1 [The Military Commission was called to order at 0906, 24 April 2 2014.]

3 MJ [COL POHL]: The commission is called to order. All
4 parties are again present that were present when the
5 commission recessed, and General Martins is back with us.

6 The first issue I want to address is 205K. Trial7 Counsel, it's your motion.

8 TC [CDR LOCKHART]: Yes, sir. I was first going to place
9 on the record that these proceedings are being transmitted
10 CONUS.

11 LDC [MR. KAMMEN]: [Microphone button not pushed; no12 audio].

13 MJ [COL POHL]: Sure.

14 LDC [MR. KAMMEN]: Before we get to 205.

15 MJ [COL POHL]: Sure.

16 LDC [MR. KAMMEN]: Yesterday, Your Honor, after the closed 17 session we had what essentially was an 802, and we indicated 18 to the commission that, as the commission knows, the government filed a motion to reconsider 120. We've reviewed 19 20 that motion. We believe it does not warrant a written 21 response and we would request that that be argued yet this 22 week so that the commission could perhaps have the weekend to 23 reflect on it and then ideally rule before we depart on

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1 Wednesday.

MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. I've read the motion. I think it's highly unlikely I would be able to give a complete ruling before you left the island, but I think if we do -- I do think if you are prepared to argue -- and, Trial Counsel, I'm assuming you're prepared to argue?

7 CP [BG MARTINS]: Your Honor, we are. We agree with that
8 remark, that it's something that we would hope would be pretty
9 exhaustively reviewed, but I think oral argument could assist
10 in that.

11 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. So let's -- we will add it to the 12 list, but it won't be at the end of the list. My suggestion 13 is, let's set it for -- we'll do it next Monday or Tuesday. 14 That way it gives both sides and, of course, myself the chance 15 to read it and then we can do the argument and then I will try 16 to expeditiously issue a ruling. But, again, I don't -- from 17 looking at it quickly, it is highly unlikely I can give a 18 ruling in that time frame. So that would be my suggestion. 19 LDC [MR. KAMMEN]: Again, our preference would be to argue

20 it tomorrow, but we understand.

21 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay.

22 Trial Counsel, it doesn't bother me.

23 CP [BG MARTINS]: Your Honor, I believe we could provide

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1 some oral argument. We would need to do it, you know -- we have to think through what parts of it could be in this 2 3 session. I mean, the ----4 LDC [MR. KAMMEN]: I don't believe ----5 CP [BG MARTINS]: The national security pieces are ones 6 that just understandably are going to have to not be ----7 MJ [COL POHL]: No, I understand. And as I recall, parts 8 of it were in a closed session last time. 9 LDC [MR. KAMMEN]: Given the nature of -- I'm sorry. I 10 apologize. 11 MJ [COL POHL]: But it would seem to me that if we limited 12 the oral argument to the reconsideration and the unclassified 13 order itself, there should be no issue. If we need to discuss 14 something over and above that, I -- I understand, but let's 15 just assume we're only going to do the unclassified portion of 16 it. 17 If this is a need, perhaps -- so maybe it does make 18 sense. We'll do this tomorrow. We have a witness scheduled 19 for 0900. Let's do the witness, then we'll pick up 120 right 20 after that. 21 LDC [MR. KAMMEN]: Fine. 22 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. Does that work for the government? 23 CP [BG MARTINS]: So, specifically, your thought, Your

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1 Honor, is when?

2	MJ [COL POHL]: It is, we'll do the witness tomorrow at
3	0900, and then once he is done, we'll pick up 120 at that
4	point. Again, we'll limit it to the unclassified portion.
5	CP [BG MARTINS]: I believe that could be of some help,
6	Your Honor, talk through the law and discuss Yunis and so
7	forth, and but, again, there's significant materials there
8	and but the oral argument, unclassified could be done, I
9	believe.
10	MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. Okay. Let's plan that. Sure.
11	LDC [MR. KAMMEN]: All right. Fine. Thank you.
12	MJ [COL POHL]: Now 205K deals with a witness tomorrow, as
13	I understand?
14	TC [CDR LOCKHART]: Yes, sir.
15	MJ [COL POHL]: And the request is that he not be publicly
16	identified
17	TC [CDR LOCKHART]: That's correct, Your Honor.
18	MJ [COL POHL]: by name.
19	And, Defense, you oppose the request?
20	DDC [CDR MIZER]: Yes, Your Honor.
21	MJ [COL POHL]: Basis for the request?
22	TC [CDR LOCKHART]: It's contained within the written
23	pleadings, sir.

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1 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay.

TC [CDR LOCKHART]: We laid out all of the reasons on why
his identity should not be public, sir, or releasable to the
accused.

5 DDC [CDR MIZER]: Your Honor ----

TC [CDR LOCKHART]: I'm sorry. Neither side requested
7 oral argument on this, nor did the defense file a reply, a
8 response.

9 DDC [CDR MIZER]: Your Honor, we just have a general 10 objection based upon allegations of other detainees made to 11 other witnesses that we are going to, I guess, shroud these 12 proceedings in secrecy -- I mean, hide the identity of 13 witnesses. And that's our concern, Judge, is that if another 14 detainee does something to another witness or actor within the 15 JTF, it has nothing to do with Mr. Nashiri, it has nothing to 16 do with this case, and I'm sure Your Honor is well aware, as 17 we discussed yesterday, the preference that the proceedings 18 remain open to the public, and that includes knowing who those 19 witnesses are. If this is a full, fair and open proceeding, 20 that should happen here, Judge.

21 MJ [COL POHL]: But there are certain limitations on that,
22 as -- encompassed in the protective order.

23 DDC [CDR MIZER]: Surely there are, Judge, and we just

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1 don't believe it will be appropriate in this circumstance.

MJ [COL POHL]: It's a case-by-case and witness-by-witness
determination whether a witness needs to testify and be
identified?

5 DDC [CDR MIZER]: Yes, Your Honor. And our concern here 6 is this is going to set a terrible precedent because our fear 7 is it's going to be -- I hear what you are saying, a 8 case-by-case witness, but this is going to be the first one, 9 and then it's just going to cascading from there, Judge, and 10 that's really the basis for our position.

MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. Well, Commander, I understand your
concern about precedent, but I still think the rule is witness
by witness. The fact that one witness may testify under a
pseudonym doesn't mean another witness can't.

15 DDC [CDR MIZER]: Yes, Judge.

MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. So although you may not have
confidence that this is the prescient thing, it's a
witness-by-witness, and given the nature of this witness'
duties as shown by the pleading, I'm going to overrule your
objection and permit the witness to be -- to not be identified
in open court.

22 DDC [CDR MIZER]: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you.
23 MJ [COL POHL]: That being said, defense, you have a

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1 witness you wish me to hear on 205? 2 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, Your Honor, we do. The defense 3 calls Dr. Sondra Crosby. 4 SONDRA CROSBY, civilian, was called as a witness for the 5 defense, was sworn and testified as follows: 6 DIRECT EXAMINATION 7 Questions by the Assistant Trial Counsel [LT DAVIS]: 8 Q. Please have a seat. Ma'am, for the record, could 9 you state your full name, spelling your last name. 10 Α. Sondra Crosby, C-R-O-S-B-Y. 11 Q. And your city and state of residence? 12 Α. Dedham, Massachusetts. 13 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Thank you, ma'am. 14 Questions by the Assistant Detailed Defense Counsel 15 [MAJ HURLEY]: 16 Q. Ms. Crosby, good morning. 17 Α. Good morning. 18 Q. Ms. Crosby, do you hold a medical degree? 19 Α. I do hold a medical degree from the University of 20 Washington. 21 Q. Is it appropriate that I call you Dr. Crosby? 22 Α. Whatever you like, sir. 23 Q. Dr. Crosby, let's start here. These -- what you and

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1 I both say, what everyone says during the court proceeding, is 2 translated into Arabic for the benefit of Mr. Nashiri. Do vou 3 understand that? 4 Α. Yes. I do. 5 And do you also understand the need to speak slowly Q. 6 or moderately in order to allow time for that translation to 7 occur? 8 Α. Yes, I do. 9 Q. Dr. Crosby, you've reviewed a good deal of 10 information with respect to Mr. Nashiri; is that correct? 11 Α. Yes, I have. 12 Q. That information was both classified and 13 unclassified? 14 Α. Yes, sir. 15 Do you understand that this is an unclassified Q. 16 forum? 17 I do. Α. 18 Q. Do you also understand that discussing classified information in this forum would be inappropriate? 19 20 I do understand. Α. 21 Will you indicate to me or whomever is asking you Q. 22 the question that a complete answer to that question would 23 involve revealing classified information before you reveal it?

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1 A. Yes, I will.

Q. Ma'am, as a medical doctor, or in your practice, you
3 diagnose victims of torture as victims of torture?

A. I do specialize in diagnosing and treating survivors
5 of torture in my medical practice.

6 Q. Ma'am, briefly, what are you here today to tell7 Colonel Pohl?

8 MJ [COL POHL]: Just ask the questions.

9 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Okay.

MJ [COL POHL]: I mean, that's not a -- I mean, you ask a question about relevant testimony and she will respond. An open-ended question like that is -- there's no way the other side has an opportunity to object to it. I have no idea what it means.

ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir. What we intend -- or what Dr. Crosby -- or what the defense wants Dr. Crosby to say is in brief form, summarize the testimony that she's going to give so that you have a roadmap for her testimony.

ATC [LT DAVIS]: Your Honor, the government would request that if this witness is going to testify as an expert, that it at least the defense first qualify her as such and state the field that she does have expertise in.

23 MJ [COL POHL]: Is she going to give an expert opinion?

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1 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: She certainly is, sir. 2 MJ [COL POHL]: Then you need to qualify her first. 3 And back to the other thing is, I understand what 4 you want to do. I don't need a roadmap. Just ask her 5 relevant questions on the facts that you want me to consider. 6 But, first of all, you need to qualify her as an expert. 7 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Sir, yes. 8 MJ [COL POHL]: Go ahead. 9 Questions by the Assistant Detailed Defense Counsel 10 [MAJ HURLEY]: 11 Q. Sir -- I'm sorry, Dr. Crosby, let's talk about your 12 educational background. You indicated before that you have 13 gone to medical school? 14 Α. Yes, sir. 15 And that your medical school was at the University Q. 16 of Washington? 17 Α. Yes, sir. 18 Q. And that's in Seattle, Washington? 19 Α. Yes, sir. 20 Q. In what field did you perform your residency? 21 Α. I completed my internship and residency in internal 22 medicine in Boston, Massachusetts. 23 Q. And that's the area in which you currently reside

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1 now?

2 A. Yes, it is. I practice in Boston.

Q. Describe briefly for the -- for Colonel Pohl what an
4 internist does.

5 A. An internist is generally an adult medicine6 physician, and I'm board certified in that field.

7 Q. How long have you been board certified as an8 internist?

9 A. 1994-95.

10 Q. So approximately 20 years?

11 A. Yes, sir.

12 Q. When in your practice as an internist did you become13 interested in treating victims of torture?

14 So I have been practicing in Boston since 1995. Α. My 15 practice is primarily focused on refugees, asylum seekers, 16 immigrants who have experienced torture, war trauma, sexual-17 and gender-based violence. And I have been doing this work 18 exclusively since -- well, I have been caring for these 19 patients since graduating from residency in 1995. I've 20 focused exclusively in this field since the late '90s. 21 Q. So for approximately 15 years you've focused 22 exclusively in this field?

23 A. Yes, sir.

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1 Q. So before we go any further, Doctor, the -- you 2 would agree that the word "torture" is a much discussed word 3 in the public sphere? 4 Α. Yes. sir. 5 So that we know or we have a clear understanding of Q. 6 your testimony going forward, what definition of the word 7 "torture" are you using? 8 Α. In my work, I use the U.N. Convention Against 9 Torture definition. 10 Q. Could you briefly summarize that for Colonel Pohl? 11 Α. I can paraphrase it. 12 Q. That's perfect. 13 I don't have it memorized. It is infliction of Α. 14 severe pain, either physical or mental, on a person for any 15 number of purposes, including getting a confession, coercion, 16 punishment, that is done either by the government or with the 17 knowledge or acquiescence of the government. 18 Q. Is this a definition that's widely used by experts 19 such as yourself in the field? 20 Α. Yes, it is, sir. It's a standard. 21 When you first became interested in treating victims Q. 22 of torture, was that in your role as a clinician? 23 Α. Yes. sir.

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1 Q. Basically, as your practice has developed, you work 2 in three roles: First, that of clinician; is that correct? 3 Α. Yes, sir. 4 Then that as forensic evaluator? Q. 5 Α. That is correct, sir. 6 Q. And also as educator for other -- other workers in the field of dealing with victims of torture? 7 8 Α. Yes. sir. 9 Q. So let's talk about the clinical process first. 10 How do you typically treat -- clinically treat 11 someone who comes into your office as a, at that point, 12 purported victim of torture? 13 Α. It depends on what their needs are. I mean. 14 ultimately it's making the diagnosis and being sensitive to 15 whatever the individual needs are. Usually it involves 16 working with a care team of clinicians who are experienced and 17 sensitive to the needs of survivors of torture. 18 Now, ma'am, as an internist, you make -- you Q. 19 certainly make diagnoses with respect to the physical signs --20 the potential physical signs of torture, right? 21 Α. I do, yes, sir. 22 And as an internist, do you also make diagnoses Q. 23 regarding the mental health -- any mental health diagnoses for

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1 torture survivors?

A. I do make mental health diagnoses of torture
survivors. And in care caring for torture survivors, mental
and physical health are very closely intwined, so it's very
difficult to separate.

6 Q. How often as a clinician do you make mental health7 diagnoses for torture survivors?

8 A. On a weekly or even daily basis.

9 Q. As a clinician over the course of this -- these 15
10 years, how many torture victims or potential torture victims
11 have you seen?

A. Many. I certainly have not counted them. Over 500.
13 Maybe close to 1,000.

14 Q. And then as a clinician, you make -- as just said,15 you make routine mental health diagnoses?

16 A. Yes, I do. And referrals to treatment as17 appropriate.

18 Q. Is that unusual for an internist or a family19 practice doctor to make mental health diagnosis?

A. No, it's very common in the United States. In fact,
the majority of routine mental health diagnoses are made and
managed by family doctors, primary care doctors.

23 Q. Now, let's talk about your role as a forensic

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1 evaluator. How long have you been a forensic evaluator,2 Dr. Crosby?

3 Α. I received early training in forensic evaluation in 4 the late '90s, and I have continued to pursue that field. Ι 5 am the co-founder and codirector of the Forensic Medical 6 Evaluation Group at Boston University, and continue to perform forensic evaluations and teach other doctors, both nationally 7 8 and internationally, on an ongoing basis. I have also 9 published extensively in the field of torture evaluation. 10 Q. Is this your first time testifying in court? 11 Α. No, sir. 12 Q. You've testified in immigration court in 13 Massachusetts: is that correct? 14 I do testify in immigration court in Massachusetts Α. 15 on a fairly regular basis. 16 Were you accepted as an expert by the - in the Q. 17 field -- an expert in the field in the diagnosis and treatment 18 of torture victims? 19 Α. Yes, I have been. 20 Have you been qualified as an expert in that field Q. 21 before any other court? 22 I have been qualified as an expert witness in the Α. 23 United States District Court of Columbia in a capital case.

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Q. Now, as a forensic evaluator, how -- I'm glad you
 did that, Dr. Crosby. That water is there for your
 consumption, should you need it.

4 A. Thank you.

Q. In those instances, and this is in a general sense,
how are you brought on to any particular case to provide a
forensic evaluation?

A. That -- it's different. In immigration cases, I am
9 usually requested to do an evaluation by the respondent's
10 attorney. If it's an overseas evaluation, I have been asked
11 to perform evaluations by the Independent Commission of
12 Inquiry and other organizations that are investigating human
13 rights violations. So it's variable.

14 Q. Dr. Crosby, briefly explain to Colonel Pohl what the15 components of a forensic evaluation are.

16 Α. All right. So the international standard for 17 performing forensic evaluation is the Istanbul Protocol, which 18 was -- has been in existence since 1999. It is the -- it's 19 really the guide to the international legal and medical 20 documentation of torture, and this is -- these are the 21 guidelines that I use in my own evaluations. It's been 22 adopted by the U.N. It is an international standard around 23 the world.

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The components of that, to answer your question,
2 sir ----

3 Q. Thanks.

4 Α. The components of a forensic medical evaluation are 5 clearly taking a very detailed and accurate history, building rapport with the individual in order to be able to do that. 6 7 It's performing a very focused -- or a complete physical exam 8 focusing on particular areas that might be traumatized. It is 9 doing an inventory of all symptoms that might be related to 10 the history. It's reviewing any records that are available, 11 perhaps doing radiological tests that might be indicated, and 12 speaking to other ancillary people who might have information 13 to help corroborate or not corroborate your information.

At that point you take everything and analyze it and
15 come up with a conclusion as to whether or not your findings
16 support the individual's allegations of torture.

Q. And, Dr. Crosby, those times that you testified in
immigration court, the findings supported the conclusion; is
that accurate?

A. Usually, in immigration court the respondents will
call experts. And so if I'm called as an expert in
immigration court, it's on behalf of respondent, and I will
not write an affidavit or testify if my findings don't

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1 corroborate the allegations of torture.

2 Q. Does that occur fairly frequently that your findings3 don't corroborate the allegation of torture?

A. It certainly has occurred not on a regular basis.
Q. How do you communicate and to whom do you
6 communicate that your findings do not match the allegation
7 that you understand?

8 A. It's very simple. I will tell the individual that
9 my findings don't corroborate the story, the history, and I'm
10 unable to write an affidavit. And I communicate that to the
11 attorney as well.

12 Q. Does the government and -- the United States
13 government typically call witnesses in immigration court?

14 A. In immigration court in Boston, they do not. The15 government, to my knowledge, does not call witnesses.

Q. Had the government abandoned that practice in one of
these instances in which you found the allegations don't
support your findings, would you have testified on behalf of
the government?

20 A. I certainly would, yes.

Q. We've talked extensively, Doctor, about your
interest in treating victims of torture, and implicit in that
is that you've done a good deal of study in this area; is that

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1 correct?

2 A. Yes, I have.

3 Q. And you've also done a good deal of instruction in4 this area?

5 A. Yes, I have, sir.

6 Q. You're on the staff of the Boston University Medical7 School; is that right?

8 A. Yes, I am. I'm an associate professor.

9 Q. And what is it that you teach at the school?

A. I teach medical students and residents in aspects of
internal medicine. My focus of teaching is on caring for
refugees, survivors of torture, and documentation of such.

Q. So you work with medical students at Boston
University. Have you done continuing education for other
doctors in the field?

16 A. Yes, I have.

17 Q. And has that training occurred both in the United18 States of America and overseas?

A. It has occurred in the States and multiple placesoverseas.

Q. In one instance you traveled to Syria to providethis sort of training, correct?

23 A. Actually, I have made five trips to the Syrian

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1 border to teach Syrian doctors how to document torture in
2 people alleging to have been tortured in Syrian prisons, yes.
3 Q. Does part of this instruction entail classroom
4 environment where you go through how to take adequate trauma
5 history?

A. Yes. It's a detailed, complicated training course.
7 And part of it is classroom instruction, part of it is role
8 modelling, having people practice, and part of it is actually
9 going into the field and mentoring, doing actual evaluations
10 on people.

11 Q. So when you actually go out into the field, part of 12 that is you're doing the evaluations yourself, correct?

13 A. Yes, with a doctor that -- in training.

Q. And then a function that's performed while you're
doing these evaluations is mentoring the trainee, for want of
a better expression, as to the appropriate way to handle these
situations?

18 A. Yes, sir.

19 Q. And you said you've done that five times in Syria?20 A. On the Syrian border.

21 Q. Or in the vicinity of Syria?

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. Have you done any -- that sort of training

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1 internationally in any other location or at any other 2 location?

A. I've done trainings in Kyrgyzstan, in Tajikistan, in
4 Kazakhstan, and I did a broad training in Istanbul that
5 included doctors from the MENA region.

6 Q. The MENA region?

7 A. The East North Africa region.

Q. The training that you described now or that you
9 described before as happening in the vicinity of Syria, that's
10 also the training that you conducted at these other locations?
11 A. Right. And this is in conjunction with Physicians
12 for Human Rights, an organization I was working for.

Q. And that -- and you've also done, as you indicatedbefore, that sort of training in the United States?

A. Yes, I have. In addition, I do a yearly medical -or, I'm sorry, a continuing legal education course for
immigration judges and immigration attorneys that's broadcast
nationally.

Q. Dr. Crosby, in -- just one second. Dr. Crosby, I'll
wait until you're done drinking.

21 What's the Defense Health Board?

MJ [COL POHL]: I'm sorry. Could you repeat the question?
ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Certainly, sir.

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Q. Dr. Crosby, what's the Defense Health Board?
A. The Defense Health Board is -- I mean, a broad part
of the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense that has a
Subcommittee on Medical Ethics, which I assume you're asking
me about, because that's the branch that I'm familiar
with ----

7 Q. Right.

8 A. ---- which examines medical ethical issues in the9 military.

Q. Have you been invited to participate in panel
discussions or group discussions at the Defense Health Board?

A. I have been invited on two occasions to makepresentations in the Subcommittee on Medical Ethics.

14 Q. Were those presentations related to the treatment of15 detainees in Guantanamo Bay?

16 A. They were related to medical ethics in Guantanamo,17 specifically on hunger strikes, yes.

ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Your Honor, the defense offers Dr. Crosby as an expert in the field of diagnosis and treatment of torture as well as the appropriate standard of medical care for torture survivors based on her training and education as a doctor and her years of experience in treating torture victims.

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1 MJ [COL POHL]: Trial Counsel, do you wish to inquire or 2 object? 3 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Yes, Your Honor. The government does 4 have an objection and would request to voir dire the witness. 5 MJ [COL POHL]: Go ahead. INDIVIDUAL VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION 6 7 Questions by the Assistant Trial Counsel [LT DAVIS]: 8 Q. Good morning, Dr. Crosby. 9 Α. Good morning. 10 Q. I believe you testified earlier that you are an 11 internist by training; is that correct? 12 Α. Yes. 13 Q. And specializing in internal medicine? 14 Α. That is correct. 15 Q. So you are not a psychologist? 16 Α. That is correct, sir. 17 Q. And you are not a psychiatrist? 18 Α. I'm not either a psychologist or a psychiatrist. 19 Q. Okay. Have you ever been hired as an expert 20 consultant in the field of clinical psychology? 21 Α. No. sir. 22 Q. What about in the field of clinical psychiatry? 23 Α. No. sir.

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1 Q. What about in the field of forensic psychology?
2 A. No. sir.

3 Q. The field of forensic psychiatry?

A. It depends on how you define these fields. If they
5 relate to torture, I have been hired as an expert to document
6 both the medical and psychological effects of torture.

7 Q. I understand that, but you have never been hired as8 a forensic psychiatrist?

9 A. I'm not a psychiatrist, so no.

Q. Okay. And you discussed that you have been
qualified to testify -- I wasn't particularly clear in what
area of expertise, but if we could clarify that a little bit.
Have you ever been qualified to testify as an expert in the
field of clinical psychology?

A. Sir, I have been qualified in Boston Immigration
Court to give testimony on an individual's ----

17 Q. In clinical psychology?

18 MJ [COL POHL]: Let her answer the question.

A. About people's psychological and psychiatric
diagnoses and treatment, so I have been qualified as an expert
in the mental health diagnoses, yes.

21 in the mental health diagnoses, yes.

22 Q. Okay. But not in clinical psychology?

23 A. That question doesn't make sense.

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1 Q. Have you been qualified in clinical psychiatry? 2 MJ [COL POHL]: Lieutenant, she is not a psychologist. 3 She is not a psychiatrist. I got it. 4 Q. Dr. Crosby, people generally study for years to be 5 trained to provide psychotherapy; is that right? 6 Α. To -- I'm sorry, to deliver psychotherapy treatment? 7 Q. Yes. 8 Α. There's certainly a standard training program. 9 Q. And states generally have licensing requirements? 10 Α. I'm not a psychologist. I assume they do. I don't 11 know the licensing requirements for psychologists. 12 Q. So in the work that you do, when there may be 13 evidence of the -- of psychiatric or psychological trauma, you 14 would work in conjunction with a psychologist or psychiatrist? 15 Α For -- can you specify whether you mean diagnosis or 16 treatment? 17 Q. For the treatment. 18 Α. For the treatment I would attempt, yes. So that 19 would be preferable. I would try to work in conjunction with 20 a mental health specialist. It could be a clinical licensed 21 social worker. It does not have to be a psychologist or

23 Q. Okay. Because they have a different area of

22

psychiatrist.

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1 expertise than you do, right?

2 A. They have an expanded area of expertise in3 treatment, yes.

4 Q. Okay. So you specifically have never provided5 psychotherapy for patients with PTSD?

A. No, sir, that's not true. There are many patients
7 in my practice who come from cultural backgrounds who don't
8 want to be referred to a psychiatrist or psychologist because
9 it's stigmatizing. In our primary care world, in my world, I
10 provide treatment for PTSD, for depression, for anxiety.

11 Q. Okay. But on a more limited basis, right?

12 A. It depends on the patient.

Q. Okay. Well, you testified previously that a
psychiatrist or psychologist would have an expanded ----

15 A. That's right.

16 Q. ---- experience level. So they would be able to do17 things that you wouldn't?

A. So for a complicated patient, I would certainly
refer to a psychologist, psychiatrist or clinical social
worker. Sometimes patients don't want to go.

Q. And referring to patients that may currently be in
confinement, have you ever provided therapy, psychotherapy to
a patient that is currently in confinement?

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1 I don't provide complicated forms of psychotherapy Α. 2 such as cognitive behavioral therapy processing. I do 3 counseling. I help people through narrative counseling and 4 some biofeedback and things like that, but, no, I don't do 5 complex psychotherapy. 6 Q. And you are aware that the defense has been 7 appointed an expert in psychology? 8 Α. Yes. 9 Q. Okay. Would you not agree that he would be in a 10 better position to address the standard of care when it comes 11 to psychological or psychiatric treatment? 12 MJ [COL POHL]: Lieutenant, does this go to her 13 qualifications as an expert or a cross-examination question if 14 she provides an opinion? 15 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Yes, sir, Your Honor. I think it goes to 16 both. 17 MJ [COL POHL]: Well, I don't think it does. Move on to 18 something else. 19 Questions by the Assistant Trial Counsel [LT DAVIS]: 20 Q. And speaking ----21 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Can I have a moment, Your Honor? 22 MJ [COL POHL]: Sure. 23 Q. Dr. Crosby, you testified on direct about some of

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the travel that you have done and the patients that you've
 worked with and the Istanbul protocol and things along those
 lines.

4 A. Yes, sir.

Q. That is primarily -- as I understand it, that's
primarily focused on the documentation of the effects of
torture; is that right?

8 A. The Istanbul Protocol is focused on the
9 documentation of the effects of physical and psychological
10 torture, yes.

Q. And so it's not -- the work that you've done is more
on the documentation side as opposed to the actual treatment
side?

A. No, sir, that's not correct. I have a full clinical
practice of torture survivors that I treat on a daily
basis ----

17 Q. Okay.

18 A. ---- since -- for 15 years.

19 Q. Right. Focusing more on the physical side?

20 A. On both. In torture survivors it is very difficult

21 to separate physical and psychological because they go

22 together.

23 Q. Okay. I'm trying to get a sense of the parameters

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1 of this -- of the field of studying and treating victims of
2 torture. Are there certain publications that focus on this
3 field?

A. Yes, sir. And I have provided them to the court as
5 far as I know. I have actually been the author of a number of
6 these publications.

7 Q. And are there degree programs in this field?
8 A. In what field particularly? In medical forensics
9 or ----

Q. Well, certainly there is a medical forensics, but as
far as the documentation and treatment of torture victims.

A. There are not currently degree programs. That is
something that I am trying to pioneer within the United
States, and have co-founded and I co-direct the Forensic
Medical Evaluation Group at Boston University, which one of
our aims is pushing forward to create an actual certificate
program in this field.

18 Q. So this is an emerging field?

19 A. Yes, it is, sir.

20 Q. And you are heading up that fight; is that right?
21 A. Yes, sir.

Q. What -- you talked about a certificate program.
What would that consist of? How would somebody qualify for

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1 that?

2 MJ [COL POHL]: Lieutenant, what does that got to do with3 her current qualifications?

ATC [LT DAVIS]: Your Honor, the defense has offered her
as an expert in this field, and it's quite an undefined field.
So by describing the process by which somebody might gain
certification, I'm trying to get a sense of.

8 MJ [COL POHL]: Someone might gain this hypothetical
 9 certification that currently doesn't exist. That's what we're
 10 talking about?

ATC [LT DAVIS]: Apparently it's in the works, Your Honor, and I think it lays out kind of what exactly this field is, or maybe it doesn't. But from the government's position, this is an amorphous field that we're trying to get some -- some specifics on.

MJ [COL POHL]: I'll give you some leeway, but we're
talking about her qualifications. Okay? We're not talking
about qualifications of other potential students in the
future. It's her qualifications to give an expert opinion on
what it's being offered as.

21 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Yes, sir.

22 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. Go ahead.

23 Questions by the Assistant Trial Counsel [LT DAVIS]:

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Q. So, ma'am, I'll repeat the question. When we're
 talking about this potential certificate program, what would
 go into somebody being able to obtain a certificate like that?
 A. All right. Well, it depends -- this could be a long
 conversation, so ----

6 MJ [COL POHL]: Could you give the short, Reader's Digest7 version?

8 WIT: I will try to do that.

9 A. Certainly there are programs that teach
10 documentation of torture and ill treatment, both physical and
11 psychological, based on the Istanbul Protocol. I have been
12 involved in those programs. There are a group of experts in
13 the United States who are recognized nationally and
14 internationally as experts in the documentation of torture and
15 ill treatment. I'm one of those experts.

I'm not sure the other part of your question is actually relevant, but I'll answer it. My aim is to actually create -- to create a subspecialty in medical forensics and documentation of torture. That's something that's probably ten years down the road. But I'm not sure how it's relevant here today.

ATC [LT DAVIS]: Can I have a moment, Your Honor?
 Your Honor, the government has no more questions,

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1 but the objection -- and it really goes to the extent of the 2 opinion that this expert is going to provide. From the 3 defense's brief, it appears that she is going to offer opinion 4 testimony about what the proper standard of care would be when 5 it comes to psychiatric or psychological treatment, and it 6 would be the government's position that she does not have the 7 background or the expertise in that.

8 If the defense wants to go into what physical 9 findings she may have made or what diagnoses she may have come 10 up with, that would certainly -- she would seem to be 11 qualified in that area. But when we're crossing over into 12 this realm of psychiatry or psychology or what type of 13 treatment the accused should be receiving, it's the 14 government's position that she doesn't have the expertise.

15 And I would refer you, Your Honor, to 16 Appellate Exhibit 205G, and there's two attachments to that, 17 Alpha and Bravo. In Alpha that would be the defense's request 18 to have Dr. Crosby appointed as an expert in the case to the 19 convening authority. And in that they specifically say that 20 her role is to evaluate the physical effects of torture. 21 There's a footnote in that request which states that 22 Dr. Crosby is unable to conduct a mental health evaluation. 23 And then you take a look at the subsequent request,

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1 which is for Dr. Rosenfeld. Dr. Rosenfeld is requested to do 2 the mental health evaluation. And it's also stated in there 3 that not only is he going to do the mental health evaluation, 4 but he will be able to -- or the idea is that he might be able 5 to obtain evidence and analyze what the course of treatment is or should be on the psychological or psychiatric side of 6 7 things.

8 So while the government doesn't object to 9 Dr. Crosby's qualifications in certain areas, if this starts 10 going off the rails and going into an area that she clearly 11 doesn't have the expertise in providing actual treatment for 12 complicated cases of PTSD involving all of the particular 13 types of treatment that a psychologist or psychiatrist would 14 provide, that's where the government's main objection lies. 15

MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. Thank you.

16 An expert may be qualified both by training and 17 experience and based on her training and experience. She is accepted as an expert in the diagnosis and treatment of 18 19 victims of torture with the caveat, as she said herself, that 20 complicated treatment plans would probably be more appropriate 21 by a psychiatrist or a psychologist. If we get to that line, 22 we will address it at that time, but your basic objection 23 really goes to whether she testifies outside her scope of

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1 expertise. 2 So that being said, Major Hurley. 3 DIRECT EXAMINATION CONTINUED 4 Questions by the Assistant Detailed Defense Counsel 5 [MAJ HURLEY]: 6 Q. Dr. Crosby, if we get to the point where you feel we 7 need to take a break, just let us know. 8 Α. I'm fine. Thank you. 9 Q. Dr. Crosby, what did you consider -- let me first 10 ask this question generally. I apologize. 11 Do you have an opinion to a reasonable degree of 12 medical certainty regarding whether or not Mr. Nashiri is a 13 victim of torture? 14 Α. I do have an opinion. 15 Q. What is that opinion? 16 I believe that Mr. al Nashiri has suffered torture, Α. 17 physical, psychological and sexual torture. 18 Q. Now, before we talk in detail about how you arrived 19 at that opinion, first I'm just going to go over -- it's been 20 an hour, and I'm going to re-establish the idea that if I ask 21 you a question that calls for a classified response, that you 22 will let me know before you say any classified information. 23 All right?

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1 A. Yes, sir.

2	Q. All right. So before we get into in detail
3	discussion of your opinion, do you have any concerns about
4	this testimony occurring in the presence of Mr. Nashiri?
5	MJ [COL POHL]: Wait a minute. Let me make sure I
6	understand why this witness is being called. You can stay
7	behind the mic. The defense motion was current diagnosis and
8	adequacy of current treatment.
9	ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir.
10	MJ [COL POHL]: Okay? Okay?
11	ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir.
12	MJ [COL POHL]: You called this witness.
13	ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Certainly did.
14	MJ [COL POHL]: And now you're you've got an opinion on
15	the causation, if you want to call it that. You can ask an
16	opinion of current conditions, current diagnosis, and adequacy
17	of current treatment. That's the issue before me.
18	ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir.
19	MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. Now, I just want to make sure that
20	you understand this. So whether or not Mr. Nashiri wants to
21	hear this or not, I don't see how that goes to those issues.
22	ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Sir, my response to that would be
23	it's Dr. Crosby has had interaction over the course of this

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week with Mr. Nashiri, and that that interaction informs -- or
 continues to inform her diagnosis as an evaluator -- an
 evaluator in this case, and that we believe that's relevant
 for her to establish, at the outset, because it does require
 her to give an opinion with respect to this interaction that
 she had with Mr. Nashiri this week.

7 MJ [COL POHL]: Do you propose to introduce what happened8 in the interaction?

9 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Sir, we propose to -- yes, sir, we
10 propose to introduce what happened in the interaction.

MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. Let me see -- perhaps you and I are
misunderstanding what an opinion witness does.

13 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: All right, sir.

MJ [COL POHL]: The proponent of an opinion witness gets
the opinion. Okay. The proponent of an opinion witness does
not get into specific instances of the basis of said opinion.
Am I misunderstanding what the rules are?

18 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: No, sir, I think you adequately19 understand what the rules are.

MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. So as long as you're talking about opinion, current diagnosis, which is what you've asked for her to give, opinion on current treatment and inadequacy of current treatment, I'm good.

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But you are drifting down -- almost your first
 question is factual predicates, and that's not -- the
 proponent of an opinion witness, as I read the rules, isn't
 permitted to do that.

5 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Well, certainly, sir, she's entitled 6 to -- I guess we are at a misunderstanding. It's the position 7 of the defense that the doctor is entitled to discuss how she 8 arrived at that conclusion, that it wasn't just some -- it 9 wasn't by ----

MJ [COL POHL]: She is allowed to generically say what she looked at, like I've read records, I interviewed the accused. Generically. That's it. That's the way I read that rule. She cannot say, I talked to the accused and he said X, and that's why I got this conclusion, or I read this piece of paper, or I know this fact.

ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: It's the position of the judge -- or
17 the judge of this case ----

18 MJ [COL POHL]: That's what the rule says. Am I19 misreading the rule, the opinion evidence rule?

ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: No, sir, I think you're appropriately apprehending the opinion evidence rule. What -- it's the position of the defense is that this is the -- an explanation on direct examination by the proponent to further -- to

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further describe the basis of the opinion so that you can
 understand it and give it the validity or the lack of validity
 that it deserves.

MJ [COL POHL]: Other than what I just discussed about a
generic discussion of what it was based on, you want to go
into more detail than that?

7 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: No, sir.

MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. Well, with those parameters -- but
understand what I'm saying, specific instances or specific
things are not appropriate for the proponent of an opinion.
That's not what you called her for. What you called her for,
in your motion, was current diagnosis and current and adequate
treatment. Okay.

14 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir.

15 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay.

ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: So if the government on
17 cross-examination questions the basis of her opinion, then we
18 get to inquire into those areas?

MJ [COL POHL]: If we -- I'm not going to have a -- the rule says what the rule says. The rule says that the proponent of an opinion evidence is allowed to get the opinion. The opponent, if they wish to test the basis by specific facts, they can. Okay?

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1 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir.

MJ [COL POHL]: If they say something in cross-examination
that may open the door for you. I don't know because I have
not heard the cross.

5 It's just the rule straight out of the book. I 6 mean, I'm not sure why this is -- we are apparently talking 7 across each other. But let's just end this discussion. Those 8 are the parameters that we are going to operate under on your 9 direct examination. You may proceed.

10 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir. Thank you.

11 Questions by the Assistant Detailed Defense Counsel

12 [MAJ HURLEY]:

Q. Dr. Crosby, what, in general terms, did you consider
14 in arriving at the conclusion that you just gave to Colonel
15 Pohl?

A. I considered multiple things, some of which are
classified and I can't discuss, and those include records that
are classified. Those include multiple conversations and
evaluation of Mr. al Nashiri. Those include my observations
of Mr. Nashiri.

Q. Did you review the medical records, or portions at22 least, of the medical records?

23 A. I have reviewed portions of the unclassified medical

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1 records.

2 Did you -- and you said that you also reviewed Q. 3 classified records? 4 Α. Yes. sir. 5 Let's talk about the examination that you conducted. Q. 6 You indicated to Colonel Pohl before the components of a 7 forensic evaluation exam ----8 Α. Yes. sir. 9 Q. ---- do you recall that? 10 Did you follow -- did you hit those components in 11 your conversations with Mr. Nashiri? 12 Α. I did hit those components, yes. 13 Q. And the first component, as I recall, is the 14 development of rapport? 15 Α Yes, sir. 16 Q. The second one is -- in your development of rapport, 17 did that take any particular longer period of time with 18 Mr. Nashiri? 19 Α. Certainly, with survivors of torture, trust has been 20 broken and it is often difficult to establish rapport. 21 Certainly, the circumstances at Guantanamo and culture, 22 language also can be obstacles to rapport building. But, yes, 23 to the degree that I could, I feel that I established a

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1 reasonable rapport.

Q. After you've established rapport, the next -- or one
3 thing to do at some point in the evaluation process early on
4 is to obtain the informed consent of the evaluee; is that
5 correct?

6 A. That's right.

7 Q. Did you obtain Mr. Nashiri's informed consent?

8 A. I did obtain Mr. Nashiri's informed consent.

9 Q. The next process is taking a detailed torture
10 history, is that -- or another portion of the examination is
11 taking a detailed torture history?

12 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection, Your Honor, leading.

MJ [COL POHL]: Overruled. In this type of situation,
14 leading questions are probably better to avoid a responsive
15 answer that may go into classified material.

16 A. Thank you.

17 Q. Yes, sir.

A. Yes, sir. It's history, all the while making
observations of the person's behavior, their affect, and
certainly obtaining a detailed history is critical to the
evaluation.

Q. Is it more or less critical than it is in any other
clinical or forensic environment? Or is obtaining an adequate

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1 history always important?

2 A. It's always important.

Q. Obviously, this may touch on classified information,
4 so I'm not -- I don't want to get into the substance of
5 what -- of anything that was conveyed to you by Mr. Nashiri,
6 but was it -- describe the process of taking Mr. Nashiri's
7 history, his patient history, without getting into classified
8 material.

9 MJ [COL POHL]: Did you take a patient history from him?

10 WIT: I took a patient history from Mr. Nashiri.

11 MJ [COL POHL]: That's enough.

12 WIT: I ----

13 MJ [COL POHL]: No, you're done on that question.

14 WIT: It's classified.

15 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir.

16 Questions by the Assistant Detailed Defense Counsel

17 [MAJ HURLEY]:

18 Q. And then after that, you took a symptoms inventory19 from Mr. Nashiri?

20 A. Yes, I did.

Q. And then after that, you did a physical exam ofMr. Nashiri?

23 A. I did perform a physical exam. I did not do --

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1 things were -- you know, I got all of the components done, but
2 in the best order I could.

Q. Right. So your answer, if I may clarify it,
Dr. Crosby, is -- I was in the phrasing of my question making
it seem like a sequential process, but it really -- it's not a
sequential process. It's just a process that has certain
tasks that need to be performed?

8 A. Exactly. Yes, sir.

9 Q. Describe briefly for Colonel Pohl the process of
10 conducting a physical examination of the type that you would
11 conduct in a forensic evaluation.

ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection, Your Honor, relevance. The basis of this motion is the adequacy of the training with regard to his PTSD and depression. It states it right at the top of the motion the relief requested. Getting into the physical findings is not relevant.

MJ [COL POHL]: As discussed earlier, do I need to know
the details of everything that was done? Aren't we getting
into what I just discussed with you? I mean, you said, did
you conduct a physical exam, did you conduct this exam. The
answer is yes, yes, yes. Okay. Fine. I don't know that -we're sliding right into what I just discussed with you.
ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Sir, first I would say we -- this is a

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barebones explanation of what this expert did in order to
 inform her opinion. So it's not -- this isn't in any sort of
 detail. It's you conducted an examination, how did that
 examination occur. I did this and I did that.

5 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. I'll give you a little limited --6 the objection is overruled. I'm going to give you some leeway 7 on this, but you're drifting close to things that an opinion 8 witness doesn't need to say or should say. I'm still waiting 9 for the opinion you've asked for. I haven't gotten that. 10 That's what you called her for.

ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir. You've -- I asked her, do
you have an opinion ----

13 MJ [COL POHL]: No, no.

14 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: ---- what is it.

15 MJ [COL POHL]: You asked her opinion of whether or not he16 was subject to torture.

17 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Right.

MJ [COL POHL]: That's not what I understand -- maybe I
misread your motion. I thought your motion was current
diagnosis of physical/psychological problems and inadequacy of
current treatment.

22 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir.

23 MJ [COL POHL]: All the other -- the opinion that was

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1 given to me was an opinion of what he may have experienced
2 previously. That's not a current diagnosis of anything.
3 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: But she ----

MJ [COL POHL]: It's simply a statement of -- in her view,
of past treatment of Mr. Nashiri, but it's not a diagnosis
of -- let's say -- unless I misunderstand the term diagnosis.
And she simply stated that in her opinion he was subject to
torture. Okay. Fine. That's not a medical condition, to my
knowledge.

ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: And, sir, I guess we are talking past
each other, and ----

MJ [COL POHL]: Yeah. I just looked at what your motionsaid.

ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Right, sir. The point of what we're going through is to say this process was gone through. Now, has it informed an opinion as to whether or not there -- as to whether or not he suffered physical signs of torture or whether or not that's indicated? Yes, it is, I have that opinion.

MJ [COL POHL]: And she has given me that. She has given
the opinion of whether or not he has suffered torture in the
past. I've got that.

23 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir.

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1 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. But that's not the issue before me. 2 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: So she is going to diagnose -- or, 3 sir, she is going to continue to say he continues to have 4 physical problems of as a result of the torture. Diagnosis. 5 MJ [COL POHL]: I'm asking for a current diagnosis. 6 Rephrase that. 7 You asked this witness to provide a current 8 diagnosis ----9 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir. 10 MJ [COL POHL]: ---- and then an opinion about the 11 inadequacy of current treatment ----12 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir. 13 MJ [COL POHL]: ---- neither of which I have heard. 14 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Sir, I got it. 15 MJ [COL POHL]: Do it in any order you want, but I'm just 16 saying that that's the issue you wanted to raise. 17 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Right. 18 MJ [COL POHL]: Go ahead. 19 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Sir, what was the ruling on the 20 government's objection? I've lost it. 21 MJ [COL POHL]: On the physical thing? I overruled it. 22 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir. 23 Questions by the Assistant Detailed Defense Counsel

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1 [MAJ HURLEY]: 2 Dr. Crosby? Q. 3 Α. Yes, sir. 4 Q. Could you describe how you conduct a physical 5 examination in this environment? 6 Α. In ----7 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection, Your Honor, relevance. Again, 8 this just goes to the basis. 9 MJ [COL POHL]: Overruled. Again. 10 Q. Do you -- let me do some leading questions, all 11 right, which may help. 12 Do you visually observe the person that you're 13 evaluating? 14 Α. Yes, sir. Visual observation is important. 15 Likewise, do you physically touch the person that Q. 16 vou're evaluating? 17 Α. Yes. Head-to-toe physical examination. 18 Q. After you've done that, is there a component -- and 19 did you do that with Mr. Nashiri? 20 Yes, sir, I did. Α. 21 Is there another component to the physical Q. 22 evaluation that we have not discussed that you performed with 23 Mr. Nashiri?

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1 Head-to-toe complete systems exam, complete skin Α. 2 exam, looking for any signs of abnormalities or past 3 indicators of trauma. 4 Q. Just one second, Doctor. 5 Doctor, and again with the admonishment regarding classified evidence, have you formed any diagnoses with 6 respect to the physical -- you said he had been physically 7 8 tortured, that he -- the physical aspects of torture that were 9 suffered by Mr. Nashiri? 10 I have, sir. And as I've said before, they're Α. 11 inseparable from some of the psychiatric complications. 12 Q. Did you make physical findings that were consistent 13 with the -- your diagnosis of torture? 14 Α. Yes, sir. 15 Now, I use that term "consistent with." Would you Q. 16 describe briefly for Colonel Pohl what that term "consistent 17 with" means to you as a medical practitioner. 18 Α. Yes ----19 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Your Honor, objection, relevance. 20 MJ [COL POHL]: Sustained. I can understand what 21 consistent with means. Go ahead. 22 Q. Have you had an opportunity -- and that was the 23 diagnosis that you've -- that there are physical signs of --

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1 or there are physical indicators of torture; is that correct?

2 Α. There are physical indicators that are consistent 3 with the classified allegations.

4 Q. Doctor, at any point -- and you met with Mr. Nashiri 5 how many times?

6 Α. I've made three visits to the base to see him, and 7 I've seen him briefly this week, 30-plus hours, probably, 8 total.

9 Q. Is that an adequate period of time to make not only 10 any physical determinations but any psychological or

11 psychiatric determinations?

Α.

12

It was enough time for me to reach my conclusions. 13 And do you have a medical opinion -- or do you have Q. 14 an opinion, with a reasonable degree of medical certainty, 15 regarding whether or not there are indicators of torture in 16 Mr. Nashiri in his mental state?

17 Α. Yes, sir, I do have an opinion.

18 Q. And what is that opinion?

19 Α. That there is -- the evidence -- his psychological 20 evidence is highly consistent with allegations of torture that 21 are classified and that I cannot discuss.

22 What is your specific finding with respect to Q. 23 Mr. Nashiri's mental state? What did you diagnose him with?

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1 A. Mr. Nashiri has post-traumatic stress disorder.

2 Q. Now ----

A. Chronic, more complex post-traumatic stress disorder
4 that we often see in survivors of torture.

5 Q. Post-traumatic stress disorder, generally speaking,
6 is a construct of western medicine; is that correct?

7 A. Generally speaking, yes.

8 Q. How does it fit -- or how difficult is it to make 9 the diagnosis of post-traumatic stress disorder with people 10 that are from other cultures or regions, such as Mr. Nashiri? 11 Α. I see people with post-traumatic stress disorder 12 from all over the world, many different cultures, religions. 13 And essentially, there are clusters of symptoms that are 14 similar and that make up the diagnostic criteria for 15 post-traumatic stress disorder. And Mr. Nashiri meets that --16 those diagnostic criteria, although I can't specifically say 17 what those criteria are, or I can't specifically say what Mr. Nashiri's symptoms are that meet the criteria. 18

Q. Doctor, did you form an opinion to a reasonable
degree of medical certainty as to whether or not Mr. Nashiri
was sexually tortured?

22 A. I did reach an opinion.

23 MJ [COL POHL]: We're talking -- again, now you're

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1 getting -- I'm not going to do this again and again. Well,
2 maybe I am. Okay.

We're talking about her opinion. Okay. Her opinion4 of his current status, current diagnosis. Okay.

5 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: That's what -- did you reach an
6 opinion, what is that opinion, has anything changed.

7 MJ [COL POHL]: No, that's an opinion of a fact. All 8 opinions -- an opinion that he currently suffers from PTSD, 9 chronic PTSD, is a medical opinion, okay? That's what you're 10 here for, what's the treatment therefor. That's what I'm 11 limiting you to, okay, opinion of specific types of activity 12 that may have caused it -- however you couch it is the same 13 thing that I am not going to let you do, okay? So move to 14 another question.

15 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Okay.

16 MJ [COL POHL]: She is offering medical opinions -- let me 17 make this clear -- medical opinions about current medical 18 conditions. She has testified as to chronic PTSD. Okav. 19 That's what you want. That's what you've asked for this 20 witness for. Now you complain about -- you say he is not 21 getting adequate treatment, which is the crux of the motion. 22 Okay. So let's move into what you asked her to be. She has 23 given a diagnosis of his problems. Now the question is what

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1 is his current treatment and why it's inadequate. 2 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir. 3 Questions by the Assistant Detailed Defense Counsel 4 [MAJ HURLEY]: 5 You said that your review of the entirety of this --Q. 6 these records of your opinions were based on your evaluation, 7 your review of the medical reports, and your review of other 8 classified information ----9 Α. Yes. sir. 10 Q. ---- is that right, Doctor? 11 Let's talk about the medical reports. The medical 12 reports, these reports relate to Mr. Nashiri's time here in 13 Guantanamo? 14 Α. Yes, sir. 15 And you've reviewed a number of these medical Q. 16 records? 17 Α. Yes, sir. 18 Q. Have you ever seen an adequate trauma history in any 19 of those medical records? 20 I have not seen a trauma history in any medical Α. 21 records that I have reviewed. 22 Q. The failure to include a trauma history, does that 23 make that -- the treatment that Mr. Nashiri has received and

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1 is receiving inadequate?

2 A. I would say yes, but let me -- let me explain.

3 Q. Explain it to Colonel Pohl, please.

A. People -- there are individuals coming from certain
5 situations where clinicians must suspect trauma, violence,
6 domestic violence, whatever it is.

7 People in prisons ----

8 MJ [COL POHL]: I'm going to ask you to stay near the
9 microphone. I know he keeps telling you to look at me, but
10 the court reporters appreciate it if you stay near the
11 microphone.

12 Α. People in prisons; people coming from countries that 13 are engaged in civil war, like Syria; a woman coming from the 14 Democratic Republic of Congo where rape is rampant; people who 15 are opposition leaders, such as in Uganda. When you see 16 patients from high-risk situations, it should raise a red flag 17 in your head and you should initiate that trauma history. And 18 it's not easy. People are reluctant. They're fearful. They 19 may not want to tell you at first until they really trust you.

And, you know, I'll just, you know, give an example.
A woman comes in to my office with bruises, with multiple ER
visits for unexplained injuries, depression, not sleeping, not
able to make eye contact, and I don't do a trauma history for

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1 domestic violence. That would be substandard care. All of 2 the red flags are there. I didn't do the history. 3 That is the exact same way that a torture history is 4 warranted in high-risk populations in certain contexts, and 5 the red flags are there in the medical record. What -- in your analogy of spousal abuse, you as the 6 Q. 7 treating clinician didn't inquire into the spousal abuse. Did 8 I understand your example correctly? 9 Α. That if I didn't, it would be substandard care. 10 Q. What was not inquired into with respect to 11 Mr. Nashiri? 12 Mr. Nashiri, as far as I know, it was known that he Α. 13 was kept in a black site. He was in a prison. There just is 14 a baseline high prevalence of trauma and abuse in these 15 situations. 16 MJ [COL POHL]: No. The question is not before you. The 17 question before you is -- is what was not done in his current 18 treatment plan -- I may be paraphrasing here -- that you 19 believe should have been done? 20 A trauma history was not done, and it should have Α. 21 been done to make the diagnosis of PTSD.

Q. A trauma history that reflected all of his time inthe custody of the United States government?

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1 Any -- any -- all of his time anywhere. Α. 2 Q. Does the failure to take that history, does that 3 fall below a minimum standard of care? 4 Α. In my opinion, yes. 5 Q. How does this shortfall, this inadequacy affect 6 Mr. Nashiri even today? 7 I can give what my current diagnoses are, right? Α. 8 Q. Yes, you can. 9 Α. Mr. Nashiri suffers from post-traumatic stress 10 disorder that has not been addressed -- or it hasn't been 11 diagnosed except for a brief period, or treated. He suffers 12 from chronic pain. He suffers from anal-rectal complaints, 13 and all of these are documented in the unclassified records. 14 Multiple other physical complaints, headaches, chest pain, 15 joint pain, stomach pain. These are all symptoms that are 16 highly prevalent in people who have suffered torture and to 17 have chronic PTSD. These are all kind of red flags.

And the fact that the medical record documents that Mr. Nashiri has had to some extent workups for these complaints that are appropriate, but nobody's put together the picture. It's like the elephant in the room. I believe there's a huge psychosomatic component to a lot of his current physical suffering and psychological suffering that is related

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1 to his torture that was never diagnosed.

Q. Do you know whether that diagnosis was -- that
3 failure to diagnose was a deliberate choice or a negligent
4 choice? Can you make ----

5 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection, calls for speculation.

6 MJ [COL POHL]: Sustained.

7 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: She is an expert that can make -8 apply her expertise to a diagnosis and say I find this to be a
9 deliberate cause or merely a negligent cause or, Major Hurley,
10 I don't know the answer to that question. I mean, she is,
11 after all, an expert that's reviewing a medical record, sir.

MJ [COL POHL]: That's beyond the scope of her expertise.Objection sustained. Next question.

14 Questions by the Assistant Detailed Defense Counsel

15 [MAJ HURLEY]:

Q. Let's talk about that PTSD example that you
discussed. And this goes to the inadequacy of the patient
history from Mr. Nashiri, right? The diagnosis of PTSD in
March of 2013 is what I'm talking about.

20 A. Okay.

21 Q. And ----

22 A. What's your question?

23 Q. My question is, have you reviewed records that

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1 indicate Mr. Nashiri was diagnosed by a Guantanamo doctor as 2 having PTSD in March of 2013? 3 Α. Yes, I did see that medical record. 4 Q. And that diagnosis was that -- let me stop that 5 question and I ask another one. 6 Did you ever see that diagnostic medical record, 7 that one in March of 2013? 8 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection, relevance. Again, the scope 9 is the current treatment, current diagnosis. We're now 10 talking about 2012-2013. 11 MJ [COL POHL]: What's the relevance? 12 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: We're talking about -- this happened 13 in 2013, sir, and the relevance is the standard of care that 14 Mr. Nashiri has received. It's this is an indication of it. 15 MJ [COL POHL]: Where was that diagnosis located? 16 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Guantanamo Bay, Cuba. 17 MJ [COL POHL]: No, no, no, no. 18 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: In his medical records. 19 MJ [COL POHL]: As part of what? As part of the 706 exam 20 or part of something else? 21 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: It was part of something else. 22 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. So the question -- okay. I'll 23 overrule the objection, if you want to establish he had PTSD

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1 in 2013 -- but, again, let's get to the issue before me. 2 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Yes, sir. 3 MJ [COL POHL]: She is -- the witness has testified that 4 he has PTSD and argue -- did you see the diagnosis in 2013 5 that he had the PTSD in the medical records? 6 WIT: Yes, I saw it in the unclassified record. 7 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. She has seen that. She has 8 discussed the inadequacy of the current treatment plan. 9 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Right. This is a recent indicator, 10 March of 2013, and, sir, maybe I just ought to ask the witness 11 questions and you can decide whether or not this is relevant 12 for you. Because I think you will see its relevance in a 13 second. 14 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. 15 Questions by the Assistant Detailed Defense Counsel 16 [MAJ HURLEY]: 17 Q. You've reviewed that record? 18 Α. Yes, sir. 19 Q. Does it contain an adequate foundation for the 20 diagnosis of PTSD, in your medical opinion? 21 No, it did not. The diagnosis appeared, but there Α. 22 was no -- there was no history about what the trauma was, 23 which is the number one criterion for diagnosing PTSD, and

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1	there was no listing of symptoms that Mr. Nashiri was	
2	exhibiting that would meet criteria for PTSD. Although he had	
3	the diagnosis, the foundation was not clearly laid.	
4	Q. Was there ever a diagnosis before 2013 of PTSD?	
5	A. In the unclassified records?	
6	Q. Yes.	
7	A. Not to my knowledge, but I not to my knowledge.	
8	Q. In March of 2013, do you know whether or not the 706	3
9	board, the Mental Health Status Board, had published its	
10	findings with respect to Mr. Nashiri?	
11	A. Yes, I do, sir. I reviewed it.	
12	Q. And that occurred, to your knowledge, in March of	
13	2013?	
14	A. Yes, sir.	
15	Q. So this change in diagnosis from the Guantanamo Bay	
16	doctors happened the same month as the publication of the 706	
17	board?	
18	A. It appears so.	
19	Q. It appears that way based on the dates that you	
20	observed on the document?	
21	A. Yes, sir.	
22	Q. All right. Now, that diagnosis of PT that	
23	diagnosis changed, didn't it?	

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1 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection, relevance. 2 MJ [COL POHL]: Well, it's been asked and answered. The 3 objection is overruled, but it's been asked and answered. 4 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Asked and answered? 5 MJ [COL POHL]: Yeah, she just said it changed. You just 6 asked her again. I got it. 7 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Thank you, sir. 8 MJ [COL POHL]: Go ahead. 9 Questions by the Assistant Detailed Defense Counsel 10 [MAJ HURLEY]: 11 Q. When did that change occur? That change occurred in 12 March of 2014, didn't it? 13 Α. So the record I reviewed from March 2014 did not 14 have a diagnosis of PTSD, that is correct, yes. 15 Q. Do you recall what the diagnosis was? 16 I don't have it in front of me. I believe it was Α. 17 anxiety, not otherwise specified, and major depression in 18 remission. 19 Q. Did that medical record have an adequate basis for 20 the diagnosis that was included in the note? 21 Α. Not in my opinion, and I will explain. My 22 recollection of that note actually endorse symptoms that would 23 be consistent with PTSD; however, they were not attributed to

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1 PTSD. They were attributed to other causes.

So the note, quite frankly, as a clinician who sees
lots of records and writes lots of records, didn't make sense
to me.

Q. Based on your knowledge of Mr. Nashiri in this
6 situation, did that March 2014 medical record comply with any
7 appropriate standard of medical care?

8 A. As I said, the record didn't make sense. There was
9 not a clear explanation about why the diagnosis was changed,
10 and the foundation in the note did not support the change in
11 diagnosis.

12 Q. When were you told that you were coming to13 Guantanamo Bay to testify in this case?

14 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection, relevance.

15 Q. Do you recall ----

16 MJ [COL POHL]: Overruled.

17 Q. Do you recall what month that happened?

18 A. It was last month, so that would have been March,19 2014.

Q. So this same month as you were ordered to come down
21 here and testify, and in the same month the -- this new
22 diagnosis was filed into Mr. Nashiri's medical file?

23 A. Yes, sir, appears so.

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1	Q. Now, you testified before, as we were establishing
2	your bona fides as an expert, that you worked with the Defense
3	Health Board before?
4	A. Yes, sir.
5	Q. And in that work with the Defense Health Board, it
6	was on medical ethics as they relate to Guantanamo Bay?
7	A. Yes, sir.
8	Q. And your first trip to see Mr. Nashiri was not your
9	first trip to Guantanamo Bay?
10	A. No, sir.
11	Q. So you had been here before several times?
12	ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection, relevance.
13	MJ [COL POHL]: I'll give him some leeway. The objection
14	is overruled for now.
15	ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: We'll cut to the chase right now.
16	A. Ten or 11 times.
17	Q. You're familiar with how often the medical staff
18	turns over here in Guantanamo Bay?
19	A. Yes, sir.
20	Q. And that happens fairly frequently?
21	ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection, leading.
22	MJ [COL POHL]: Overruled.
23	You may answer the question. Do you believe it

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1 happens frequently?

WIT: My understanding is nine months, yes. That ---MJ [COL POHL]: Okay.

4 WIT: That's frequent because of continuity of care5 reasons.

6 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. Got it.

7 Questions by the Assistant Detailed Defense Counsel

8 [MAJ HURLEY]:

9 Q. Does this staff turnover rate make continuity of10 care here on Guantanamo Bay difficult?

A. In my opinion, it does, and you know, one of -- just
one of the basic tenets of caring for traumatized patients,
people with PTSD, is having an established, ongoing
therapeutic trusting relationship, and changing so often, I -is disruptive to care, and can certainly be adverse to the
patient.

Q. In your examination or your evaluation of
Mr. Nashiri and your evaluation of all of the other documents,
does this continuity of care, does it still affect him today?
A. I would have to reveal classified information to
answer that question.

22 Q. Thanks.

23 MJ [COL POHL]: Don't answer it. Next.

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1 Q. Now, let me just ask you this question straight 2 away, Dr. Crosby: Do you have any idea how Guantanamo Bay 3 doctors are trained? 4 No, sir, I do not. I -- I assume they graduate from Α. 5 medical school and residency like the rest of us. I don't 6 know what specific training they might have before deployment 7 to Guantanamo Bay. 8 Q. You've worked with military doctors before? 9 Α. Yes, sir, I have. 10 Q. And on specific cases and in close capacities? 11 Α. Yes. 12 Q. But you're not aware -- so that you understand that 13 they are given not only their initial training as doctors but 14 also continuing education in whatever field? 15 Α Correct, like all of us. 16 Q. Like all clinicians and caregivers. But you Right. 17 have no idea how they're trained with respect to their 18 deployments here to Guantanamo Bay? 19 Α. I do not know what the specific curriculum is for 20 training for doctors coming here specifically, no. I 21 have ----22 Q. Based on your review of the record, does that 23 curriculum include taking an adequate trauma history?

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ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection. The witness has testified
2 that she doesn't know what the training is.

MJ [COL POHL]: Sustained. She has already given an
opinion about the lack of a trauma history in this particular
case, and that's the only thing relevant to the issue before
me. Go ahead.

7 Q. Dr. Crosby, you've made and you've discussed with8 the court your evaluations of Mr. Nashiri, correct?

9 A. Yes, sir.

Q. If you were free to treat Mr. Nashiri as a caregiver to participate in his treatment, what steps would you take in order ensure that his -- afflictions is the word I want to use, but that seems wrong -- his problems are adequately treated?

15 My opinion is that Mr. al Nashiri's problems are Α. 16 complicated. I believe strongly that he needs an experienced 17 team which includes a psychologist or a psychiatrist who is 18 experienced in the care of survivors of torture, in 19 conjunction with either a primary care family doctor who also 20 has experience in treating survivors of torture with a number 21 of subspecialists to address specific complaints and concerns 22 that he has.

23

The level of treatment he needs is completely, you

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1 know, beyond that of a primary care doctor. He needs a2 specialist in torture and trauma.

Q. Do you have any confidence that Mr. Nashiri will be
given a specialist in torture and trauma to help him with his
treatment?

6 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection, Your Honor.

7 MJ [COL POHL]: Sustained.

Q. Let's talk about the first time that you met with
9 Mr. Nashiri. Do you recall your first trip down here to
10 Guantanamo Bay for that purpose?

11 A. I do, sir.

12 Q. Your understanding of this meeting was that it was13 to be unshackled and unsupervised; is that right?

A. For the physical exam portion of the meeting, I was
told there was an order that I would be able to examine
Mr. al Nashiri unshackled and without guards in the room, yes.

17 Q. When you arrived here to Guantanamo Bay ----

18 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection, Your Honor, relevance.

19 MJ [COL POHL]: What's the relevance of this?

ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Sir, it goes to how the camp treats physicians and doctors, and if it's how they treat -- and so the offer proof that I would make is there was resistance from the leadership of the camp that that -- those -- the

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1 preference of Dr. Crosby be followed and the order of this 2 commission be followed. 3 MJ [COL POHL]: Well, objection overruled. You may ask 4 the question. 5 Questions by the Assistant Detailed Defense Counsel 6 [MAJ HURLEY]: 7 Q. Was there resistance to the unshackled, unguarded 8 meeting with Mr. Nashiri? 9 Α. Yes, there was. I was ----10 Q. From whom did that resistance come? 11 A representative from camp leadership told me that Α. 12 despite the court order, I would be unable to examine 13 Mr. al Nashiri without shackles. 14 Q. What was your response to that? 15 That I would be unable to examine him at all, Α 16 because I could not examine him properly if he were to remain 17 in shackles. 18 Q. What was the next thing that the representative of 19 the camp leadership told you? 20 They then came back and told me that if I examined Α. 21 him without shackles, I would have to have four guards in the 22 room while he was being examined.

23 Q. How did you respond to this new restriction?

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A. I could not examine him with four guards in the
 room. That would be a violation of a privacy, and I would not
 be able to do an adequate examination.

4 Q. What was the response of the camp leadership to5 that?

6 A. Finally, it was my understanding that they would do7 me a favor and let me do this.

8 Q. And were you able to ----

9 A. And to let me examine him without shackles and to
10 have the guards outside the room, which was the initial court
11 order, and which is what I expected when I arrived.

12 Q. As a medical caregiver, how did you feel as a result13 of this treatment?

14 ATC [LT DAVIS]: Objection, relevance.

15 MJ [COL POHL]: Sustained.

16 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: Your Honor, may we take a 15-minute17 break?

18 MJ [COL POHL]: How much more do you got?

19 ADDC [MAJ HURLEY]: I don't have very much more at all,

20 sir, but I have a sense that I'm going to speak with

21 Mr. Kammen on this topic.

22 MJ [COL POHL]: Okay. We will recess for 15 minutes.

23 During the recess, Doctor, I don't want you to talk

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1 to anybody during the recess.

2	WIT: Okay. Should I just sit here?
3	MJ [COL POHL]: No, you can sit out there, and if you need
4	to do other things, that's fine, too. But just don't talk to
5	anybody about your testimony until you come back in.
6	Commission is in recess for 15 minutes.
7	[The Military Commission recessed at 1033, 24 April 2014.]
8	[END OF PAGE]
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