defense requests that the commission reconsider
- 10 Protective Order #3 and apply the standards set forth in
- 11 Attachment B, the draft interim amended Protective Order #3.
- 12 The government opposes the defense motion as set forth in the
- 13 government's response, which is AE 014E. As stated by
- 14 Mr. Thurschwell in the previous oral argument, the defense did
- 15 not file a reply.
- 16 Mr. Thurschwell, I know we discussed this during the
- 17 802. Is the defense prepared to litigate this motion now
- **18** absent the reply?
- 19 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: Judge, we are prepared to litigate
- 20 it. We may need to supplement with the commission's
- 21 permission if that seems appropriate after the argument given
- 22 the short time we had to respond.
- 23 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Very well. Just let me know if the

- **1** defense desires to do so.
- 2 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: Thank you, Judge, we will, and
- 3 Major Miller will be arguing.
- 4 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Major Miller, you may proceed.
- 5 ADDC [Maj MILLER]: Thank you, Your Honor.
- **6** Your Honor, the defense is specifically requesting
- 7 that you reconsider Protective Order #3 because as the facts
- 8 stand in this case today, Protective Order #3 doesn't really
- 9 protect sensitive but unclassified information. Also, it
- 10 provides very little guidance on the protection of controlled
- 11 unclassified information. This lack of guidance as it
- 12 currently states provides a hardship for Mr. Al-Tamir's
- 13 ability to participate in his own defense.
- 14 To break it down a little bit, Your Honor,
- 15 Protective Order #3 was specifically created to protect
- 16 sensitive but unclassified discovery materials. As mentioned
- 17 in our motion, sensitive but unclassified information is a
- 18 specific category contained within controlled unclassified
- 19 information. To the defense's knowledge, the government has
- 20 never marked a document as Sensitive But Unclassified. Also,
- 21 the government never complied with the military judge's order
- 22 that they segregate materials into Sensitive But Unclassified
- 23 Discovery Materials, and not.

- 1 The defense has been provided classified materials, 2 Secret, Top Secret, and then we have been provided 3 unclassified materials, none of which have been marked SBU, 4 Sensitive But Unclassified, Your Honor. Instead, the 5 government has arbitrarily applied ad hoc dissemination 6 applications to these various unclassified documents. As 7 mentioned in our original motion, they've used Law Enforcement 8 Sensitive, they've used FOUO, they've used NOT FOR PUBLIC 9 RELEASE, they have used RELEASE TO ISN 10026 but not to 10 another detainee. They basically have used every 11 dissemination category under the sun except for Sensitive But 12 Unclassified Information, thereby making Protective Order #3 13 completely, I guess, ineffective in actually protecting 14 unclassified information. 15 The way in which that harms Mr. Al-Tamir is that now 16 the defense has documents marked UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO with no 17 understanding as to what the defense can provide to 18 Mr. Al-Tamir, what they can just display to him versus what 19 they can actually give to him and what they can't. 20 Now, Your Honor, I can explain that a little bit
- 23 UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO statement-wise. Typically, as our

we mentioned in our motion, that are marked simply

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So basically there are approximately 500 documents, as

- 1 understanding of it is, Your Honor -- and we do not get
- 2 classification guidelines. We've requested them, and we've
- 3 never been provided them. But our understanding of FOUO
- 4 documents is that it is not for public release. That is our
- **5** barebones understanding.
- **6** However, contradicting our understanding, the
- 7 government has actually provided documents marked
- 8 UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO//NOT RELEASABLE TO PUBLIC, and
- 9 UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO//RELEASABLE TO DETAINEE, DISPLAYABLE TO
- **10** DETAINEE. NOT RELEASABLE TO DETAINEE.
- 11 What that means is -- or at least for the defense is
- 12 that at least 500 statements are currently in limbo, because
- 13 they are simply marked UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO, and the defense has
- 14 no idea whether we can provide those statements to
- 15 Mr. Al-Tamir to get his input and to secure his participation
- 16 in his own defense, Your Honor.
- 17 We do have an exhibit that's been marked AE 014F,
- 18 Your Honor. A copy was previously provided to the government,
- 19 and I would like to provide a copy to you now.
- 20 MJ [Col RUBIN]: You may. The commission received a copy
- 21 of the exhibit.
- 22 ADDC [Maj MILLER]: Thank you, Your Honor. Now, the
- 23 defense is not going to display this. We are just going to

- 1 discuss it as we walk through the situation that the defense
- 2 is faced with that Protective Order #3 provides no resolution
- **3** of.
- 4 Specifically, Your Honor, we get a discovery
- 5 document, and we assume the government -- and this is an
- 6 assumption, because as Mr. Thurschwell stated, this is an
- 7 internal process that they don't tell us what they do with.
- 8 But they get a discovery document. They determine whether
- 9 it's classified or not. If it's classified, then it goes into
- 10 the, you know, 505 process. It's produced on SIPRNet and
- 11 everything of that nature. That is not information that we're
- 12 discussing in Protective Order #3. We're specifically talking
- 13 about the unclassified information that we got delivered to us
- **14** via NIPRNet.
- 15 From that point, the government would say
- 16 unclassified, but then they'll mark it with additional
- 17 handling instructions. An additional handling instruction,
- 18 for example, is FOUO or RELEASE TO ISN 10026 or DISPLAY ONLY
- 19 TO ISN 10026. These are handling instructions for the
- 20 unclassified document. So if the document is marked FOUO,
- 21 they add, as I previously mentioned, the DISPLAY TO, the NOT
- 22 RELEASE TO, and we have plain FOUO as well as RELEASE TO.
- The issue is the plain FOUO documents, Your Honor,

- 1 because as I mentioned, based on the defense's understanding
- 2 of the classification guidelines and unclassification
- 3 guidelines, plain FOUO means it is not releasable to the
- 4 government; however, we have documents that say FOUO//NOT
- 5 RELEASABLE TO PUBLIC, implying the plain FOUO can actually be
- **6** released to the public.
- 7 Now, of course, we are still erring on the side of
- 8 caution when we get a document marked UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO.
- 9 We're not displaying it to the public; we are only using it in
- 10 -- FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY in this proceeding. However, a
- 11 protective order is meant to provide clarification on these
- 12 issues, and right now Protective Order #3 does not do that.
- 13 We are in a state of confusion as to what we can do with these
- 14 documents and whether or not we can show them to Mr. Al-Tamir
- 15 so that he can weigh in and actually assist us in preparing
- 16 his defense.
- Now, Your Honor, as Mr. Thurschwell stated, it is in
- 18 Mr. Al-Tamir's interests to proceed forward with this
- 19 commission. The defense is trying to catch up. It is
- 20 extremely difficult to do this when the current markings do
- 21 not assist us in actually handling these documents, and that
- 22 is why we're requesting that you reconsider
- 23 Protective Order #3.

Also, contrary to the government's assertions when

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2 they originally requested Protective Order #3, over 55 percent 3 of the statements that we have been provided, right now as 4 currently marked, we can't give them to Mr. Al-Tamir. Now, I 5 say that specifically because the government made assurances 6 to this commission that only in a limited amount of 7 circumstances will they say that a document can't go to 8 Mr. Al-Tamir that's unclassified; however, over 50 percent of 9 the documents that we have currently in our possession we 10 cannot show, discuss, or provide to Mr. Al-Tamir for his 11 review. 12 Now, we have received definitions from WHS on what 13 means RELEASE TO, NOT RELEASE TO, and DISPLAY TO. And we 14 don't know, but we assume WHS got those definitions from the 15 OCA. However, again, no one is taking these documents back to 16 the OCA that are marked plain FOUO to determine what are the 17 additional handling instructions for those documents, because 18 we wish to believe that, as the government said, they're 19 trying to limit the amount of unclassified information that is 20 not, I guess, viewable by the accused. We want to believe 21 that, but as it stands right now, they are not doing that, and 22 Protective Order #3 doesn't provide them any checks and 23 balances and doesn't provide us any guidance on what we are

- 1 supposed to do with these documents.
- Now, in the government's response, they made a big
- 3 issue of citing to M.C.R.E. 505, and again, as I pointed out,
- 4 Your Honor, when we were discussing AE 014F, we're not talking
- 5 about classified information. So 505 is out the door; it's
- 6 completely irrelevant to this issue. What we're discussing is
- 7 unclassified information and what we can do with that
- 8 unclassified information and what we cannot do. That is
- 9 squarely within the realm of Protective Order #3.
- The government in their response also attempts to say
- 11 that what the defense is really trying to do is get the
- 12 commission to reconsider AE 084. That is, I guess, a blatant
- 13 misunderstanding of their own classification process,
- **14** Your Honor.
- AE 084 is what documents we can give to Mr. Al-Tamir
- 16 based on how they are already marked. As it stands right now,
- 17 about 500 statements are currently marked with just FOUO;
- 18 therefore, Protective Order #3 is the appropriate manner in
- 19 which to handle this issue, because it doesn't deal with the
- 20 dissemination that comes after it's marked. It deals with how
- 21 you mark it to begin with; how do you protect it to begin
- 22 with. And then once it is marked, what the defense can and
- 23 cannot do.

- **1** Again, this is not a motion to reconsider AE 084.
- 2 This is a motion to basically make Protective Order #3
- 3 actually applicable to the facts and circumstances of this
- 4 case.
- 5 Your Honor, pending any questions from you, that
- **6** concludes my argument.
- 7 MJ [Col RUBIN]: No questions, Major, not at this point.
- 8 Thank you.
- **9** Trial Counsel, who will be speaking for the
- **10** government? Lieutenant Commander Lincoln?
- 11 ATC [LCDR LINCOLN]: Yes, Your Honor. Your Honor, I will
- 12 be brief because AE 014C is in reality asking for a solution
- 13 for a problem that doesn't exist.
- 14 The defense has had a longstanding objection to the
- 15 classification process and the classification of documents.
- 16 It's taken various forms. We've seen it throughout the 505
- 17 process, the 023 series, the 505(h) hearings with al Darbi,
- 18 motions to compel classified discovery. But what they are
- 19 asking for is, in effect, for this commission to direct the
- 20 OCAs as to how to classify and how to mark documents.
- 21 Major Miller states that 014 -- AE 014A, the
- 22 Protective Order #3, has done nothing or has done little to
- 23 protect classified or unclassified but sensitive information.

- 1 In fact, it has done a very good job at that. Her complaints
- 2 and the defense's complaints are with how they disseminate
- 3 information to the accused, and that does fall squarely within
- 4 what is contemplated in AE 084A.
- 5 You know, I looked at it is AE 014F, the document
- 6 that you were provided by the defense. I mean, from the looks
- 7 of it, first of all, there are some errors particularly on the
- 8 classified side, how that works; and obviously there is a lot
- 9 that goes into determining why a document is discoverable.
- 10 But as you look at it, it looks like they do have a generally
- 11 decent understanding of what they need to do with sensitive
- 12 but unclassified information.
- I will not reiterate our argument that's in our
- 14 response. The response lays out why the mark -- why the OCAs
- 15 should be relied upon and that the defense has failed even in
- 16 the oral arguments today, even after -- even though they refer
- 17 quite frequently to the Executive Order 13526. Section 1.6
- 18 talks about ways in -- improper ways for an OCA to mark a
- 19 document or to classify a document. And even after bringing
- 20 that to the defense's attention in our response, the defense
- 21 has failed to even make one reference as to how a document
- 22 was -- was improperly classified.
- 23 So Major Miller states that there are classification

- 1 issues the government just can't get right. I think they -- I
- 2 mean, they illustrated one example in what was marked as 114C.
- 3 I mean, it has very little relevance to the 114 series. I
- 4 mean, one document that had an issue with it I don't think
- 5 really carries much weight that the overall process is
- 6 completely messed up as the defense would lead everyone to
- 7 believe. That investigation is still ongoing, so I'm not
- 8 going to comment further, but again, it's an anecdotal one
- 9 document and it goes -- it doesn't provide any weight that the
- 10 overall system is messed up.
- 11 The defense's biggest issue I understand is with the
- 12 documents that they claim are, quote, in limbo, documents that
- 13 are marked FOUO but without dissemination caveats, and they go
- 14 to the point that some are marked FOUO//NOT FOR PUBLIC
- 15 RELEASE, some are just marked simply FOUO, FOR OFFICIAL USE
- **16** ONLY.
- 17 I mean, the NOT RELEASABLE TO PUBLIC, my
- 18 understanding that is a commission-specific marking
- 19 particularly to highlight the fact that a document can't be
- 20 displayed in this commission, which isn't an official setting,
- 21 but which the public is allowed to see, so that's my
- 22 understanding of that.
- But more basically, there is -- there is significant

- 1 guidance as to how the Department of Defense and other
- 2 agencies within the federal government mark documents. That's
- 3 the controlling guidance. I mean, the DoD Manual is lengthy.
- 4 It explains how documents are marked, legacy marking
- 5 documents, which are still authorized. And that is how they
- 6 mark their documents and, you know, they have done a laudable
- 7 job in going through mountains of documents and classifying
- 8 them, reviewing defense requests.
- **9** As for the 500 documents that the defense is
- 10 referring to today, I'm not aware of any specific request that
- 11 those be reprocessed for any particular purpose, and, you
- 12 know, we don't necessarily -- the defense can make those
- 13 requests without going through the government.
- 14 We bring up 505(a)(3) because that's one of our
- 15 obligations. That's the only mention we have in our response
- 16 to 505, and it's because we do have an obligation, and, you
- 17 know, we will -- we take that obligation seriously, and if
- 18 they want us to work with the OCAs on classification, we will
- 19 do that pursuant to our obligations. If they want to do that
- 20 without going through us, my understanding is there is a
- 21 process that they can submit that through. I don't have the
- 22 details to that. If there is an issue with that, I am not
- 23 aware of it.

1 But to say that the documents are in limbo, again, is 2 not an accurate representation because obviously they have 500 3 documents they have identified as being For Official Use Only. 4 So now we go to AE 084, the privileged communications order, 5 which, again, was requested at the request -- or, excuse me, 6 the defense requested and issued by this commission without 7 objection by the government. That order is to facilitate the 8 provision of discovery to the accused, and that -- that's how 9 the government is working under the impression that this is 10 what's being used to bring information to the accused. 11 And as Major Miller stated, they have definitions for 12 what the various markings are. Those markings, RELEASABLE TO, 13 DISPLAYABLE TO, those are markings pursuant to AE 084A. 14 are not DoD 5200 classification markings. They are being done 15 at the defense's request to clarify for the Privilege Review 16 Team what can go to the accused and how it can go to him. 17 So, you know, again, this is -- like I said, it's a 18 solution without a problem, because we have both 014A, which 19 protects the information, and 084A, which explains how -- the 20 process to get that information to the accused. And to the 21 extent that a document isn't marked pursuant to 084A, whether 22 -- they don't know whether they can release or display it to 23 there is a process there and we are happy to assist them in

- **1** working with the OCA.
- **2** Do you have any questions, Your Honor?
- **3** MJ [Col RUBIN]: No questions. Thank you.
- 4 ATC [LCDR LINCOLN]: One moment, Your Honor.
- 5 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Yes.
- **6** ATC [LCDR LINCOLN]: That's all from the government,
- 7 Your Honor.
- **8** MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you.
- **9** Major Miller, I will give you the final word.
- 10 ADDC [Maj MILLER]: I will make it brief, Your Honor, as I
- 11 take note of the time.
- 12 Your Honor, the very nature and reason why we are
- 13 requesting a modification or reconsideration of Protective
- 14 Order #3 is evident by the government's argument to you just
- 15 now. The government says it's my understanding that the
- 16 phrase NOT RELEASABLE TO PUBLIC comes from the commission. My
- 17 understanding is that's what it is, okay? And then the
- 18 government says, it's my understanding that there is a process
- 19 for the defense to submit these 500 statements to the OCA. If
- 20 there is a problem with that process, I don't know anything
- 21 about that.
- 22 Again, Your Honor, there is a need for clarification
- 23 and Protective Order #3 is the way to do that. The government

- 1 itself isn't even sure of its process and procedure. The
- 2 government itself can't even tell the defense how to do it.
- 3 It is the job -- or it is within the commission's realm to
- 4 essentially ensure that this case can move forward.
- 5 And if as the government says the NOT RELEASABLE TO
- 6 THE PUBLIC came from the commission itself, then the
- 7 commission very well has the authority to tell them to mark it
- 8 RELEASABLE, NOT RELEASABLE. We're doing that now; however,
- 9 the past FOUO documents, nothing's being done with those.
- Now, the government says that I did not address the
- 11 executive order. Your Honor, under the executive order, they
- 12 should have made these changes 180 days after it was
- 13 effective. They shouldn't have even been using legacy
- 14 markings, but they are. So we're trying to work with the
- 15 system that the government is using to ensure that
- **16** Mr. Al-Tamir still has a right to participate in his own
- 17 defense.
- And again, the government is still using the phrase
- 19 Sensitive But Unclassified Information. There is nothing
- 20 marked Sensitive But Unclassified Information. There is a
- 21 Controlled Unclassified Information that is then marked FOUO,
- 22 but there is no SBU marking, and yet the government is still
- 23 using that phrase, further causing confusion.

- We are operating in a realm where Pending doesn'treally mean Pending, where we can't trust when they mark
- 3 UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO that it is actually UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO.
- 4 And now we operate in a realm where they just toss out
- 5 Sensitive But Unclassified Information like it doesn't have
- 6 its own definition.
- 7 Your Honor, this is just further reiterating that we
- 8 need this commission to reconsider Protective Order #3 so that
- 9 we can, one, ensure that for controlled unclassified
- 10 information it's actually being disseminated appropriately so
- 11 as not to harm the national security of the United States of
- 12 America, but then also our obligation to effectively represent
- 13 Mr. Al-Tamir and his right to participate in his defense,
- **14** Your Honor.
- 15 Thank you.
- **16** MJ [Col RUBIN]: Thank you, Major.
- 17 Mr. Spencer?
- 18 ATC [MR. SPENCER]: Your Honor, may we take up one
- 19 housekeeping issue prior to going off the record?
- 20 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Yes.
- 21 ATC [MR. SPENCER]: Your Honor, in light of
- 22 Mr. Thurschwell's argument earlier, or discussion about the
- 23 short-term crisis of the counsel leaving in June, I believe he

- 1 referred to, our next session of court isn't scheduled until
- 2 the end of June, and the government is concerned as to --
- 3 would like some guidance from the commission as to how the
- 4 commission intends to handle release of those counsel.
- 5 MJ [Col RUBIN]: I'm not prepared to address that right
- 6 now, but it's a matter I will give some consideration to. As
- 7 you state, the next session is currently scheduled to take
- 8 place the week of 25 June.
- **9** Mr. Thurschwell, you wish to be heard?
- 10 ADC [MR. THURSCHWELL]: I only want to point out that
- 11 we've -- no one has moved to withdraw yet -- I mean, sorry,
- 12 there's one motion to withdraw. I have not moved to withdraw.
- 13 We can address that when the time comes.
- 14 MJ [Col RUBIN]: The commission hasn't seen any retirement
- 15 paperwork for Captain Fischer, any paperwork related to
- 16 Commander Cooper and reserve orders, at least nothing's been
- 17 filed that I've seen, so I'm not prepared to address that
- 18 right now.
- 19 ATC [MR. SPENCER]: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 20 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Counsel, is there any other matters we
- 21 need to address at this session? Trial Counsel?
- TC [CDR SHORT]: No, Your Honor.
- 23 MJ [Col RUBIN]: Anything from the defense?

1	DC [CDR COOPER]: No, Your Honor.
2	MJ [Col RUBIN]: Very well. As previously stated, the
3	commission is in recess until the next session, which is
4	currently scheduled to take place the week of 25 June 2018
5	Thank you very much everyone. The commission is in recess
6	[The R.M.C. 803 session recessed at 1249, 17 April 2018.]
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