1 [The R.M.C. 803 session was called to order at 0901, 2 2 May 2019.] 3 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: The commission is called to order. 4 Trial Counsel, are all of the government counsel who 5 were present at the last session again present? CP [BG MARTINS]: Good morning, Your Honor. Major Dykstra 6 7 is attending to commission business outside the courtroom; 8 everyone else is present. 9 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: All right. Thank you. 10 Mr. Nevin? 11 LDC [MR. NEVIN]: The same from our last hearing. 12 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Ms. Bormann? 13 LDC [MS. BORMANN]: Judge, we're the same from the last 14 hearing. I would let the court know that at some point this 15 morning, I'm going to ask that Captain Caine leave to attend 16 to other matters. 17 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: That's fine. Thank you. 18 Mr. Harrington? 19 LDC [MR. HARRINGTON]: We are the same, Judge. 20 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: All right. Thank you. 21

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LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Good morning, Your Honor.

MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Good morning.

Mr. Connell?

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23

- 1 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Everyone who was present is still
- 2 present.
- 3 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Thank you.
- 4 Mr. Ruiz?
- 5 LDC [MR. RUIZ]: Judge, we have the same team with the
- 6 exception of Major Wilkinson, who is engaged in other duties.
- 7 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay. Thank you.
- **8** I will note that the following accused are absent:
- **9** Mr. Bin'Attash, Mr. Ali, and Mr. Hawsawi.
- 10 Trial Counsel, do you have a witness to testify as to
- 11 the absences I just noticed?
- 12 TC [MR. SWANN]: We do, Your Honor. I would ask that you
- 13 remind him about the oath he took.
- **14** MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay. Thank you.
- 15 Good morning, Captain. I'll remind you that you're
- **16** still under oath. All right. Thank you.
- 17 CAPTAIN, U.S. NAVY, was called as a witness for the
- 18 prosecution, was reminded of his oath, and testified as
- 19 follows:
- 20 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 21 Questions by the Trial Counsel [MR. SWANN]:
- Q. Captain, did you have the occasion to advise three
- 23 accused this morning?

- **1** A. I did, sir.
- 2 Q. Let's take up Walid Bin'Attash first; it's Appellate
- 3 Exhibit 626 consisting of three pages. Do you have that
- 4 document in front of you?
- **5** A. 626B, yes, sir.
- **6** Q. What time did you advise Mr. Bin'Attash of his
- 7 rights?
- **8** A. I began at 0630, 6:30, and ended at 0635.
- **9** Q. And did you use the form that you have in front of
- **10** you?
- **11** A. I did.
- 12 Q. Mr. Bin'Attash, did he have an Arabic translation of
- 13 the form?
- **14** A. He had one available to him, yes, sir.
- **15** Q. All right. Did he execute the form?
- **16** A. He did, sir.
- 17 Q. The Arabic or English version?
- **18** A. The Arabic.
- 19 Q. Do you believe he understood his right to attend this
- 20 morning's proceeding?
- 21 A. I do believe he did.
- Q. Next would be 626C, also consisting of three pages.
- 23 Mr. Ali Abdul Aziz Ali, what time did you advise him?

- 1 A. I started at 0635 and ended at 0639.
- **Q**. Did you use the English form or the Arabic form?
- **3** A. I read to -- I read the English form to him, sir.
- 4 Q. And did he execute the English form indicating his
- **5** waiver of attendance?
- **6** A. He did.
- 7 Q. And the final detainee, Mustafa Ahmed Adam
- 8 al Hawsawi, a three-page document, 626D. Did you advise him
- 9 of his right to attend this morning's proceeding?
- **10** A. I did, sir.
- 11 Q. Did he -- did you do that in English or in Arabic?
- 12 A. I read it in English, and he had an Arabic version
- 13 that he was reading off of.
- 14 Q. And did he sign the Arabic version waiving his right
- 15 to attend?
- **16** A. He did, sir.
- 17 Q. Do you believe each of these individuals voluntarily
- 18 waived their right to attend this morning's proceeding?
- **19** A. I do.
- TC [MR. SWANN]: No further.
- 21 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Thank you, Mr. Swann.
- 22 Do any of the defense counsel have questions of this
- 23 witness? Mr. Connell -- or Ms. Bormann.

- **1** LDC [MS. BORMANN]: No, Judge.
- 2 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Mr. Connell.
- 3 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Sir, you have stated that you have
- 4 given us a continuing objection to anonymous testimony. Do I
- 5 understand the military commission to mean by that that I do
- 6 not need to continue to object each time anonymous testimony
- 7 is offered?
- **8** MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Correct.
- **9** LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Thank you.
- **10** MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Thank you.
- 11 Okay. Captain, you can step down.
- 12 [The witness was excused and withdrew from the courtroom.]
- 13 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: The commission finds that
- 14 Mr. Bin'Attash, Mr. Ali and Mr. Hawsawi have knowingly and
- 15 voluntarily waived their right to be present at today's
- 16 session.
- Before we take up AE 523/330, which I do believe we
- 18 can take up collectively, unless any party desires to separate
- 19 those, I do want to afford Mr. Nevin, since I indicated I
- 20 would, an opportunity to be heard with respect to the prior
- **21** AEs that we've already addressed.
- 22 LDC [MR. NEVIN]: I appreciate the offer, Your Honor, and
- 23 in the interim I have not been able to prepare additional

- 1 arguments to present, and so I can't accept your offer to make
- 2 additional argument at this time.
- 3 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay. Thank you.
- 4 So, with that, we will go ahead and take up the
- 5 matter of AE 523.
- 6 LDC [MR. HARRINGTON]: Excuse me, Judge. Could I just
- 7 clarify the court on our issue from the other day?
- **8** MJ [Col PARRELLA]: You certainly can.
- 9 LDC [MR. HARRINGTON]: Judge, yesterday we had interviews
- 10 with the senior medical officer and the psych from the camp.
- 11 I want to thank the court for helping us to do that and
- 12 Mr. Trivett for arranging it. It was very beneficial to us
- 13 in terms of trying to progress with this problem, and
- 14 primarily an acknowledgement from both that Mr. Binalshibh's
- 15 problems are real, and there's a dispute between the parties
- 16 as to the cause of them, which will require more litigation.
- 17 But having that, and having clarifications on how
- 18 their diagnoses or lack of diagnoses were made, was extremely
- 19 beneficial and something that we did not have based on the
- 20 records that had been provided so far. So it was extremely
- 21 helpful to us and helpful to our client in knowing that
- 22 there's been that acknowledgement.
- 23 So we will advise the court further in writing by

- 1 motions.
- 2 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay. Well, thank you,
- 3 Mr. Harrington. I'm glad to hear that, and we will take
- 4 action when it becomes appropriate.
- 5 Mr. Connell.
- **6** Good morning.
- 7 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Good morning, Your Honor. We're
- 8 before the court on AE 523N, which is a motion to reconsider
- 9 the military commission's order in 523J.
- There are really four issues that are presented here
- 11 and they're somewhat discrete from each other. Some of them
- 12 are new issues raised by the government's ex parte pleading
- 13 practice, and some of them are sort of leftover issues from
- 14 the global 523 litigation that was not fully resolved in the
- 15 two prior orders of the military commission.
- 16 With respect to the new issues, this is styled as a
- 17 motion to reconsider, but it's really the first time we've had
- 18 the opportunity to be heard on it.
- 19 With respect to the other parts of the issues, the
- 20 medical records at issue also in 330 and the few remaining
- 21 witnesses, what I think of as the non-UFI/nonmedical
- 22 witnesses, that's also not really a motion to reconsider
- 23 because it's really just pointing out to the military

- 1 commission that there are a few pieces left out of 523 that
- 2 have not been ruled on.
- **3** The first issue is that in AE 523J, the military
- 4 commission states that the government represented to it that
- 5 medical witnesses -- the names of medical witnesses are
- 6 classified when they are combined with the names of the
- 7 detainees that they treat. As far as I can tell from all of
- 8 the evidence in the record, other than the military
- 9 commission's recitation of that representation, that is
- 10 untrue.
- 11 The medical witnesses, including their contact
- 12 information are SBU, or sensitive but unclassified. One
- 13 might also group that under controlled unclassified
- 14 information, which was a reform that the Obama Administration
- 15 tried to make; whether it took or not is not clear.
- 16 But one of the places that we know that, and the
- 17 government put this in its unclassified brief, is from AE 014
- 18 Attachment B, which is a declaration from General Fraser, at
- 19 that time the commander of SOUTHCOM, paragraph 39, which very
- 20 clearly distinguishes between information which is classified
- 21 and information which is sensitive but unclassified, and very
- 22 specifically identifies the medical providers at Guantanamo as
- 23 falling into the sensitive but unclassified area.

1 Now, there are many other ways that we know that is 2 true, and for -- since 2013, at least, the parties -- both 3 parties have acted in reliance on the government's pleading in 4 AE 014 Attachment B where they stated that these medical 5 witnesses were sensitive but unclassified. 6 And I will give you a number of examples 7 demonstrating the reliance of both parties on that 8 representation. 9 First, although that we didn't know this until 10 recently, on seven occasions in the redacted medical records 11 that we have, medical providers used their true names. 12 current unclassified medical records, it turns out, contain 13 seven true names of medical records -- of medical providers, 14 rather, all provided by the government in unclassified format. 15 In AE 152P, which I'm sure the military commission 16 has right there on its NIPR computer, the government listed 17 several medical witnesses specifically associated with Ramzi 18 Binalshibh, and in an unclassified pleading, which is 19 certainly still resident on our NIPR level computers -- and 20 I'm sure, because we haven't been notified of any spill for 21 the military commission as well -- the -- those were not just 22 general information about medical witnesses, they were medical 23 witnesses specifically associated with Mr. Binalshibh because

- 1 this was filed in association with the government's motion for
- 2 a competency evaluation of Mr. Binalshibh.
- Now, 152P is unique among pleadings, in my
- 4 experience, because not only does it -- is it filed
- 5 unclassified, it has the word UNCLASS written on it, which is
- 6 very unusual because normally we don't mark things which are
- 7 strictly unclassified, but this has fax markings on it.
- 8 I considered and eliminated dropping a footnote
- 9 explaining for the record what a fax machine is, by -- because
- 10 by the time this thing is on appeal, I'm not sure that anyone
- 11 is going to know what a fax machine is, but the -- there are
- 12 unclassified and classified fax machines, and this one
- 13 apparently was faxed around by the prosecution on its
- 14 unclassified fax machine because it has, very clearly at the
- 15 top, fax markings stating that it was UNCLASSIFIED.
- 16 On 1 April 2014, Mr. Groharing -- in Mr. Groharing's
- 17 presence, I interviewed Dr. 1, specifically associated with
- 18 Mr. al Baluchi, and although by accident that happened to
- 19 happen in a collaterally secure space in my office, there
- 20 were -- there was another person present who the government
- 21 had no reason to believe had a clearance. There was no
- 22 discussion of clearance; there was no discussion of what was
- 23 the security level of our space; there was no discussion of

- 1 classification whatsoever.
- 2 And on 7 May 2014, in fact, based on AE 152P, we
- 3 interviewed Dr. Homer in a fully unsecure space and there was
- 4 never any suggestion that we should do otherwise.
- **5** On 18 October 2017, the government, in the person of
- 6 Mr. Trivett, e-mailed Dr. 21's contact information directly to
- 7 me on the NIPR system, fully unclassified. That is found in
- 8 the record at AE 524N Attachment C, and Mr. Trivett was
- 9 careful to point out, correctly, and in accordance with
- 10 Protective Order #2, that that information was sensitive but
- 11 unclassified, which is what we relied on because when, on
- 12 27 August 2018, we located and interviewed Dr. 21, we did so
- 13 in an unclassified, unsecure space.
- Now, it's not as if this question has not come up
- 15 before. In AE 523F, the military commission directed
- 16 briefing specifically on the question of what is the
- 17 government's authority for using pseudonyms for medical
- 18 providers. And in AE 523G, the government briefed its
- 19 government information privilege issue with respect to the use
- 20 of these pseudonyms and made no claim whatsoever that the
- 21 military commission should treat these medical record identity
- 22 -- medical witness identities as classified, nor did it rely
- 23 on M.C.R.E. 505 or the classified information privilege to

- 1 justify its pseudonyms.
- 2 The most persuasive advocate on this point, however,
- 3 may be the government in the person of Mr. Swann, who on
- 4 20 March 2017, at page 14616 in the record, argued
- 5 specifically, and I quote: Medical records, by their very
- **6** nature, are unclassified.
- Now, Protective Order #5 itself is not a satisfactory
- 8 resolution of this issue because Protective Order #5 says in
- 9 its text, in the scope of its -- of its application that it
- 10 applies only to materials provided in response to AE 523J.
- 11 That would mean -- what that does mean -- that the exact same
- 12 information provided in response to AE 523J on a three-page --
- 13 two-and-a-half-page spreadsheet by the government, is
- 14 classified; but the exact same information in 152P, the exact
- 15 information -- like the exact same information -- continues to
- 16 be unclassified, creating a sort of double-think around this
- 17 where, depending on in what format the government provided the
- 18 information, whether it provided it in 2019 or whether it
- 19 provided it in 2014, the same information is both Secret and
- 20 Unclassified, which is a handling nightmare, among other
- 21 things.
- The -- I do want to be clear -- and someone is going
- 23 to have to tell me differently if this is not true -- but

- 1 despite the terms of AE 523J, or at least its implication, it
- 2 is my belief that we can interview these witnesses outside a
- 3 secure area. If that is not true, it will make interviewing
- 4 these witnesses extremely difficult, if not impossible.
- 5 That is the first issue, that I don't know what the
- 6 military commission relied on for the statement that the
- 7 government has represented the medical identities to be
- 8 classified when associated with a detainee, but it is
- 9 certainly not borne out by the information available to the
- 10 defense either in the record or in the consistent practice of
- 11 the parties for the last five years.
- 12 The second issue -- and I recognize that this issue
- 13 is somewhat overtaken by events now, because after I filed the
- 14 motion to reconsider, the government provided its spreadsheet
- 15 in response to 523J.
- 16 But the military commission cannot accept ex parte
- 17 pleadings on issues other than substitutions without an
- 18 advance order. The -- and this is, I mean, crystal clear in
- 19 the statute.
- The -- when you look at 949p-4(b), for example,
- 21 949p-4(b) and -- which has exact analog in the M.C.R.E.,
- 22 allows ex parte presentations by the government on the
- 23 question of substitutions. The same thing is true in

- 1 949p-6(c), which is entitled Substitutions. It allows an
- 2 ex parte presentation on the question of substitutions. But
- 3 that's not what we had here. We didn't have substitutions in
- 4 this situation.
- 5 Instead, here the situation fell under 949p-6(d),
- 6 which is entitled Alternative Procedure for Disclosure of
- 7 Classified Information. And this is the procedure which
- 8 applies after an order for the production of information,
- **9** which is exactly what happened in the 523 series.
- The government -- excuse me, the military commission
- 11 ordered the production of medical witness identities, stated
- 12 that the government could invoke 505 process if it chose, and
- 13 the government did not choose to seek substitutions.
- 14 Instead, the government sought what is found in
- 15 949p-6(d)(1)(C), which is any other procedure or redaction
- 16 limiting the disclosure of specific classified information.
- 17 That provision falls under the (d) alternative
- 18 procedure, and the (d) alternative procedure does not allow
- 19 the military commission to accept an exparte presentation.
- 20 Rather, it requires an in-camera presentation that is the same
- 21 sort of argument that we have in 505(h) or in an 806, where
- 22 it's not a release to the public, but it is an adversarial
- 23 proceeding between the parties.

1 Now, the government's claim on brief is essentially 2 that, statute or no statute, it can seek ex parte whatever it 3 wants whenever it wants. 4 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Let me just ask a guick guestion. 5 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Yes, sir. 6 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Is there any precedent in this 7 commission for conducting a hearing pursuant to p-6(d)(1)(C)? 8 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: If by precedent -- I mean, there's 9 authority; but if you mean has there ever been one held, no. 10 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay. Thank you. 11 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: The -- wait a minute, did you say (c) 12 or (d)? I may have misunderstood the question. 13 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: (d)(1)(C). 14 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: (d)(1)(C), yes, that's right. 15 has never been a proceeding under (d)(1)(C), mostly because it 16 has been the practice of the military commission to allow the 17 parties to -- the government to voluntarily produce whatever 18 it wants to produce and then argue about the motion to compel. 19 That, for example, is what's happening in 538 and 20 561. The military commission is waiting for the government 21 to produce all of the information that it's going to produce. 22 In that particular situation, in 538, the only remaining piece 23 is with the military commission for 505 review, and then we

- 1 argue about the motion to compel.
- 2 What happened in 523 is different from what has
- 3 happened on the vast majority of occasions, because the
- 4 military commission issued an order for production of
- 5 information and then the government sought substitutions.
- 6 The -- but that's the situation. I have been
- 7 objecting to this for a long time, but I admit the military
- 8 commission has never done it.
- 9 Now, the fourth -- sorry. The argument -- I wanted
- 10 to address the government's argument on brief, which is that
- 11 even without statutory authority -- statutory authority it can
- 12 seek ex parte consideration of whatever it chooses. That is
- 13 true, but only to an extent.
- 14 It is true that either party may come to the military
- 15 commission and with a motion in advance under
- 16 Ellsberg v. Mitchell out of the D.C. Circuit, which we now
- 17 know is binding, may make a demonstration to the military
- 18 commission as to why it needs to proceed ex parte.
- The defense, for example, did that with respect to
- **20** 703(d) applications for expert witnesses. The military
- 21 commission issued a trial conduct order and said from now on
- 22 out, under these particular circumstances, the government -- I
- 23 mean, the defense may seek ex parte consideration of its

1 claim. 2 That has happened in a few other small areas as well 3 on a sort of case-by-case basis. For example, the theory of 4 defense that the military commission routinely recites in its 5 505 findings. The government can also do that, right? The 6 government can also come to the military commission and ask 7 permission in advance in an adversarial setting and justify, 8 to the extent that it's able to do so without revealing the 9 underlying information, why it needs ex parte consideration. 10 That is not what happened here. 11 That's what is the 701(1) that I continually brief in 12 my objections to ex parte applications in the first instance 13 from the government. That is a procedure which is allowed 14 under the rules, but the government on this occasion, as in 15 many others, simply ignored it and violated it. But this one 16 has an additional layer. Which is this is not a situation 17 where the rules are silent on the government's ex parte 18 presentation, this is a place where the statute enacted by 19 Congress actually occupies the field of what to do in this 20 situation, which is that 959p-6(d) [sic] tells us what to do 21 in this situation. So this is not a question of legislative 22 silence, this is a question of legislative direction that the

23

government chose to ignore.

1 Now, moving on to the third sort of discrete issue 2 which is contained in 523N, and that is these -- what I think 3 of as the -- so there were three categories of witnesses which 4 we sought the identities of in the 523 base motion, to try to 5 prepare for what was then our objection to the government's 6 introduction of testimony from the January 2007 interrogation. 7 That was the procedural posture in which it arose. 8 information has become much more urgent in light of the 9 military commission's order in 524LLL saying that nine days 10 from now we need to file a motion to suppress. 11 The -- and the military commission ruled on the UFI 12 witnesses contrary -- like, we lost on the UFI witnesses. 13 understand. I'm moving on from that. 14 The government [sic] ruled on the medical witnesses 15 in our favor. The government complied. They're moving on 16 from that. But there are these little pieces that are left, 17 and those pieces fall into four categories, some of which I 18 have to explain in the closed session, but I can at least 19 mention them here. 20 The first one is Camp VII witnesses with knowledge of 21 procedures in late 2006 and early 2007; that is the time 22 between the transfer of Mr. al Baluchi and others to

Guantanamo and the time of the January 2007 interrogations.

23

1 The government says on brief, we've produced all of 2 our standard operating procedures that we have, which I think 3 is true, to an extent; but as far as I can tell, there are no 4 SOPs for this period of time. 5 And I suggest that is probably because, as the SSCI 6 said, that these men were not under the control of the DoD at 7 the time, that they were under the operational control of the 8 CIA, who is not known for its commitment to SOPs in the same 9 way as the DoD is. So that's why it's so important for us to 10 have a witness or witnesses who are familiar with the practice 11 at -- between this critical period of time, right? 12 I'm not asking for witnesses -- every witness who has 13 ever had anything to do with Camp VII. This is the critical 14 time which the military commission will examine with respect 15 to the admissibility of the January 2007 interrogations, and 16 so we need someone because we have to flesh out these words, 17 "operational control of the SSCI," which is contained in this 18 one sentence from the SSCI. 19 Now, the second category that has not been ruled on 20 by the military commission is described in the brief by me 21 sloppily, I admit, as some MEM witnesses, but it's really 22 one -- it is really whoever the preparer or preparers of one 23 specific document. It's one specific MEM document.

- 1 document is found in the record at AE 502Y Attachment E,
- **2** MEA-MEM-699 through 707.
- In the closed session, I'll go into why that document
- 4 is so important and why its preparer or preparers is so
- 5 important, but we are not seeking just globally everyone who
- **6** wrote a memorandum in the U.S. Government. It's this one
- 7 critical document that we are seeking the author of.
- 8 The third category is the XYM witness or witnesses.
- 9 I have to discuss that in closed session.
- And then the fourth category is the Bureau of Prison
- 11 witnesses. The SSCI reported, and redacted discovery
- 12 supports, that there were one or more witnesses -- one or more
- 13 people from the Bureau of Prisons who toured at least one
- 14 black site and made extensive comments on their view of
- 15 whether it complied with ordinary incarceration procedures or
- **16** not.
- 17 It is my understanding that -- from the discovery
- 18 that the -- those witnesses did not separately prepare
- 19 reports, probably because they were the guests of the CIA at
- 20 that time, but we are seeking their identity so that we can
- 21 interview them and produce them as witnesses on the motion to
- 22 suppress.
- 23 So those are the four categories. I would suggest

- 1 to the military commission this is not some sort of fishing
- 2 expedition. These are highly targeted arguments as to
- 3 witnesses that we fully expect to interview and present with
- 4 respect to the ordered motion to suppress.
- Now, with the military commission's permission, I'll
- **6** move to the fourth category, which really sounds in AE 330,
- 7 although it's mentioned in AE 523.
- **8** MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay.
- 9 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: And that is the need for original
- 10 medical records, and I'm not talking about CIA medical records
- 11 here. I'm talking about JTF-GTMO medical records, the -- or
- 12 whoever had custody of the men in the early days.
- The -- but I -- but it is my personal belief that the
- 14 medical records were -- at least are maintained by JTF-GTMO,
- 15 no matter who had operational control at the time.
- 16 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: What is the, as you see it, relevant
- 17 time frame? What's the relevant time frame of treatment, I
- 18 should say?
- 19 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Right.
- So in this situation, unlike the standard operating
- 21 practices, this -- for these original medical records, the
- 22 relevant time frame is the full amount of their time in GTMO.
- 23 And that is because these medical witnesses are, in many

- 1 cases, retrospective, right? A person in 2019 comes to be the
- 2 senior medical officer, and that senior medical officer is
- 3 going to be reflecting on sort of the lifetime experience of
- 4 their patient. And the -- so what we have learned from the
- $\mathbf{5}$ half dozen or so -- and \mathbf{I} -- this is not me proffering. \mathbf{I}
- 6 put declarations into the record on this -- on these
- 7 questions.
- **8** What we have learned from the medical witnesses that
- 9 we have located either through our own efforts or through 152P
- 10 is that, you know, someone who was a SMO or a psychiatrist in
- 11 2016 might have opinions about PTSD or traumatic brain injury
- 12 that were suffered -- that were originally generated during
- 13 the black site interrogation period. The -- in the same way
- 14 that when I go to the doctor, you know, the doctor does look
- 15 at my snapshot of what my health is today, but also looks at
- 16 my -- did I ever smoke, you know, and sort of things that have
- 17 happened to me in my life.
- The -- now, we have already briefed the privacy and
- 19 property interests in medical records in AE 330 base motion,
- 20 and it has always been our position from the very beginning
- 21 that medical records are the property of the person -- of the
- 22 patient and that the patient should have those records. Just
- 23 like any other place in any of the 50 states of the United

- 1 States, the patient should have the -- or any other military
- 2 base, for that matter -- the patient owns the medical records
- 3 and should make a decision as to whether to disclose them to
- 4 the government or not.
- Now, because of what I understand to be a 2006
- 6 memorandum from Mr. England in the Department of Defense, the
- 7 government has always had access to these original records,
- 8 medical records, and the defense never has, which means that
- 9 the government is the gatekeeper for private medical records
- 10 and decides what will be revealed to the defense.
- 11 The -- but in this -- so that is our position. That
- 12 position has never been ruled upon.
- But in this particular situation, there's an even
- 14 more detailed reason why we need the medical -- original
- 15 medical records, and that is because in the 523 series the
- 16 military commission has ordered the production of medical
- 17 witnesses' identities. And we have -- that just happened
- 18 about two weeks ago, maybe ten days ago, and the -- we have
- 19 not yet been able to begin our actual interviewing of those
- 20 witnesses, but we have carefully analyzed the data that the
- 21 government provided to us.
- So -- and it is not -- these pseudonyms were used
- 23 in -- or were applied in what I have to say is a somewhat

1 haphazard way. This is not like the UFIs, where the 2 government very carefully found each name in each document and 3 replaced it with a Unique Functional Identifier. 4 identifiers are neither very unique nor are they very 5 functional, and let me just give you some examples. 6 So I talked earlier about that there are seven 7 witnesses who at some times, at least, used their own true 8 names. But there are seven witnesses -- seven medical 9 witnesses whose identities the government produced, meaning 10 that they in good faith believe that they appear in the 11 medical records, who are listed as having no reason whatsoever 12 to appear in the medical records, meaning that they say "I was 13 never at Guantanamo, " or "I don't remember, " or "I'm not going 14 to cooperate with you," or something like that. So there are 15 seven witnesses who it is not possible to tell from the 16 government's spreadsheet why they would appear in the records 17 because they have been resistant to that. 18 Now, there are 39 witnesses that the government has 19 given us information in their spreadsheet, 39, who used more 20 than one dissimilar pseudonym. There are plenty who used 21 more than one pseudonym, but -- there are even more who used 22 more than one pseudonym, but there are 39 who used pseudonyms 23 that are so dissimilar from each other that it would not be

1 possible for any analyst to associate them with each other. 2 So there's not the situation where one witness gets 3 There, in fact, is one witness who is listed one pseudonym. 4 on the government spreadsheet as having provided, quote, 5 multiple random pseudonyms, meaning that it is exceptionally 6 difficult to associate that person with medical records 7 because we don't even know what those random pseudonyms were. 8 It also -- the nonuniqueness also works the other 9 Not only do one individual on many occasions have 10 multiple pseudonyms, but it's also true that one pseudonym is 11 frequently linked to multiple individuals. 12 So, for example, there are ten individuals in the 13 medical records who used the pseudonym SMO, S-M-O, and there 14 are four in this -- I found this kind of interesting, I don't 15 know what it says -- but there are four who used the pseudonym 16 G, as in gulf. 17 So it is not -- the many to many problem runs in both 18 directions. Like, we can't identify a -- even with the 19 spreadsheet that the government has provided, we can't go to 20 the medical records and say, all right, it says here G. Who 21 does that mean that this medical witness was? Nor can we say, 22 all right, we have this medical witness, Dr. Jones. Does --

which -- where does Dr. Jones appear in these medical records?

23

1 All of this is especially important when it comes to 2 interviewing witnesses because we are talking in many cases 3 for the most important witnesses, you know, people who more 4 than ten years ago were here and have had probably thousands 5 of patients during that time. So it's actually quite important to be able to show them in the medical records, 6 7 look, here we go. 8 And there's one example which is a matter of record 9 by declaration in this military commission, and that we have 10 talked about before, which is that one of the half dozen or so 11 medical witnesses that we were able to interview was Dr. 10, 12 and with respect to Dr. 10, I showed him a place where it says 13 "Dr. 10" on -- on kind of a critical fact in the 14 medical records, because Dr. 10 was here at the time of the 15 January 2007 interrogations, and said, you know, "Did you 16 write this?" And it was typed out. 17 He said, "No, I didn't write it. " 18 And so we consulted with the government about this, 19 and the government says, well, he used a stamp underneath it. 20 It wasn't actually a signature, it was his stamp. And so --21 but we don't even have the stamp, like what his stamp was. 22 We just have Dr. 10. We don't have the stamp. And before I 23 could go back to Dr. 10 and try to explain to him about the

1 stamp, he died. 2 So the -- you know, this is important. 3 witnesses are important. They will be important for the 4 question -- the medical questions which are going to arise in 5 the -- in the motion to suppress, including Mr. al Baluchi's 6 traumatic brain injury, the ongoing brain damage that he had 7 at the time -- at 2007 during the -- inflicted by the CIA, but 8 which affected his answers with respect to the January 2007 9 interrogation, as well as what the CIA called learned 10 helplessness and what a lot of other people afterward will 11 associate with PTSD, including some of these medical 12 witnesses. 13 So for what we're doing right now, right -- and I 14 hear the messages of the government, of the victim community, 15 of the military commission and others that they want to 16 move -- that we want to move towards trial. I hear that 17 message. And in hearing that message, there are certain 18 things that have to happen. It is not that we all walk in 19 here one day and just start having a trial. There are issues 20 that have to be dealt with. The military commission has 21 ordered us to begin the process of dealing with the motion to 22 suppress. We are complying, but there are issues which have 23 been out there for almost two years now -- or, in the case of

- 1 the medical records, for almost eight years -- that are
- 2 necessary for us to do the things to move this case forward.
- 3 And so that's why we're here on 523N.
- 4 Thank you, sir.
- 5 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Thank you, Mr. Connell.
- 6 Okay. Any other defense counsel wish to be heard on
- 7 the 523/330?
- **8** Okay. Good morning.
- **9** ADDC [LTC WILLIAMS]: Good morning, Your Honor.
- I have an exhibit that I would ask to be able to hand
- 11 up to Your Honor, as well as to the other counsel, that will
- 12 exemplify just why it is necessary also for us to get
- 13 complete, unredacted medical records for their care since they
- 14 have been here in Guantanamo that I would like to share with
- **15** you.
- 16 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay. Let's go ahead and have that
- **17** marked, please.
- **18** MTC [MR. TRIVETT]: Sir, may we get a copy?
- **19** MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Absolutely.
- 20 [The document was marked.]
- 21 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay. And for the record, this
- 22 exhibit has been marked as 523R.
- 23 ADDC [LTC WILLIAMS]: Thank you, Your Honor.

1 What this exhibit shows is that these are all records 2 that we've received. They're three separate documents that 3 we've received in the past 12 months from the prosecution. 4 In these documents, on the first document, which was 5 received by the defense on September 12, 2018, and the Bates 6 number is MEA-10011-00014512, we see that all of the 7 hospitalmen or medical personnel who are making notations in 8 this chronological record of medical care, their numbers are 9 blocked out. So these do not appear to be full names or 10 They appear to be a number that was assigned actual names. 11 for identification purposes, and, on this particular document, 12 they in fact were completely redacted. 13 The second document is MEA-10011-00014687. This was 14 a document received in discovery from the prosecution by the 15 defense on January 11 of 2019. This document shows a similar 16 record, that is generally input by hospitalmen or corpsmen, 17 and on this document we see that half of the names appear --18 or half of the numbers, what I assume to be an identification 19 number appear, and half of them do not. 20 The third document is MEA-10011-00014900. This 21 document was received by the defense from the prosecution on 22 April 5, 2019. And in this document all of the names -- or 23 not the names, the identifying numbers, are visible.

1 What this shows you is the inconsistency with which 2 we receive information that would enable us to identify 3 potential witnesses, and it's important when you think of 4 medical witnesses not just to think of doctors. There are witnesses we may want to interview and identify for a number 5 6 of different reasons. In addition, in order to establish 7 patterns of conduct or patterns of interaction between 8 different individuals, to have all of the identifying 9 information, at least, would enable us to request people and 10 identify people that we want to speak to about medical care. 11 Mr. Connell did a wonderful job explaining that this 12 is something that is an ongoing issue. Not having access to 13 complete, unredacted medical records gives us -- does not 14 afford us the opportunity to identify everyone that may be 15 relevant that we want to speak to about certain instances, and 16 this exemplifies a situation where it doesn't appear there's 17 rhyme or reason to why the individual's identification numbers 18 are being redacted. 19 So I would ask in any order that you issue that you 20 request the prosecution to provide us the documents that have 21 previously been redacted in an unredacted fashion. 22 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: So based on the -- the three documents 23 you provided, it appears on its face that things have gotten

- 1 better in the sense that it went from redaction to no
- 2 redaction.
- 3 So before I order the government to do anything, have
- 4 you requested that they go back and provide you that
- **5** information that was previously redacted?
- 6 ADDC [LTC WILLIAMS]: Your Honor, I have not. I would
- 7 ask -- this is something -- again, it -- although these are in
- 8 time and sequential, there are prior medical records that
- 9 don't have redaction, and there are medical records that do.
- So it's not necessarily an indication of everything
- 11 before this date was provided in a fashion where numbers of
- 12 individuals were redacted. It's a systemic issue, and that's
- 13 why I bring it to the court's attention.
- **14** MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay.
- 15 ADDC [LTC WILLIAMS]: And to also reinforce a point that
- 16 Mr. Connell made, one of the reasons why it's important for us
- 17 to have complete unredacted medical records is to be able to
- 18 be a check to the -- whoever the individuals were who applied
- 19 the redaction or applied a stamp that had a number or
- 20 something identifying the medical personnel in a different
- **21** way.
- When we have an opportunity to interview that
- 23 witness, as Mr. Connell did with Dr. 10, then we have an

- 1 opportunity to ask them; and they may say, yes, in fact, this
- 2 is something that I wrote, and they may say, no, this isn't
- 3 something that I wrote.
- 4 As you heard from Mr. Connell, there are some
- 5 witnesses -- and Dr. 10 is not the only medical witness who
- 6 has been identified as being relevant and necessary to the
- 7 prosecution that has been -- that is now deceased. There are
- 8 some witnesses we will not get that opportunity to do, not
- 9 only the witnesses that have -- are deceased, but also the
- 10 witnesses that are not making themselves available to us.
- 11 So the only way that we can really have a good check
- 12 and know, are these in fact the individuals that were
- 13 identified, are by having the full, unredacted
- 14 medical records.
- 15 So again, I would join in Mr. Connell's argument, and
- 16 I would point out that it is especially necessary when you
- 17 have witnesses who either choose to make themselves
- 18 unavailable or are unavailable because of other reasons, that
- 19 in those cases in particular, it's especially necessary for us
- 20 to have the full, unredacted medical record of care.
- 21 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Thank you.
- 22 ADDC [LTC WILLIAMS]: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 23 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Trial Counsel.

- 1 MTC [MR. TRIVETT]: Good morning, Your Honor.
- 2 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Good morning.
- **3** MTC [MR. TRIVETT]: The prosecution believes that every
- 4 argument that was made by either Mr. Connell or counsel for
- 5 Mr. Hawsawi was addressed in either our response to the motion
- 6 to reconsider or in our ex parte filing.
- 7 That said, we rise to say that we rest on brief, but
- 8 are certainly here to answer any questions that the commission
- 9 may have that were raised in the arguments, only to ask also
- 10 that if there's any question specific to the medical records
- 11 themselves that Mr. Swann be given the opportunity to answer
- 12 that. We split it up between the motion to reconsider and
- 13 300; we didn't combine it.
- 14 But we're certainly willing to answer any questions
- 15 you may have, sir.
- 16 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: The first question I would have for
- 17 you is Mr. Connell raised the question of whether these
- 18 medical providers could be interviewed in a nonsecure space.
- 19 If you could address that, please.
- 20 MTC [MR. TRIVETT]: Yes, sir, with the use of the UMIs,
- 21 the Unique Medical Identifiers that were approved by the
- 22 commission as part of our request for a substitute under p-4,
- 23 he certainly can interview those individuals in an unsecure

- 1 space, providing that they use the UMI. I think that's the
- 2 concept. If you were to use the real name, then associating
- 3 that real name with the treatment specifically of the
- 4 detainees would make it classified.
- 5 But the use of the UMI in that context is one of the
- 6 reasons why we asked for it in order to facilitate the
- 7 defense's ability to have these interviews in an unsecure
- 8 place and over telephones.
- 9 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay. And then I know that some of
- 10 this is addressed in your written brief, but I would still
- 11 just like to hear if your position has any additional details.
- 12 But with respect to the argument on the leftovers
- 13 from the 523 base motion, and specifically those four
- 14 categories, to the extent you can address those in an open
- 15 session, as we gear up for what this commission has ordered in
- 16 524LLL, what's the government's position on the -- those four
- 17 categories?
- 18 MTC [MR. TRIVETT]: Sure. That the first category, the
- 19 prosecution believes it's satisfied its discovery obligation
- 20 with a statement admitting relevant fact. I can't get into
- 21 too many details in an open court on that, but that was one of
- 22 the reasons we sought the statement admitting relevant fact.
- With that said, we'll certainly reconsider whether or

- **1** not there may be a witness that the prosecution intends to
- 2 call to fill in any gaps. Certainly, if we do, we would
- 3 provide that information to the defense.
- **4** MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay.
- 5 MTC [MR. TRIVETT]: I don't know that I can answer in
- 6 an -- let me see what the categories were exactly.
- 7 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: I would suspect 2 and 3 might be more
- 8 difficult, but is ----
- **9** MTC [MR. TRIVETT]: Correct.
- 10 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: ---- is it possible to address the
- 11 Bureau of Prisons?
- 12 MTC [MR. TRIVETT]: Right. The BOP witness request we
- 13 believe is completely irrelevant to any of the legal issues
- 14 before this commission. I think that's the position that we
- 15 took when we initially denied it to the defense and then in
- **16** the motion to compel.
- 17 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: I mean, is it the still the
- 18 government's -- does the government concur with the defense
- 19 that this aspect of the 523 base motion is still out there for
- 20 the commission to resolve?
- 21 MTC [MR. TRIVETT]: Yes, sir. There was no ruling on
- 22 that as far as we could determine.
- 23 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay. Okay. So the only other

- 1 question I have probably pertains to the medical records.
- **2** MTC [MR. TRIVETT]: Okay.
- **3** MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Good morning, Mr. Swann.
- **4** TC [MR. SWANN]: Good morning, sir.
- 5 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: The question I have is just to address
- 6 the government's position with respect to the redactions. I
- 7 understand you just received that document two minutes ago,
- 8 but to the extent you could address redactions in the
- 9 medical records and then the medical records in general.
- 10 TC [MR. SWANN]: Sure. Your Honor, thus far with respect
- 11 to medical records and DIMS records, because we produced those
- 12 in the same category, we have produced a total of 47,776
- 13 pieces of paper. With respect to -- well, individually, it
- 14 wouldn't make much difference going over those numbers.
- Now, I heard Mr. Connell mention that in all of the
- 16 records we've produced, he identified seven true names.
- 17 That's unfortunate that I missed those true names, but he has
- 18 those records.
- The redactions -- when these items are provided to
- 20 me, they are provided to me classified. I take the --
- 21 because I do this generally on a rolling basis, say, every 30
- 22 to 60 days. I have in my possession medical records to and
- 23 through April 22, 2019. This is the last iteration. It's

- 1 probably, all totaled, maybe about 100 pages for all five of
- 2 these individuals.
- They come to me classified. I look through the
- 4 records to see if there are any true names. I can say, quite
- 5 confidently, I have not seen a true name of an individual for
- **6** more -- almost more than a decade.
- 7 They then are provided to me. We forward those for
- 8 an equity review. They are then reviewed by the proper
- 9 individuals. They are then provided to each of these defense
- 10 teams, unclassified; thus, when I said back in 2014, on
- 11 20 March, as Mr. Connell pointed out, medical records by their
- 12 very nature are unclassified, that's how they end up.
- The only thing that's ever redacted on these, save
- 14 for a few redactions during the first -- sometime in September
- 15 of 2006 -- the only thing that's ever been redacted might be a
- 16 true name. Now, sometimes initials are redacted because,
- 17 quite frankly, the equity holders are redacting those initials
- 18 thinking that it might be a true name.
- 19 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: So how -- Mr. Swann, would you
- 20 explain, just on the document that was provided by Lieutenant
- 21 Colonel Williams, the -- it appears what's been redacted is,
- 22 you know, some sort of numerical indicator. It's certainly
- 23 not a true name.

- 1 TC [MR. SWANN]: It's certainly not a true name, and it
- 2 may be -- I can't tell you without having the original
- 3 document, looking at it. It's just -- it's not a name. At
- 4 best, it might be Nurse A or Nurse B, that kind of
- **5** information.
- **6** As you can see, because she provided us with a
- 7 further-on copy that looks to me like it's November '18
- 8 through January '19 where they have these identifiers, that's
- 9 simple. Figure out the identifier. Look to the Excel
- 10 spreadsheet that they've been provided with, and then they can
- 11 do the cross-walk.
- 12 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: I agree with that, I guess up and to
- 13 the point where they hit -- where those identifiers have been
- 14 redacted. So how do they get around that?
- 15 TC [MR. SWANN]: Well, the other piece of that is simple,
- 16 too. I mean, they can go through the records, and they can
- 17 identify for me records, and I can in turn go back and do
- **18** that.
- Now, I offered, better part of, what, two and a half
- 20 years ago, to sit down with each of these teams and go one by
- 21 one. Nobody ever took me up on it. And that was based on a
- 22 number of gaps that Mr. Connell had identified. We filled
- 23 all those gaps, and where they thought there were gaps, there

- 1 was no record.
- 2 But, like I said, you're not going to get much from
- 3 these things because there are just no true names in them to
- 4 begin with.
- 5 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: No, and -- I understand that, and I
- 6 certainly took note of the fact that nobody's ever asked the
- 7 government to fill them in, and perhaps if they had, then we
- 8 wouldn't even be addressing this issue in this court. And I
- 9 think I've been referred to as the kumbaya judge in the sense
- 10 that I have sort of requested counsel to make that effort
- 11 before they bring stuff before the commission.
- But I have two questions, is -- is -- it sort of
- 13 raises a couple of issues. Number one is, why is the equity
- 14 holder redacting that stuff if it's not classified in the
- **15** first place?
- 16 TC [MR. SWANN]: Well, I think they're redacting it
- 17 because they believe -- what is ever behind that particular
- 18 redaction, they believe that that is a true name or a true
- 19 initial where somebody could be identified at that point in
- **20** time.
- 21 They then redact -- because then by putting those
- 22 redactions, these things then become unclassified and they can
- 23 give them to the accused.

1 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: So why -- in light of the -- the 2 Fraser declaration in the process you described, why are the 3 medical records classified in the first place? 4 TC [MR. SWANN]: The medical records are classified 5 because of -- because of where they reside and they deal with 6 these individuals on a daily, daily basis. 7 Sir, it's not uncommon that threats are made against 8 these individuals; practically every day, certainly at least 9 once a month, for a whole variety of reasons. It's not 10 uncommon that these individuals try to learn the names of the 11 various people that -- they are the medical providers. 12 We've got to protect the soldiers that are dealing 13 with a difficult task. That's why, when we gave you the 14 information in 523, that information is never going to the 15 accused. It is going to the defense counsel to be able to do 16 their job to look through the records, identify those 17 particular discrete items that they're interested in, and then 18 talk to the medical provider in the proper way. 19 These records -- every one of these records that are 20 like this, the accused has a copy of these things within 21 normally 30 to 60 days after we take a look at them and 22 provide them. I have seen, untold numbers of times, where 23 their copy ends up in the folder or the jacket of the

- 1 medical records because no doubt the accused brought that copy
- 2 with him to sit down and talk to the SMO or the psych or the
- 3 therapist or the dermatologist or the dentist, any number of
- 4 those people, to be able to say, what about this? And that
- **5** discussion is -- is conducted.
- **6** So there is a clear need to protect identities from
- 7 these particular individuals.
- 8 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Swann.
- **9** LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Sir, somewhere you got the idea that I
- 10 am unwilling or something to sit down with the prosecution and
- 11 talk to them about this.
- 12 In your order in 523J, you laid out some of the
- 13 extensive efforts that I have gone to to get these exact
- 14 medical witnesses.
- 15 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Yeah, I don't -- I don't mean to imply
- **16** that that's the case, Mr. Connell. Certainly I have
- 17 recognized, as you just pointed out, that you've made that
- **18** effort. Absolutely.
- 19 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Let me just ----
- 20 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: But I think with respect to just
- 21 documents that was handed to the commission, it was apparent
- 22 that there was no effort made, and I think there's been --
- 23 that's been demonstrated in the past as well. And I

- 1 certainly recognize that counsel have made efforts since then
- 2 to do exactly what the commission has asked.
- 3 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Well, I have definitely made efforts
- 4 since your time, sir.
- **5** But 523J lays out many of my efforts prior to your
- 6 time, and just -- I mean, as recently as Tuesday, I met with
- 7 Mr. Swann to say, look, you know, are you going to give us
- 8 these underlying medical records so that we can match these
- 9 things up?
- So -- and I understand that some -- often people
- 11 paint the defense with a broad brush. But, sir, if the -- if
- 12 the question is diligence or willingness to speak with my
- 13 opponents or anything like that, I -- I am an open book on
- 14 this. Mr. Swann just made a reference to the time that --
- 15 the idea, which was my idea, of sitting down and going through
- 16 the medical records. We tried -- he and I met and we -- with
- 17 the idea of let's take -- let's do that, but then he said, no,
- 18 no, I'm not going to show you the medical records. What I
- 19 mean is you sit with your stack of medical records, and I sit
- 20 with my stack of medical records, and you ask me about each
- 21 one individually and I tell you if I'll give you anything from
- 22 it or not.
- And since we're talking about 47,000 medical records,

- 1 that just did not seem like a good investment of time. The --
- 2 especially since it's so easy to produce the medical records,
- 3 the unclassified medical records that are -- or even if
- 4 they're classified, right, and if they can't go to the
- 5 defendant, they -- we're only talking Secret level, they can
- 6 produce those. So the -- you know, I -- an investment of
- 7 multiple weeks of turning pages, 47,000 pages one at a time,
- 8 just does not seem like the most efficient solution to this
- 9 problem.
- Now, the -- I do want to point out a few other
- 11 points. The military commission today asked about why these
- 12 records are classified in the first place when they go to the
- 13 government. The government didn't explain it today, but it
- 14 did explain it on 20 March of 2017 when -- when the statement
- 15 that medical records are by their very nature unclassified was
- 16 made. Because Judge Pohl asked the same question and what
- 17 Mr. Swann explained on that occasion was that it's only a
- 18 handling device of JTF-GTMO, that they do some sort of
- 19 provisional marking that treats them as classified until they
- 20 go to the government. But it's not that they have been
- 21 reviewed by an original classification authority and
- 22 determined to be classified; they just have a handling device
- 23 in play. And that's -- Mr. Swann made that very clear back in

- **1** 2017.
- 2 The government just made an argument that there are
- 3 external threats to these medical providers. That is a
- 4 proffer from the government that is not in evidence anywhere,
- 5 but I'll tell you what is in evidence, which is -- because I
- 6 read something like that in the -- in the briefs, I put two --
- 7 attached two declarations to 523N from investigators who have
- 8 spoken to the medical providers that -- the ones that we have
- 9 been able to identify, about a half dozen, the -- and some of
- 10 those I have -- multiple of those I have spoken to myself, but
- 11 I didn't want to make a proffer, I wanted it to be in
- 12 evidence.
- And the evidence is that none of those people have
- 14 ever stated that they have been -- had any kind of threat to
- 15 themselves, to their families or anything else, and those are
- 16 people whose identities were known to us, either through
- 17 independent investigation -- often their LinkedIn account or
- 18 their website -- but also through the government's
- 19 unclassified production in 152P.
- The military commission said something just a moment
- 21 ago that could have been sort of a -- offhand, but it said
- 22 that there's essentially a difference between the places where
- 23 pseudonyms are used and the places where there's full

- 1 redaction, like the document that Mr. al Hawsawi just handed
- 2 up. And in many instances, the Nonunique Medical Identifiers,
- 3 meaning the ten people who use SMO or the four people who use
- 4 G or the 39 people who use more than one Nonunique Medical
- 5 Identifiers, are just as good as redactions in hiding
- 6 information from the defense.
- 7 And I don't know if it was done that way on purpose
- 8 or not. I kind of suspect it was just people doing their
- 9 best and getting kind of sloppy, but the -- you know, when we
- 10 have the medical record that says SMO, and we're trying to
- 11 remind a witness of what happened to them 12 years ago, the --
- 12 it is just as if it were blacked out, because SMO is just as
- 13 good an effective redaction as a black or white box placed
- **14** over information.
- 15 I'd like to end not on medical records, but by
- 16 returning to the rest of 423N.
- I heard the government say that we can interview
- 18 witnesses, medical witnesses, in a nonsecure space. But I
- 19 also heard the government claim that the Bureau of Prison
- 20 witnesses who visited black sites for audit purposes were
- 21 irrelevant.
- What we are going to be arguing at some time in the
- 23 near future with respect to the motion to suppress that the

- 1 military commission has directed is really two things.
- 2 First, as best as we can tell, what happened in those black
- 3 sites. And independent experts on incarceration called in by
- 4 the CIA seem to have unique credibility for that; first,
- **5** because they're experts; second, because they were selected by
- 6 the CIA and not by some, you know, convening authority or
- 7 defense process; but third, because they had boots on the
- 8 ground, that they actually saw what happened in some of these
- **9** dungeons that the CIA was running.
- The second thing is the other nested inquiry that the
- 11 military commission is making, because this motion to suppress
- 12 arises in the 524 context is, is the defense able to
- 13 prevent -- present a rich and vivid account. And the fact
- 14 that we are not allowed -- or the fact that we don't know
- 15 who -- the government has successfully suppressed the
- 16 identities of these Bureau of Prison witnesses -- is one
- 17 factor, clearly, in going into whether we can present a rich
- 18 and vivid account or not.
- 19 So if the government wants us -- wants to prove that
- 20 we can present that rich and vivid account, just give us
- 21 access to the witnesses and we will do our best. I don't
- 22 think it will be the same as if we had independent
- 23 investigation authority, like every other case, but we will do

- 1 our best, and that is what we are doing.
- 2 On May 10th, the military commission will see our
- 3 best effort, and all we are asking is to let us make our best
- 4 effort by giving us access to witness identities that the
- 5 government has otherwise successfully hidden.
- **6** MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Mr. Connell, with respect to the sort
- 7 of generic references, SMOs and G and things that appear
- 8 through medical records -- and I sort of agree with you that
- 9 that was likely not done intentionally, because I see it
- 10 appear in my own medical record.
- 11 But has the government provided any sort of chart or
- 12 timeline to indicate when one SMO left, when maybe one came to
- 13 replace? That would then assist in maybe deciphering who is
- **14** who.
- 15 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Yes. The government in its
- 16 spreadsheet -- one of the columns in the spreadsheet is rough
- 17 times that the -- is the spreadsheet not in the record? It
- 18 is. So you can actually look at this, too, sir, but the -- it
- 19 did give rough times. It's not -- certainly not complete,
- 20 like not everybody knew and there's apparently not very good
- 21 recordkeeping around this because lots of the times -- some of
- 22 them are clearly inaccurate from our own interviews, but
- 23 others of them are fairly rough, you know, giving a large time

- 1 frame, but there are time frames which are given.
- 2 And let me tell you, we are subjecting this
- 3 spreadsheet to every piece of analysis -- analytical power
- 4 that we have, which is not all that great, but we do our best.
- 5 And so yes, we are trying to parse SMO from SMO as best we
- 6 can, and so far our efforts have not been very successful.
- 7 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay. Thank you.
- **8** LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Thank you.
- 9 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Lieutenant Colonel Williams.
- **10** ADDC [LTC WILLIAMS]: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 11 Just briefly, I just want to make it clear that it
- 12 has not been that we have not requested unredacted records.
- 13 Maybe these not specific by name, but since our initial
- 14 discovery request that was sent to the prosecution on
- 15 25 September of 2013, we have requested not only unredacted
- 16 medical records, but also the names of all of the medical
- 17 personnel that have been treating or were connected and
- 18 relevant to Mr. al Hawsawi's medical care. So I just wanted
- 19 to make that clear.
- And even in our specific filings, AE 419 for the
- 21 period of CIA custody and AE 330 for the period after CIA
- 22 custody, we've made it clear in our request for unredacted
- 23 medical records. So while I did not go back on this specific

- 1 instance, I think that it is clear to the government that we
- 2 are seeking unredacted medical records.
- 3 Thank you, Your Honor.
- 4 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: I understand. Thank you.
- 5 All right. Anything further from any of the parties
- 6 on the 523/300, at least for the purposes of an open session?
- 7 And as I see it, this will likely be our last open
- 8 session, so if there's any other issue any counsel would like
- 9 to take up.
- 10 Okay. Mr. Connell.
- 11 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Sir, two things.
- 12 The first one is that I mentioned just in passing in
- 13 that argument that -- my understanding that the last piece of
- **14** 538 is with the military commission for review. I just
- 15 wanted to put that out there because 538 and 561 are important
- 16 for the motion to suppress, and we're -- we're happy to argue
- 17 them once we have -- once the military commission finishes its
- 18 last piece of it.
- 19 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Yeah, and I -- I understand, and we're
- 20 actively working it. So ----
- 21 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Yes, sir.
- MJ [Col PARRELLA]: ---- we're working to resolve that as
- 23 soon as possible.

- 1 LDC [MR. CONNELL]: Yes, sir. 2 The last thing is -- and if this is out of line 3 somehow, you just tell me, but I never had the chance to say 4 goodbye to Judge Pohl, and if this is our last time together, sir, I just want to say thank you for your service to the 5 6 case. 7 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: You're welcome, and thank you for --8 for that. 9 I don't know if that's a roundabout way of asking in 10 a sense for an update, but I certainly have no issue with --11 with giving you some details. But I do currently have orders 12 to report as the commanding officer of the Embassy Security 13 Group sometime in June of 2019. I do intend to execute those 14 orders in early June, so I do not anticipate that I will 15 remain detailed as the military judge in this case once I 16 check out of my current duties, because my current duties are, 17 of course, dependent upon me remaining a military judge. 18 So, as such, I expect to be relieved and replaced as
- 21 relief comes.

So, thank you.

19

20

22

Okay. With that, the commission is in recess.

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the military judge in this case sometime in early June, but I

will continue to do so, to operate as the judge, until such

- 1 What I would propose we do is we go ahead and take a 15 ----
- 2 LDC [MR. HARRINGTON]: Judge, excuse me.
- **3** MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Mr. Harrington.
- 4 LDC [MR. HARRINGTON]: I don't know what the court's -- I
- 5 assume we're going to take up the 806 right now. We would
- 6 like to have some time, though, to meet with our client here.
- 7 Is it possible that we could do that after the 806?
- 8 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Yes. Yeah. I think this 806 will
- 9 be very -- relatively brief. So I have -- see no issue with
- 10 that. What I propose is -- unless, government, you tell me
- 11 otherwise, we -- that you need more time, I would think 15
- 12 minutes would be sufficient to convert the courtroom. 30?
- 13 Okay, I'm being told 30. So we'll say 30 minutes. So why
- 14 don't we say -- I'll check these clocks because every one I
- 15 have is different. But we'll say 1045, reconvene. We'll do
- 16 the 806, then -- and then, Mr. Harrington, you can meet with
- 17 your client after that time.
- 18 LDC [MR. HARRINGTON]: Judge, I say -- because it's so
- 19 early, I think we'll withdraw that because hopefully our
- 20 client can go to Echo II. We can meet him there.
- 21 MJ [Col PARRELLA]: Okay. Good enough. The commission
- 22 is in recess until 1045. Please carry on.
- 23 [The R.M.C. 803 session recessed at 1014, 2 May 2019.]